

CITY OF MARSHALL WORK SESSION A G E N D A Tuesday, June 25, 2019 at 4:00 PM Professional Development Room - Marshall Middle School, 401 South Saratoga Street

CALL TO ORDER

OLD BUSINESS

NEW BUSINESS

<u>1.</u> Presentation of the 2018 Year-End Audit for the City of Marshall

PUBLIC HEARING

ADJOURN TO CLOSED SESSION

RECONVENE TO WORK SESSION

ADJOURNMENT

Disclaimer: These agendas have been prepared to provide information regarding an upcoming meeting of the Common Council of the City of Marshall. This document does not claim to be complete and is subject to change.



CITY OF MARSHALL AGENDA ITEM REPORT

Meeting Date:	Tuesday, June 25, 2019
Category:	NEW BUSINESS
Туре:	ACTION
Subject:	Presentation of the 2018 Year-End Audit for the City of Marshall
Background	Attached is the 2018-year end audit for the City of Marshall. The City Auditor, Kyle Meyers of
Information:	Abdo, Eick and Meyers, LLC will present the 2018-year end audit.
	Staff encourage questions on the audit report in advance to Mrs. Drown, Finance Director or Mrs. Storm, Director of Administrative Services.
Fiscal Impact:	
Alternative/	
Variations:	
Recommendations:	

Annual Financial Report

City of Marshall

Marshall, Minnesota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF MARSHALL MARSHALL, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

City of Marshall, Minnesota Principal City Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

ELECTED

Name	Title	Term Expires			
Robert Byrnes	Mayor	1/12/2021			
John DeCramer	Council Member, Ward 1	1/7/2023			
Glenn Bayerkohler	Council Member, Ward 1	1/12/2021			
David Sturrock	Council Member, Ward 2	1/7/2019			
Steven Meister	Council Member, Ward 2	1/12/2021			
Craig Schafer	Council Member, Ward 3	1/7/2023			
James Lozinski	Council Member, Ward 3	1/12/2021			
APPOINTED					

Sharon Hanson Karla Drown City Administrator Finance Director

FINANCIAL SECTION

CITY OF MARSHALL MARSHALL, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Marshall, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marshall, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the following discretely presented component units: Marshall Municipal Utilities and the Marshall Housing Commission. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component units mentioned above, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the budgetary comparisons for the General fund and Tax Increment Financing and Sales/Lodging Tax special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principles

As described in Note 11 to the financial statements, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for the year ended December 31, 2018. Adoption of the provisions of these statements results in significant change to the classifications of the components of the financial statements.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis starting on page 17 and the Schedules of Employer's Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios, the Schedules of Employer's Contributions, the related note disclosures and the Schedule of Changes in the City's OPEB Liability and Related Ratios starting on page 108 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 17, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial report over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Udo Eich & Mayro, LLP

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Mankato, Minnesota June 17, 2019



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Marshall, Minnesota, (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$113,193,566 (net position). Of this amount, \$19,714,477 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$5,000,180, compared to an increase of \$3,655,874 in the previous year. Of this increase, business-type activities (enterprise funds) had an increase of \$647,387 and governmental activities had an increase of \$4,352,793. The major factors in the governmental activity change was due to a one-time transfer of CRIF Grant Funds from the Economic Development Authority (discretely presented component unit) to the Small Cities Development Program Fund (\$539,290), changing the Library to an appropriation instead of a tax levy (\$612,109), and airport construction grant proceeds (\$608,685).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$30,731,187, an increase of \$1,245,768 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 41.4 percent of this total amount, \$12,710,662, is available for spending at the City's discretion between assigned and unassigned fund balance. The fund balances are classified in accordance with GASB statements No. 54 as follows:

 nonspendable \$150,941; 2) restricted \$16,969,711; committed \$899,873; 4) assigned \$6,945,772; 5) unassigned \$5,764,890.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure 1 show how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that provide details about nonmajor governmental funds, which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.



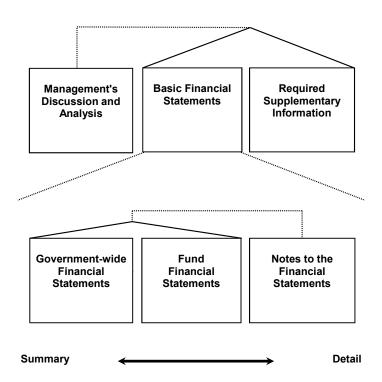


Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

		Fund Financial Statements			
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds		
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire and parks	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses, such as the water and sewer system		
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows 		
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus		
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term		
Type of deferred outflows/inflows of resources information	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Only deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid		
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid		

Figure 2 Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, economic development, airport and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the City include wastewater treatment, surface water management, and a municipal liquor store operation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Marshall Housing Commission, Marshall Municipal Utilities, Economic Development Authority and Marshall-Lyon County Library, all for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these *component units* are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found starting on page 30 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other State and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact by the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains numerous individual governmental funds, many of which are Debt Service funds, which are considered one fund for reporting purposes. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General fund, the Tax Increment Financing fund, the Sales/Lodging Tax fund, the Debt Service fund, the 2017 Public Improvement fund and the 2018 Public Improvement fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements or schedules* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General fund and certain special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the General fund and the Tax Increment Financing and Sales/Lodging Tax special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found starting on page 36 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its electric, water, wastewater treatment, surface water and liquor store operations. The electric and water operations are accounted for in the Public Utilities Commission (PUC).

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for each of the enterprise funds which are considered to be major funds of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found starting on page 46 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found starting on page 52 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found starting on page 55 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City of Marshall's share of net pension liabilities for defined benefit plans and schedules of contributions and other postemployment benefits. The required supplementary information can be found on page 108 of this report.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented following the notes to financial statements. Combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules can be found starting on page 118 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$113,193,566 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A large portion of the City's net position (64.9 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities						
					Increase							Increase
		2018		2017	(Decrease)		2018		2017	(Decrease)
Current and												
Other Assets	\$	36,372,743	\$	38,197,828	\$	(1,825,085)	\$	13,502,895	\$	12,167,858	\$	1,335,037
Capital Assets		90,846,375		88,660,714		2,185,661		33,252,779		34,308,622		(1,055,843)
Total Assets	_	127,219,118		126,858,542		360,576		46,755,674		46,476,480	_	279,194
Deferred Outflows of Resources		3,044,348		4,050,855		(1,006,507)		179,498		289,270		(109,772)
Long-term Liabilities												
Outstanding		41,032,016		43,150,776		(2,118,760)		16,542,926		16,970,748		(427,822)
Other Liabilities		1,519,813		1,179,366		340,447		421,918		440,971		(19,053)
Total Liabilities		42,551,829	_	44,330,142		(1,778,313)		16,964,844		17,411,719		(446,875)
Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,263,961		5,117,346		(853,385)		224,438		248,003		(23,565)
Net Position												
Net investment												
in capital assets		55,540,334		52,225,344		3,314,990		17,914,365		18,746,746		(832,381)
Restricted		20,024,390		23,776,221		(3,751,831)		-		-		-
Unrestricted		7,882,952		5,460,344		2,422,608		11,831,525		10,359,282		1,472,243
Total Net Position	\$	83,447,676	\$	81,461,909	\$	1,985,767	\$	29,745,890	\$	29,106,028	\$	639,862

City of Marshall's Summary of Net Position

An additional portion of the City's net position (17.7 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* (17.4 percent) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

There was an increase of \$647,387 in net position reported in connection with the City's business-type activities. This increase was a result of the following funds and profits: Wastewater Treatment (\$402,390), Municipal Liquor Store (\$158,938) and Surface Water Management (\$107,805). The Municipal Liquor fund's gross profit percentage is currently at 23.3 percent, lower than 24.2 percent in 2017.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$4,352,793. Key elements of this increase are described above and summarized as follows:

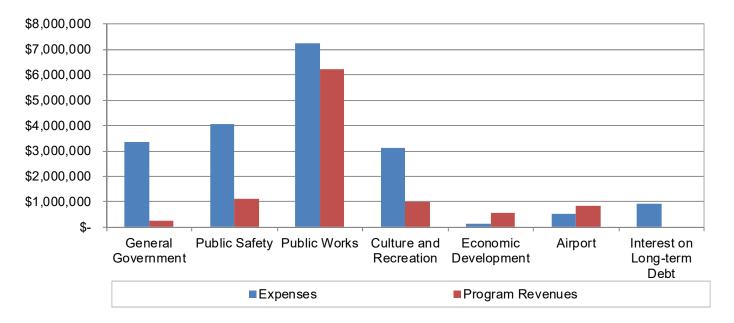
	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities					
	Increase						••		Increase		
	2018		2017		Decrease)		2018		2017	(Decrease)
Revenues		·			, ,				-		, ,
Program Revenues											
Charges for services	\$ 3,215,326	\$ 2,9	993,994	\$	221.332	\$	11,774,791	\$	11,727,560	\$	47,231
Operating grants and	· -, -,	,	,		,		, , -	·	, ,	•	, -
contributions	1,363,290	(644,746		718,544		-		-		-
Capital grants and contributions	5,416,612	4,	185,748		1,230,864		13,046		80,000		(66,954)
General Revenues	, ,		,				,		,		
Property taxes/tax increments	7,015,846	6,0	027,061		988,785		-		(61)		61
Franchise fees and other taxes	2,679,113	2,4	426,088		253,025		-		-		-
Grants and contributions not	, ,	,	,		,						
restricted to specific programs	3,315,293	3,2	292,624		22,669		-		-		-
Unrestricted	, ,	,	,		,						
investment earnings	241,317		117,729		123,588		70,479		37,480		32.999
Other	43,014		54,041		(11,027)		25,917		50,000		(24,083)
Total Revenues	23,289,811	19,	742,031		3,547,780	-	11,884,233		11,894,979		(10,746)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·								_	
Expenses											
General government	3,370,422	2,0	618,427		751,995		-		-		-
Public safety	4,069,232	-	163,762		(94,530)		-		-		-
Public works	7,252,085		170,436		81,649		-		-		-
Culture and recreation	3,110,696	2,0	525,981		484,715		-		-		-
Economic development	138,506		120,395		18,111		-		-		-
Airport	512,992	:	528,600		(15,608)		-		-		-
Interest on long-term debt	931,375	1,0	005,500		(74,125)		-		-		-
Wastewater treatment	-		-		-		5,117,137		4,481,571		635,566
Surface water management	-		-		-		970,729		916,265		54,464
Municipal liquor store	-		-		-		4,678,944		4,350,199		328,745
Parkway townhomes	-		-		-		21,746		-		21,746
Total Expenses	19,385,308	18,2	233,101		1,152,207		10,788,556		9,748,035		1,040,521
Change in Net Position											
Before Transfers	3,904,503	1,	508,930		2,395,573		1,095,677		2,146,944		(1,051,267)
Transfers	448,290	(667,640		(219,350)		(448,290)		(667,640)		219,350
Change in Net Position	4,352,793	2,	176,570		2,176,223		647,387		1,479,304		(831,917)
Net Position, January 1											
as Restated (Note 11) *	79,094,883	79,2	285,339		(190,456)		29,098,503		27,626,724		1,471,779
Net Position - December 31	\$ 83,447,676	\$ 81,4	461,909	\$	1,985,767	\$	29,745,890	\$	29,106,028	\$	639,862

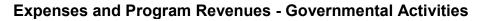
City of Marshall's Changes in Net Position

* GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented for the year ended December 31, 2018 and required a \$2,367,026 and \$7,525 restatement of beginning governmental and business-type net position, respectively. Prior year amounts were not restated causing a variance in ending net position at December 31, 2017 and beginning net position on January 1, 2018. See note 11.

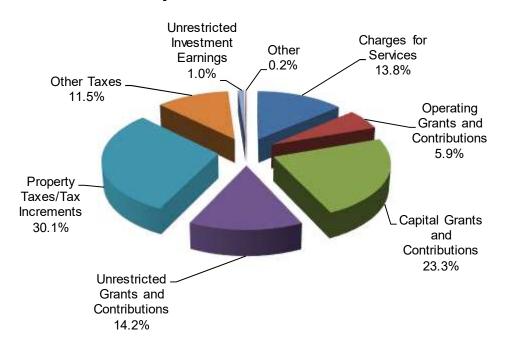
Property tax levies increased by \$232,856 or (3.8 percent) during the year.

The following graphs depict various governmental activities and show the revenues and expenses directly related to those activities.



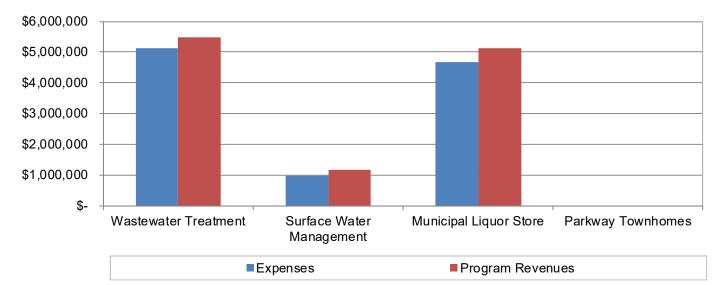


Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



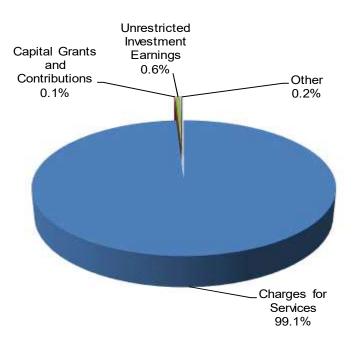
Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$647,387. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Overall gross profit decreased by \$298,369 in the business-type funds while operating expenses increased by \$847,612.
- Transfers out increased by \$219,350 in the current year.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities

Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The *General fund* is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, the fund balance of the General fund was \$7,629,173. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 50.3 percent of fund expenditures, while total fund balance also represents 62.5 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's *General fund* increased by \$232,462 during the current fiscal year. The key factor in this increase was an increase in franchise fees of \$59,523. There was also an increase in property taxes of \$778,769.

The *Tax Increment Financing fund* has a total fund balance of \$5,153,917. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in this fund was \$337,015. The key factors in this increase relate to tax increment revenues of \$749,421 exceeding transfers out totaling \$446,079 to capital projects funds for capital improvements.

The *Sales/Lodging Tax fund* has a total fund balance of \$1,496,083. The net increase in fund balance during the current year was \$17,768. The increase was mainly due to transfers out of \$2,028,860 being less than sales and lodging tax collections of \$2,033,808 for the year.

The *Debt Service fund* has a total fund balance of \$5,831,563, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the Debt Service fund was \$890,560. Major factors in this increase were due primarily to transfers in of \$3,514,639 that were mainly offset by transfers out of \$1,474,685.

The 2017 Public Improvement fund has a total fund balance of \$292,344. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year was \$1,031,310. The decrease was mainly due to receiving grant revenue during the year, but construction of the projects not complete yet.

The 2018 Public Improvement fund has a total fund balance of \$256,467. The net increase in fund balance during the current year was \$256,467. The increase was mainly due to receiving the bond proceeds and grant revenue during the year, but construction of the project not complete yet.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the enterprise funds at the end of the year amounted to \$11,831,525. The total increase in net position for the funds was \$647,387. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City's General fund budget had no amendments during the year. The budget called for a decrease in fund balance of \$70,010. Actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$366,965 and the expenditure budget was overspent by \$39,653. Other financing sources (uses) were under expectations by \$24,840. The net result was an increase to the General fund balance of \$232,462 in 2018.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2018 amounts to \$124,099,154 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, structures, improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, roads, highways and bridges. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 0.9 percent (a 2.5 percent increase for governmental activities and a 3.1 percent decrease for business-type activities).

Some of the major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Governmental Activities

- Commerce Park project costs of \$2,060,869
- Ball park project costs of \$550,172
- Arena project costs of \$243,621
- 2018 International 7400 Rescue Truck for \$292,289

Business-type Activities

- 2018 Western Star Jetter for \$133,404
- Camel 1200 Ejector 12 yard combination sewer cleaner for \$278,504
- 2016 street project costs of \$117,353

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3C starting on page 71 of this report.

	Go	vernmental Activi	ties	Business-type Activities				
	2018	2017	Increase (Decrease)	2018	2017	Increase (Decrease)		
Land	\$ 7,301,489	\$ 7,273,262	\$ 28,227	\$ 512,872	\$ 512,872	\$-		
Construction								
in Progress	7,269,915	29,030,993	(21,761,078)	667,011	-	667,011		
Buildings	29,176,649	5,101,482	24,075,167	2,263,093	2,331,228	(68,135)		
Improvements								
Other Than Buildings	13,132,458	10,034,769	3,097,689	8,184,879	9,081,051	(896,172)		
Systems and								
Infrastructure	29,777,167	32,650,940	(2,873,773)	20,196,444	21,124,619	(928,175)		
Equipment and								
Machinery	4,188,697	4,569,268	(380,571)	1,428,480	1,258,852	169,628		
Total	\$ 90,846,375	\$88,660,714	\$ 2,185,661	\$ 33,252,779	\$ 34,308,622	\$(1,055,843)		

City of Marshall's Capital Assets

(Net of Depreciation)

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$45,715,000. Of this amount, \$5,440,000 is general obligation debt, \$3,760,000 is tax increment debt, \$2,695,000 is tax abatement debt, \$24,133,608 is general obligation improvement debt and \$12,381,392 is revenue debt. While all of the City's bonds have revenue streams, they are all backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

	Gov	vernmental Activ	ities	Business-type Activities				
	2018	Increase 2017 (Decrease)		2018 2017		Increase (Decrease)		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 2,745,000	\$ 3,180,000	\$ (435,000)	\$-	\$ -	\$ -		
G.O. Tax Increment Bonds G.O. Tax Abatement	3,760,000	3,915,000	(155,000)	-	-	-		
Bonds G.O. Special	2,695,000	2,810,000	(115,000)	-	-	-		
Assessment Bonds G.O. Revenue Bonds	24,133,608 -	24,380,000	(246,392)	- 12,381,392	- 12,405,000	- (23,608)		
Contract for Deed		95,404	(95,404)					
Total	\$ 33,333,608	\$ 34,380,404	\$ (1,046,796)	\$ 12,381,392	\$ 12,405,000	\$ (23,608)		

The City's total debt decreased \$1,070,404, or 2.3 percent during the current fiscal year. Long-term debt of \$3,580,000 was issued during the year and \$4,535,404 was retired during the year.

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of net general obligation debt a City may issue up to 3 percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is debt payable solely from ad valorem taxes. The current debt limitation for the City is \$26,708,596, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt of \$5,440,000.

The City of Marshall maintains an AA bond rating on its general obligation bonds from Standard and Poor's. Marshall Municipal Utilities has also received an A rating from Standard and Poor's.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3E starting on page 78 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for Lyon County is currently 3.4 percent, which is a decrease from a rate of 2.9 percent a year ago. This is comparable to the State's average unemployment rate of 3.2 percent and the national average rate of 3.8 percent.
- Property valuations within the City remain relatively stable.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2019 fiscal year.

The 2019 general levy increased \$409,997 from 2018, resulting in a tax rate increase of 1.37%. The key factor to this increase is to reduce long term debt.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, City of Marshall, 344 West Main Street, Marshall, Minnesota 56258.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF MARSHALL MARSHALL, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

City of Marshall, Minnesota Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and temporary investments Restricted assets	\$ 30,400,958 -	\$ 11,853,681 -	\$ 42,254,639 -
Receivables	0.826	2 702	10 610
Interest Delinguent taxes	9,826 166,714	2,793 31	12,619 166,745
Delinquent taxes Accounts	169,429	156,485	325,914
Notes/leases	13,576		13,576
Special assessments	4,044,622	12,107	4,056,729
Intergovernmental	784,710	36	784,746
Due from component units/primary government	317,073	782,891	1,099,964
Internal balances	(20,998)	20,998	1,000,004
Inventories	(20,330)	624,448	624,448
Prepaid items	150,941	49,425	200,366
Land held for resale			200,000
Net pension asset	335,892	_	335,892
Capital assets	000,002		000,002
Nondepreciable	14,571,404	1,179,883	15,751,287
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	76,274,971	32,072,896	108,347,867
Total Assets	127,219,118	46,755,674	173,974,792
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred other postemployment resources	32,084	6,082	38,166
Deferred pension resources	3,012,264	173,416	3,185,680
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,044,348	179,498	3,223,846
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	381,570	171,365	552,935
Contracts payable	399,795	-	399,795
Due to other governments	63,988	61,812	125,800
Due to component units/primary government	78,443	28,083	106,526
Accrued interest payable	425,485	136,289	561,774
Accrued salaries payable	160,460	24,369	184,829
Deposits payable	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	10,072	-	10,072
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	3,816,240	1,916,693	5,732,933
Due in more than one year	37,215,776	14,626,233	51,842,009
Total Liabilities	42,551,829	16,964,844	59,516,673
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred pension resources	4,263,961	224,438	4,488,399
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	55,540,334	17,914,365	73,454,699
Restricted for	,	,- ,	-, - ,
Debt service	8,886,242	-	8,886,242
City celebrations	18,259	-	18,259
Economic development	2,056,401	-	2,056,401
Tax increment financing	5,153,917	-	5,153,917
Capital projects	3,909,571	-	3,909,571
Unrestricted	7,882,952	11,831,525	19,714,477
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 83,447,676</u>	\$ 29,745,890	<u>\$ 113,193,566</u>

The notes to the financial statements are in integral part of this statement.

Component Units							
Marshall Municipal Utilities	Marshall Housing Commission	Economic Development Authority	Marshall-Lyon County Library				
\$ 24,561,863 6,154,948	\$ 479,949 32,525	\$ 1,238,671 -	\$ 446,730 -				
152,539	-	1,932 3,370	60 1,232				
- 4,453,772 44,568	- 6,291 -	3,370 - 377,138	-				
-	-	- 904	- 311				
104,033	-	-	5,936				
718,288 153,603	1,100 14,028	- 124	- 4,667				
-	-	1,110,455	-				
2,381,705	642,073	-	-				
64,676,458 103,401,777	2,424,056 3,600,022	6,299 2,738,893	5,935,694 6,394,630				
26,834 497,804			1,877 90,495				
524,638			92,372				
2,939,083	5,600	44,530 -	23,129				
- 782,891	8,231 -	- 317,090	547 3,426				
393,976 234,189	- 2,702	-	6,724 10,341				
83,567	24,885 7,640	-	-				
4,151,192	25,679	-	83,672				
26,448,892 35,033,790	<u>46,187</u> 120,924	361,620	1,043,604 1,171,443				
814,029			117,121				
41,878,163	3,066,129	6,299	5,363,196				
6,154,948	-	-	111,401				
-	-	- 428,512	-				
-	-	-					
<u>20,045,485</u> <u>\$ 68,078,596</u>	<u>412,969</u> <u>\$ 3,479,098</u>	<u>1,942,462</u> <u>\$2,377,273</u>	(276,159) \$ 5,198,438				
	,,						

The notes to the financial statements are in integral part of this statement.

City of Marshall, Minnesota Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions				
Primary Government	I							
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$ 3,370,42	2 \$ 215,055	\$ 21,802	\$-				
Public safety	4,069,23	2 462,320	546,882	109,624				
Public works	7,252,08	5 1,553,397	36,238	4,634,381				
Culture and recreation	3,110,69	6 820,753	104,310	63,772				
Economic development	138,50	6 12,731	554,290	-				
Airport	512,99	2 151,070	99,768	608,835				
Interest on long-term debt	931,37	5 -	-	-				
Total Governmental Activities	19,385,30		1,363,290	5,416,612				
Business-type Activities								
Wastewater treatment	5,117,13	7 5,487,718	-	-				
Surface water management	970,72	9 1,166,670	-	13,046				
Municipal liquor store	4,678,94	4 5,120,403	-	-				
Parkway Townhomes	21,74	6 -	-	-				
Total Business-type Activities	10,788,55		-	13,046				
Total Primary Government	<u>\$ 30,173,86</u>	4 <u>\$ 14,990,117</u>	<u>\$ 1,363,290</u>	\$ 5,429,658				
Component Units								
Marshall Municipal Utilities - Water	\$ 4,467,16	9 \$ 5,418,297	\$-	\$ 354,082				
Marshall Municipal Utilities - Electric	40,632,34		-	-				
Marshall Housing Commission	977,97	0 421,436	366,654	131,653				
Economic Development Authority	1,025,04	1 12,801	21,746	-				
Marshall-Lyon County Library	1,210,44	8 17,145	953,822					
Total Component Units	\$ 48,312,96	8 \$ 46,931,382	\$ 1,342,222	\$ 485,735				
	Property taxes, Property taxes, Tax increments Sales tax Lodging taxes Franchise taxes Grants and cor Unrestricted inv Gain on sale of Other revenues Transfers Total Genera	levied for general purp levied for special purp levied for debt service tributions not restricted cestment earnings capital assets	ooses d to specific progra fers	ıms				
	Net Position, Dec	ember 31						

Primary Government						nue and Changes in Net Position Component Units							
Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		Marshall Municipal Utilities		Marshall Housing Commission		Economic Development Authority		Marshall-Lyon County Library	
(3,133,565) 2,950,406) 1,028,069) 2,121,861) 428,515 346,681 (931,375) 9,390,080)			\$	(3,133,565) (2,950,406) (1,028,069) (2,121,861) 428,515 346,681 (931,375) (9,390,080)								
	- - - -	\$	370,581 208,987 441,459 (21,746) 999,281		370,581 208,987 441,459 (21,746) 999,281								
(9,390,080)		999,281		(8,390,799)								
						\$	1,305,210 429,363 - - - 1,734,573	\$	- (58,227) - - (58,227)	\$	- (990,494) - (990,494)	\$	- - - (239,481) (239,481)
	4,926,377 - 1,340,048		-		4,926,377 - 1,340,048		-		-		- 120,779 -		- 706 40,510
	749,421 1,949,290 257,701		- -		749,421 1,949,290 257,701		- - -		- - -		- - -		
	472,122 3,315,293 241,317 27,586		- - 70,479 25,917		472,122 3,315,293 311,796 53,503		- - 394,397 -		- 3,376		- - 21,616 -		- - 33,189 -
1	15,428 448,290 3,742,873		(448,290) (351,894)		15,428 - 13,390,979		577,869 972,266		5,935 - 9,311		- - 142,395		- - 74,405
	4,352,793		647,387		5,000,180		2,706,839		(48,916)		(848,099)		(165,076)
7	9,094,883	29	9,098,503		108,193,386		65,371,757	;	3,528,014		3,225,372		5,363,514
\$8	3,447,676	\$ 29	9,745,890	\$	113,193,566	\$	68,078,596	\$ 3	3,479,098	\$	2,377,273	\$	5,198,438

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

The notes to the financial statements are in integral part of this statement.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF MARSHALL MARSHALL, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

City of Marshall, Minnesota Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2018

		101		230 Tax Increment	Sal	256 es / Lodging
		General		Financing	Gai	Tax
Assets Cash and temporary investments	\$	7,862,622	\$	4,276,157	\$	1,123,460
Receivables	Ŧ	.,	+	-,,	Ŧ	.,,
Interest		7,463		-		1,508
Delinquent taxes		123,092		-		-
Accounts		121,417		-		5,646
Notes/leases Special assessments		- 1,207		-		-
Intergovernmental		141,968		625		365,469
Due from other funds		-		561,631		-
Due from component units		-		317,073		-
Prepaid items		125,393		-		-
Total Assets	\$	8,383,162	\$	5,155,486	\$	1,496,083
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	196,211	\$	1,530	\$	-
Contracts payable	Ŧ	-	+	-	Ŧ	-
Due to other funds		153,601		-		-
Due to component units		68,447		39		-
Due to other governments		45,388		-		-
Accrued salaries payable Unearned revenue		155,971 10,072		-		-
Total Liabilities		629,690		1,569		
		020,000		1,000		
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue - taxes		123,092		_		_
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		1,207		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		124,299		-		-
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid items		125,393		-		-
Restricted for						
Debt service		-		-		-
City celebrations Economic development		-		-		-
Tax increment financing		-		- 5,153,917		-
Capital projects		-		-		1,496,083
Committed for						
Economic development		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-
Assigned for		110 005				
Insurance reserve Carryover expenditures		119,295 34,761		-		-
OPEB liability		465,660		-		-
Shelter		13,744		-		-
Operating expenditure contingency		641,733		-		-
Forfeiture program - Police department		82,797		-		-
Unallocated health insurance premium		12,218		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		-
Drivers education ASC Arena		-		-		-
Economic development		-		-		-
Park improvements		-		-		-
Emergency response and industrial training center		-		-		-
Unassigned		6,133,572		-		-
Total Fund Balances		7,629,173		5,153,917		1,496,083
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	8,383,162	\$	5,155,486	\$	1,496,083

300s	462 2017	475 2018	Other	
Debt Service	Public Improvements	Public Improvements	Governmental Funds	Totals
\$ 5,810,691	\$ 306,135	\$ 486,228	\$ 10,535,665	\$ 30,400,958
-	-	-	855	9,826
32,166	-	-	11,456	166,714
-	-	5,527	36,839 13 576	169,429
- 3,447,998	-	-	13,576 595,417	13,576 4,044,622
21,872	157,915	-	96,861	784,710
,	-	-	30,000	591,631
-	-	-	-	317,073
			25,548	150,941
<u>\$ 9,312,727</u>	\$ 464,050	\$ 491,755	\$ 11,346,217	\$ 36,649,480
\$ 1,000	\$-	\$ 1,501	\$ 181,328	\$ 381,570
-	170,673	229,122	-	399,795
-	-	-	459,028	612,629
-	-	-	9,957	78,443
-	1,033	4,665	12,902	63,988
-	-	-	4,489	160,460 10,072
1,000	171,706	235,288	667,704	1,706,957
	<u>,</u>			
32,166	-	-	11,456	166,714
3,447,998			595,417	4,044,622
3,480,164			606,873	4,211,336
-	-	-	25,548	150,941
5,831,563	-	-	-	5,831,563
-	-	-	18,259	18,259
-	-	-	2,056,401	2,056,401
-	-	-	-	5,153,917
-	256,864	223,618	1,933,006	3,909,571
-	-	-	2,316	2,316
-	-	-	897,557	897,557
-	-	-	-	119,295
-	-	-	-	34,761
-	-	-	-	465,660
-	-	-	-	13,744
-	-	-	-	641,733 82,797
-	-	-	-	12,218
-	35,480	32,849	4,704,846	4,773,175
-	-	-	79,601	79,601
-			30,422	30,422
-	-	-	622,465	622,465
-	-	-	16,569	16,569
-	-	-	53,332	53,332 5 764 800
- 5,831,563	- 292,344	- 256,467	(368,682) 10,071,640	5,764,890 30,731,187
\$ 9,312,727	\$ 464,050	\$ 491,755	\$ 11,346,217	\$ 36,649,480

The notes to the financial statements are in integral part of this statement.

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City of Marshall, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because	
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 30,731,187
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds.	90,846,375
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of	
Compensated absences payable	(896,869)
Other postemployment benefits obligation	(391,451)
Pension liability	(4,437,655)
Bonds payable	(33,333,608)
Unamortized bond premiums	(1,974,909)
Unamortized bond discounts	2,476
Long-term assets are not available to pay current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.	
Delinquent property taxes receivable	166,714
Special assessments receivable	4,044,622
Long-term assets from pensions reported in governmental activities are not financial	
resources therefore are nto reported as assets in the funds.	335,892
Governmental funds to not report long-term amounts related to pensions and other post employment benefits.	
Deferred outflows of pension resources	3,012,264
Deferred inflows of pension resources	(4,263,961)
Deferred outflows of other postemployment benefits	32,084
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until	
due and payable.	(425,485)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 83,447,676</u>

City of Marshall, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	101	230	256
_	General	Tax Increment Financing	Sales / Lodging Tax
Revenues	¢ = 004 405	¢ 740.404	¢ 0.000.000
Taxes	\$ 5,094,405	\$ 749,421	\$ 2,033,808
Special assessments	4,521	-	-
Licenses and permits	262,748	-	-
Intergovernmental	3,233,991 2,180,174	-	-
Charges for services Fines and forfeits	2,180,174 95,764	-	-
Investment earnings	95,764 85,294	- 18,867	- 12,820
Miscellaneous	1,145,778	15,000	12,020
Total Revenues	12,102,675	783,288	2,046,628
Total Revenues	12,102,075	103,200	2,040,020
Expenditures Current			
General government	3,154,434	-	-
Public safety	3,691,773	-	-
Public works	3,053,572	-	-
Culture and recreation	1,765,202	-	-
Economic development	-	138,263	-
Airport	451,632	-	-
Capital outlay			
General government	-	-	-
Public safety	80,101	-	-
Public works	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	5,764	-	-
Airport	-	-	-
Debt service			
Principal	-	-	-
Interest and other	-	-	-
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	12,202,478	138,263	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over	(00,000)		
(Under) Expenditures	(99,803)	645,025	2,046,628
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Sale of capital assets	5,160	_	_
Transfers in	327,105	138,069	-
Bonds issued	527,105	130,009	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	(446,079)	(2,028,860)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	332,265	(308,010)	(2,028,860)
		<u>.</u>	
Net Change in Fund Balances	232,462	337,015	17,768
Fund Balances, January 1	7,396,711	4,816,902	1,478,315
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 7,629,173	<u>\$ 5,153,917</u>	<u>\$ 1,496,083</u>

300s Debt	462 2017 Public	475 2018 Public	Other Governmental	
Service	Improvements	Improvements	Funds	Totals
\$ 1,319,020	\$-	\$-	\$ 387,186	\$ 9,583,840
1,341,280	-	-	259,901	1,605,702
-	-	-	-	262,748
-	660,383	2,073,844	745,919	6,714,137
-	-	-	255,375	2,435,549
-	-	- 22.840	- 57 901	95,764 241 217
14,689 500,000	18,997	32,849 704,351	57,801 732 205	241,317
3,174,989	679,380	2,811,044	732,295	3,097,424 24,036,481
3,174,909	079,300	2,011,044	2,430,477	24,030,401
-	-	-	8,559	3,162,993
-	-	-	166,601	3,858,374
-	-	-	5,547	3,059,119
-	-	-	691,344	2,456,546
-	-	-	243	138,506
-	-	-	-	451,632
-	-	-	131,243	131,243
-	-	-	145,637	225,738
-	1,710,690	4,798,086	39,341	6,548,117
-	-	61,762	416,866	484,392
-	-	-	683,548	683,548
3,280,000	-	-	95,404	3,375,404
1,044,674	-	-	825	1,045,499
-	-	78,417	764	79,181
4,324,674	1,710,690	4,938,265	2,385,922	25,700,292
(1,149,685)	(1,031,310)	(2,127,221)	52,555	(1,663,811)
	(1,221,212)			(1,000,000)
-	-	-	35,000	40,160
3,514,639	-	-	4,004,659	7,984,472
-	-	2,293,608	35,000	2,328,608
-	-	90,080	2,441	92,521
(1,474,394)	-	-	(3,586,849)	(7,536,182)
2,040,245		2,383,688	490,251	2,909,579
890,560	(1,031,310)	256,467	542,806	1,245,768
4,941,003	1,323,654		9,528,834	29,485,419
\$ 5,831,563	<u>\$ 292,344</u>	\$ 256,467	<u>\$ 10,071,640</u>	<u>\$ 30,731,187</u>

The notes to the financial statements are in integral part of this statement.

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City of Marshall, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,245,768
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	7,202,224 (5,003,989)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales and trade-ins) is to decrease net position.	
Book value of disposed of capital assets	(12,574)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Bonds issued	(2,328,608)
Principal repayments	3,375,404 85,009
Bond premiums issued, net of amortization Bond discounts amortization	(2,476)
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental fund because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	18,251
	10,201
Long-term pension activity is not reported in governmental funds.	044.000
Pension expense Direct aid contributions	344,320 35,184
Certain revenues are recognized as soon as they are earned. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting certain revenues cannot be recognized until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.	
Property taxes	111,119
Special assessments	(911,979)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	216,796
Other postemployment benefits costs	(21,656)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 4,352,793

City of Marshall, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual General, Tax Increment Financing and Sales/Lodging Tax Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		General				
	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 5,025,491	\$ 5,025,491	\$ 5,094,405	\$ 68,914		
Licenses and permits	274,678	274,678	262,748	(11,930)		
Special assessments	-	-	4,521	4,521		
Intergovernmental	3,135,955	3,135,955	3,233,991	98,036		
Charges for services	2,173,179	2,173,179	2,180,174	6,995		
Fines and forfeits	108,000	108,000	95,764	(12,236)		
Investment earnings	30,000	30,000	85,294	55,294		
Miscellaneous	988,407	988,407	1,145,778	157,371		
Total Revenues	11,735,710	11,735,710	12,102,675	366,965		
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	3,185,341	3,185,341	3,154,434	30,907		
Public safety	3,682,929	3,682,929	3,691,773	(8,844)		
Public works	2,927,360	2,927,360	3,053,572	(126,212)		
Culture and recreation	1,937,219	1,937,219	1,765,202	172,017		
Economic development	-	-	-	-		
Airport	429,976	429,976	451,632	(21,656)		
Capital outlay						
Public safety	-	-	80,101	(80,101)		
Culture and recreation	-	-	5,764	(5,764)		
Total Expenditures	12,162,825	12,162,825	12,202,478	(39,653)		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(427,115)	(427,115)	(99,803)	327,312		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Sale of capital assets	30,000	30,000	5,160	(24,840)		
Transfers in	327,105	327,105	327,105	-		
Transfers out	-	-	-	-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	357,105	357,105	332,265	(24,840)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(70,010)	(70,010)	232,462	302,472		
Fund Balances, January 1	7,396,711	7,396,711	7,396,711			
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 7,326,701	\$ 7,326,701	\$ 7,629,173	\$ 302,472		

		Tax Increme	ent Fir	ancing			Sales/Lodging Tax									
Budgeted	Amo		Actual					riance with		Budgeteo	d Am			Actual		riance with
 Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget			Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	nal Budget		
\$ 632,400	\$	632,400	\$	749,421	\$	117,021	\$	2,081,640	\$	2,081,640	\$	2,033,808	\$	(47,832)		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
- 7,500		- 7,500		- 18,867		- 11,367		- 2,500		- 2,500		- 12,820		- 10,320		
 - 639,900		639,900		15,000 783,288		15,000 143,388	_	2,084,140	_	2,084,140		2,046,628		(37,512)		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
22,000		22,000		138,263		(116,263)		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
 22,000		22,000		138,263		(116,263)		-	_	-	_	-		-		
617,900		617,900		645,025		27,125		2,084,140		2,084,140		2,046,628		(37,512)		
 						<u>,</u>		,, <u>.</u> .		,,		,,.				
-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		138,069		138,069		-		-		-		-		
 (454,219) (454,219)		(454,219) (454,219)		(446,079) (308,010)		8,140 146,209		(1,457,969) (1,457,969)		(1,457,969) (1,457,969)		(2,028,860) (2,028,860)		(570,891) (570,891)		
 		· · · · · ·		· · · ·				· · · · ·		· · · · · ·		<u> </u>				
163,681		163,681		337,015		173,334		626,171		626,171		17,768		(608,403)		
 4,816,902		4,816,902		4,816,902				1,478,315		1,478,315		1,478,315				
\$ 4,980,583	\$	4,980,583	\$	5,153,917	\$	173,334	\$	2,104,486	\$	2,104,486	\$	1,496,083	\$	(608,403)		

City of Marshall, Minnesota Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2018

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	602	609	620	630		
	Wastewater	Municipal	Parkway	Surface Water		
	Treatment	Liquor Store	Townhomes	Management	Totals	
Assets						
Current Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 3,845,928	\$ 1,794,175	\$ -	\$ 1,751,338	\$ 7,391,441	
Designated assets						
Cash and temporary investments						
Capital reserve	2,686,855	-	-	-	2,686,855	
Debt service	1,392,568	-	-	382,817	1,775,385	
Receivables						
Interest	2,356	437	-	-	2,793	
Accounts	142,874	13,611	-	-	156,485	
Delinquent taxes	-	-	-	31	31	
Special assessments	-	-	-	12,107	12,107	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	36	36	
Due from other funds	20,998	-	-	-	20,998	
Due from component units	588,262	-	-	194,629	782,891	
Inventories	-	624,448	-	-	624,448	
Prepaid items	26,976	12,477	-	9,972	49,425	
Total Current Assets	8,706,817	2,445,148	-	2,350,930	13,502,895	
Noncurrent Assets						
Capital assets, at cost						
Land	199,134	48,603	_	265,135	512,872	
Construction in progress	291,485	40,000	-	375,526	667,011	
Buildings	168,472	- 2,359,862	-	575,520	2,528,334	
Improvements other than buildings			-	-		
	28,001,430	123,122	-	-	28,124,552	
Systems and infrastructure	20,487,396	-	-	16,063,933	36,551,329	
Equipment and machinery	3,216,598	167,916	-	356,215	3,740,729	
Less accumulated depreciation	(31,776,743)	(288,017)	-	(6,807,288)	(38,872,048)	
Total Noncurrent Assets	20,587,772	2,411,486		10,253,521	33,252,779	
Total Assets	29,294,589	4,856,634		12,604,451	46,755,674	
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred pension resources	131,217	42,199	-	-	173,416	
Deferred other postemployment resources	5,212	870	_	-	6,082	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	136,429	43,069			179,498	
	100,423	-0,003			175,430	

City of Marshall, Minnesota Statement of Net Position (Continued) Proprietary Funds December 31, 2018

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	602	609	620	630		
	Wastewater	Municipal	Parkway	Surface Water		
	Treatment	Liquor Store	Townhomes	Management	Totals	
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 30,903	\$ 105,929	\$ -	\$ 34,533	\$ 171,365	
Due to component unit	24,514	1,786	-	1,783	28,083	
Due to other governments	1,208	60,566	-	38	61,812	
Accrued interest payable	96,488	5,904	-	33,897	136,289	
Accrued salaries payable	18,557	5,812	-	-	24,369	
Compensated absences payable	59,125	7,568	-	-	66,693	
Bonds payable - current portion	1,296,080	205,000		348,920	1,850,000	
Total Current Liabilities	1,526,875	392,565		419,171	2,338,611	
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Compensated absences payable	192,386	26,860	-	-	219,246	
Other postemployment benefit obligation	63,597	10,612	-	-	74,209	
Pension liability	638,896	205,468	-	-	844,364	
Bonds payable - noncurrent portion	8,471,020	2,355,000	-	2,662,394	13,488,414	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	9,365,899	2,597,940	-	2,662,394	14,626,233	
Total Liabilities	10,892,774	2,990,505		3,081,565	16,964,844	
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred pension resources	169,823	54,615			224,438	
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	10,820,672	(148,514)	_	7,242,207	17,914,365	
Unrestricted	7,547,749	2,003,097		2,280,679	11,831,525	
Total Net Position	\$ 18,368,421	\$ 1,854,583	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 9,522,886	\$ 29,745,890	

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City of Marshall, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

602 609 620 630 Operating Revenues Charges for services \$ 5,410,581 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,165,997 \$ 6,576,578 Pension revenue Sales - 5,104,513 - - 5,104,513 Cost of sales - 5,104,513 - - - 5,104,513 Cost of sales - 5,104,513 - <		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
Operating Revenues S 5,410,581 S - S - S 1,165,997 S 6,576,578 Pension revenue Sales - 5,104,513 - - 5,104,513 - - 6,576,578 Total Operating Revenues/Gross Profit 5,410,581 1,191,248 - 1,165,997 7,767,826 Operating Expenses 3alaries and benefits 1,079,629 353,186 - - 1,432,815 Supplies 302,475 14,153 - 43,999 360,627 Repairs and maintenance 159,541 9,270 - - 168,811 Other services and charges 1,338,699 174,485 - 357,161 1,870,345 Insurance 36,033 16,555 - - 51,588 306,6397 Operating Expenses 4,916,2111 691,343 - 897,843 6,505,397 Operating Revenues (Expenses) - - - 13,058 130,558 Property taxes -		Wastewater	Municipal	Parkway	Surface Water	Totals	
Pension revenue 5,104,513 - 5,104,513 - 5,104,513 Cost of sales - (3,913,265) - - (3,913,265) Total Operating Revenues/Gross Profit 5,410,581 1,191,248 - 1,165,997 7,767,826 Operating Expenses - 1,191,248 - 1,165,997 7,767,826 Supplies 302,475 14,153 - 43,999 360,627 Repairs and maintenance 159,541 9,270 - 43,999 360,627 Repairs and maintenance 1308,699 174,485 - 357,161 1,870,345 Insurance 316,398 30,110 - - 346,508 Depreciation 1,684,436 93,584 - 496,683 2,274,703 Total Operating Revenues (Expenses) 494,370 499,905 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) - - - 13,058 13,058 Investment earnings (loss) 51,017 17,479 - <td>Operating Revenues</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>g</td> <td></td>	Operating Revenues				g		
Sales - 5,104,513 - - 5,104,513 Cost of sales - (3,913,265) - - (3,913,265) Total Operating Expenses - 1,191,248 - 1,165,997 7,767,826 Operating Expenses - 1,303,265) - - 1,432,815 Supplies 302,475 14,153 - 43,999 360,627 Repairs and maintenance 159,541 9,270 - - 168,811 Other services and charges 1,338,699 174,485 - 357,161 1.870,345 Insurance 35,033 16,555 - - 51,588 Utilities 316,398 30,110 - - 346,508 Depreciation 1,684,430 93,584 - 496,683 2,274,703 Operating Revenues (Expenses) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - </td <td>•</td> <td>\$ 5,410,581</td> <td>\$-</td> <td>\$-</td> <td>\$ 1,165,997</td> <td>\$ 6,576,578</td>	•	\$ 5,410,581	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,165,997	\$ 6,576,578	
Total Operating Revenues/Gross Profit 5,410,581 1,191,248 - 1,165,997 7,767,826 Operating Expenses Salaries and benefits 1,079,629 353,186 - - 1,432,815 Supplies 302,475 14,153 - 43,999 360,627 Repairs and maintenance 159,541 9,270 - 168,811 Other services and charges 1,338,699 174,485 - 51,588 Utilities 316,398 30,110 - - 346,508 Depreciation 1,884,436 93,584 - 4496,683 2,274,703 Total Operating Expenses 4,916,211 691,343 - 897,843 6,505,397 Operating Income (Loss) 494,370 499,905 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) - - - - - - Property taxes - - - - - - 1,963 70,479 Retinds and reimbursements 50,97		-	5,104,513	-	-	5,104,513	
Operating Expenses 1,079,629 353,186 - - 1,432,815 Supplies 302,475 14,153 - 43,999 360,627 Repairs and maintenance 159,541 9,270 - - 168,811 Other services and charges 1,338,699 174,485 - 357,161 1,870,345 Insurance 35,033 16,555 - - 51,588 Utilities 316,398 30,110 - - 346,508 Depreciation 1,684,436 93,584 - 496,683 2,274,703 Operating Revenues (Expenses) 494,370 499,905 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) -<	-						
Salaries and benefits 1,079,629 353,186 - - 1,432,815 Supplies 302,475 14,153 - 43,999 380,627 Repairs and maintenance 159,541 9,270 - - 168,811 Other services and charges 1,338,699 174,485 - 357,161 1,870,345 Insurance 35,033 16,555 - - 51,588 Utilities 316,398 30,110 - - 364,6508 Depreciation 1,684,436 93,584 - 496,683 2,274,703 Total Operating Expenses 4916,211 691,343 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 494,370 499,905 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 51,017 1,43,19 - 6455 Investment earnings (loss) 51,017 17,479 1,938 70,479 Refunds and reimbursements 56,971 14,319 - 5,325 25,917 <td>Total Operating Revenues/Gross Profit</td> <td>5,410,581</td> <td>1,191,248</td> <td></td> <td>1,165,997</td> <td>7,767,826</td>	Total Operating Revenues/Gross Profit	5,410,581	1,191,248		1,165,997	7,767,826	
Salaries and benefits 1,079,629 353,186 - - 1,432,815 Supplies 302,475 14,153 - 43,999 380,627 Repairs and maintenance 159,541 9,270 - - 168,811 Other services and charges 1,338,699 174,485 - 357,161 1,870,345 Insurance 35,033 16,555 - - 51,588 Utilities 316,398 30,110 - - 364,6508 Depreciation 1,684,436 93,584 - 496,683 2,274,703 Total Operating Expenses 4916,211 691,343 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 494,370 499,905 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 51,017 1,43,19 - 6455 Investment earnings (loss) 51,017 17,479 1,938 70,479 Refunds and reimbursements 56,971 14,319 - 5,325 25,917 <td>Operating Expenses</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Operating Expenses						
Supplies 302,475 14,153 - 43,999 360,627 Repairs and maintenance 159,541 9,270 - - 168,811 Other services and charges 1,338,699 174,485 - 357,161 1,870,345 Insurance 350,33 16,655 - - 51,588 Utilities 316,398 30,110 - - 346,508 Depreciation 1,684,436 93,584 - 496,683 2,274,703 Total Operating Expenses 4,916,211 691,343 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 494,370 499,905 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) - - 13,058 13,058 Property taxes - - - 13,058 13,058 Other income 4,884 1,571 - - 64,55 Investment earnings (loss) 51,017 17,479 - 1,983 70,479 R		1,079,629	353,186	-	-	1,432,815	
Repairs and maintenance 159,541 9,270 - - 168,811 Other services and charges 1,338,699 174,485 - 357,161 1,870,345 Insurance 356,303 16,555 - - 51,588 Utilities 316,398 30,110 - - 346,508 Depreciation 1,684,436 93,584 - 496,683 2,274,703 Total Operating Expenses 4,916,211 691,343 - 897,843 6,505,397 Operating Income (Loss) 494,370 499,905 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) - <td>Supplies</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>43,999</td> <td></td>	Supplies			-	43,999		
Other services and charges 1,386,699 174,485 - 357,161 1,870,345 Insurance 35,033 16,555 - - 51,588 Utilities 316,398 30,110 - 346,508 Depreciation 1,684,436 93,584 - 496,683 2,274,703 Total Operating Expenses 4,916,211 691,343 - 897,843 6,505,397 Operating Income (Loss) 494,370 499,905 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) -		,	,	-	-		
Insurance 35,033 16,555 - - 51,588 Utilities 316,398 30,110 - 346,508 Depreciation 1,684,436 93,584 - 496,683 2,447,703 Total Operating Expenses 4,916,211 691,343 - 897,843 6,505,397 Operating Income (Loss) 494,370 499,905 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) - - - - - - Special assessments - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>357,161</td> <td></td>				-	357,161		
Utilities 316.398 30,110 - - 346,508 Depreciation 1,684,436 93,584 - 496,683 2,274,703 Total Operating Expenses 4,916,211 691,343 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 494,370 499,905 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) - <	•			-	-		
Total Operating Expenses 4,916,211 691,343 - 897,843 6,505,397 Operating Income (Loss) 494,370 499,905 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) -	Utilities	316,398		-	-		
Total Operating Expenses 4,916,211 691,343 - 897,843 6,505,397 Operating Income (Loss) 494,370 499,905 - 268,154 1,262,429 Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) -	Depreciation	1,684,436	93,584	-	496,683	2,274,703	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Property taxes - 15,282 - - - 15,282 - - - 15,282 - - - 15,282 - - 15,282 - - 10,896 46,496 - 11,896 44,496 10,896 46,496 - - (14,436) <t< td=""><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	•			-			
Property taxes -	Operating Income (Loss)	494,370	499,905		268,154	1,262,429	
Transfers Out (39,800) (300,000) - (108,490) (448,290) Change in Net Position 402,390 158,938 (21,746) 107,805 647,387 Net Position, January 1 as Restated (Note 11) 17,966,031 1,695,645 21,746 9,415,081 29,098,503	Property taxes Special assessments Other income Investment earnings (loss) Refunds and reimbursements Rents Gain (loss) on disposal of assets Bond (discount) premium amortization Bond issuance costs Interest and other expense Payment to Component Unit Total Nonoperating	51,017 56,971 15,282 20,592 35,600 (13,742) (222,784)	17,479 14,319 - - - (74,336)		1,983 661 5,325 10,896 (14,436) (69,346)	6,455 70,479 71,951 15,282 25,917 46,496 (28,178) (366,466) (21,746)	
Change in Net Position 402,390 158,938 (21,746) 107,805 647,387 Net Position, January 1 as Restated (Note 11) 17,966,031 1,695,645 21,746 9,415,081 29,098,503	Income (Loss) Before Transfers	442,190	458,938	(21,746)	216,295	1,095,677	
Net Position, January 1 as Restated (Note 11) 17,966,031 1,695,645 21,746 9,415,081 29,098,503	Transfers Out	(39,800)	(300,000)		(108,490)	(448,290)	
	Change in Net Position	402,390	158,938	(21,746)	107,805	647,387	
Net Position, December 31\$ 18,368,421\$ 1,854,583\$ 9,522,886\$ 29,745,890	Net Position, January 1 as Restated (Note 11)	17,966,031	1,695,645	21,746	9,415,081	29,098,503	
	Net Position, December 31	\$ 18,368,421	\$ 1,854,583	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 9,522,886	\$ 29,745,890	

City of Marshall, Minnesota Statement of Cash Flows (Continued on the Following Page) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	602 Wastewater Treatment	609 Municipal Liguor Store	620 Parkway Townhomes	630 Surface Water Management	Totals		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from customers	\$ 5,401,004	\$ 5,090,902	<u> </u>	\$ 1,156,088	\$ 11,647,994		
Payments to suppliers and vendors	(2,288,537)	(4,118,972)	φ =	(373,703)	(6,781,212)		
Payments to and on behalf of employees	(1,140,157)	(414,940)	-	(070,700)	(1,555,097)		
Other receipts	77,137	15,890	-	661	93,688		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	2,049,447	572,880		783,046	3,405,373		
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers to other funds Payment to Component Unit	(39,800)	(300,000)	- (21,746)	(108,490) -	(448,290) (21,746)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Noncapital Financing Activities	(39,800)	(300,000)	(21,746)	(108,490)	(470,036)		
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities							
Acquisition of capital assets	(753,174)	-	-	(468,519)	(1,221,693)		
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	21,250	-	-	7,500	28,750		
Proceeds from bonds issued, net of discounts/premiums issued	641,712	-	-	656,322	1,298,034		
Principal paid on long-term debt	(926,080)	(200,000)	-	(348,920)	(1,475,000)		
Interest paid on long-term debt	(216,244)	(74,653)	-	(62,654)	(353,551)		
Bond issuance costs	(13,742)	-	-	(14,436)	(28,178)		
Property taxes received/adjusted	-	-	-	212	212		
Special assessments received		-		13,058	13,058		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and	(4.040.070)	(074.050)		(047.407)	(4 700 000)		
Related Financing Activities	(1,246,278)	(274,653)		(217,437)	(1,738,368)		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities							
Interest received on cash and investments	49,077	17,179		2,126	68,382		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash							
and Cash Equivalents	812,446	15,406	(21,746)	459,245	1,265,351		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1	7,112,905	1,778,769	21,746	1,674,910	10,588,330		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$ 7,925,351	\$ 1,794,175	\$	\$ 2,134,155	\$ 11,853,681		
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position Cash and temporary investments							
Undesignated	\$ 3,845,928	\$ 1,794,175	\$-	\$ 1,751,338	\$ 7,391,441		
Designated - capital reserve	2,686,855	-	-	-	2,686,855		
Designated - debt service	1,392,568			382,817	1,775,385		
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,925,351	\$ 1,794,175	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 2,134,155	\$ 11,853,681		

City of Marshall, Minnesota Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
	602			609			630			
		stewater		unicipal	Parkwa	,		face Water		Tatala
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net		atment	LIQ	uor Store	Townhor	nes	IVIA	nagement		Totals
Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities										
Operating income (loss)	\$	494.370	\$	499.905	\$	_	\$	268.154	\$	1,262,429
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	Ψ		Ψ	400,000	Ψ	_	Ψ	200,104	Ψ	1,202,425
provided (used) by operating activities										
Other income related to operations		77,137		15,890		_		661		93,688
Depreciation	1	,684,436		93,584		_		496,683		2,274,703
(Increase) decrease in assets	•	,001,100		00,001				100,000		2,21 1,1 00
Accounts receivable		2,113		(13,611)		-		-		(11,498)
Special assessments receivable		_,		-		-		(9,059)		(9,059)
Due from component units		(11,690)		-		-		(850)		(12,540)
Inventories		-		(64,530)		-		-		(64,530)
Prepaid items		29,485		(82)		-		423		29,826
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		<i>.</i>		()						
Deferred pension resources		92,816		23,038		-		-		115,854
Deferred other postemployment resources		(5,212)		(870)		-		-		(6,082)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities		(. ,		· · ·						
Accounts payable		4,959		67,459		-		26,329		98,747
Due to other governments		684		36,265		-		38		36,987
Due to component unit	((171,519)		(246)		-		667		(171,098)
Accrued salaries payable		2,754		642		-		-		3,396
Other postemployment benefit obligation		9,124		646		-		-		9,770
Pension liability	((150,251)		(24,325)		-		-		(174,576)
Compensated absences payable		12,491		(59,570)		-		-		(47,079)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources										
Deferred pension resources		(22,250)		(1,315)		-		-		(23,565)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 2	,049,447	\$	572,880	\$	_	\$	783,046	\$	3,405,373
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities										
Book value of disposed/traded of capital assets	\$	8,716	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,175	\$	10,891
Capital assets contributed from (to) other funds	-	(108,044)	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	66,037	Ψ	(42,007)
Amortization of bond (premium) discount		(35,600)		-		-		(10,896)		(42,007)
		(00,000)		-		-		(10,000)		(10,100)

City of Marshall, Minnesota Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2018

	Private Purpose Trust Fund					
Assets Cash and temporary investments	\$	16,102				
Net Position Net position held in trust for future use	\$	16,102				

City of Marshall, Minnesota Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Private Purpose Trust Fund					
Additions Investment earnings	\$ 245					
Subtractions Scholarships	(300)					
Changes in Net Position	(55)					
Net Position, January 1	16,157					
Net Position, December 31	<u>\$ 16,102</u>					

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Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Marshall (the City) was incorporated February 20, 1901 under the provisions of Minnesota Laws of 1870. The City operates under a Mayor-Council form of government with a full-time City Administrator and provides the following services as authorized by it charter, which was adopted in 1969 as provided by Minnesota statutes, chapter 410: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, culture and recreation, public library, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services. The City also owns a municipal airport and municipal liquor store. The City also operates public electric, water and wastewater treatment and surface water utilities. The electric and water utilities are presented as a discretely presented component unit.

The City is governed by an elected mayor and a six-member Council. The Council exercises legislative authority and determines all matters of policy. The Council appoints personnel responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the City. The City has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The blended component unit has a December 31 year end. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the City.

Blended Component Units. The Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) serves all the citizens of the City and is governed by City appointed boards. The HRA was created pursuant to Minnesota statutes 469.090 through 469.108 to carry out housing development and redevelopment within the City in accordance with policies established by the Council. The HRA may not exercise any of the powers enumerated by the authorizing statutes without prior approval of the Council. Separate financial statements are not issued.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The Economic Development Authority (EDA) serves all the citizens of the City and is governed by City appointed boards. The EDA was created pursuant to Minnesota statutes 469.090 through 469.108 to carry out economic and industrial development and redevelopment within the City in accordance with policies established by the Council. The seven-member board consists of two Council members and four other City Council approved members along with the City Administrator who is the executive director. The EDA may not exercise any of the powers enumerated by the authorizing statutes without prior approval of the Council. The EDA is reported as two discretely presented special revenue funds (Economic Development Authority and EDA Parkway Housing). Separate financial statements are not issued.

The Marshall Municipal Utilities (the Utilities) meets the criteria to be included as a discrete presentation. The members of the governing board of the Utilities are appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council. The Utilities makes monthly payments to the City "in lieu of taxes" in accordance with an agreement between itself and the City. Therefore, there is a financial benefit to the City. Complete financial statements for the Utilities may be obtained from the Utilities Business Office at 113 South Fourth Street, Marshall, Minnesota.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Marshall Housing Commission (the Commission) of the City of Marshall meets the criteria to be included as a discrete presentation. The members of the governing board of the Commission are appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council. Although the City does not have the authority to approve or modify the Commission's operational and capital budgets, the tax rates established by the Commission and bonded debt must be approved by the City Council. Complete financial statements for the Commission may be obtained from the Marshall Housing Commission at 202 North First Street, Marshall, Minnesota.

The Marshall-Lyon County Public Library meets the criteria to be included as a discrete presentation. The Library is a joint venture between the City and Lyon County. The City appoints six members and the County appoints three members of the governing board of the Library. The City does have the authority to approve or modify the Library's operational and capital budgets and any bonded debt must be approved by the City Council. The City provides a material portion of the Library's annual operating budget. The Library, whose year-end is December 31, is a discretely presented component unit (with special revenue, debt service and capital projects funds) of the City. Separate financial statements have not been prepared.

Related Organization. The Marshall Fire Department Relief Association is organized as a non-profit organization, legally separate from the City, by its members to provide pension and other benefits to such members in accordance with Minnesota statutes. Its board of directors is appointed by the membership of the Association and not by the City Council and the Association issues its own set of financial statements. All funding is conducted in accordance with applicable Minnesota statutes, whereby state aids flow to the Association, tax levies are determined by the Association, and are only reviewed by the City and the Association pays benefits directly to its members. The Association may certify tax levies to Lyon County directly if the City does not carry out this function. Because the Association is fiscally independent of the City, the financial statements of the Association have not been included within the City's reporting entity. The City's portion of the costs of the Association's pension benefits is included in the General fund under public safety.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlement and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Tax Increment Financing fund is used to account for the collection of tax increment and payment of related expenditures for all of the City tax increment financing districts.

The Sales / Lodging Tax fund is used to be used for debt service payments and operation expenses related to the Red Baron Arena & Expo and MERIT Center.

The Debt Service fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on longterm general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The 2017 Public Improvement fund is used to account for street and utility improvements made to the City's infrastructure system.

The 2018 Public Improvement fund is used to account for street and utility improvements made to the City's infrastructure system.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Wastewater Treatment fund is used to account for the operation, maintenance, and capital improvements of the Citv's wastewater treatment activities.

The Municipal Liquor fund is used to account for the operation of the City's off-sale municipal liquor store.

The Parkway Townhomes fund was used to account for rental activities before the townhomes were sold.

The Surface Water Management fund is used to account for the operation, maintenance, and capital improvements of the Citv's storm water collection activities.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

The Private-Purpose Trust fund is used to account for resources legally held in trust. All resources of the fund, including any earnings on invested resources, may be used to support activities of the Trust. There is no requirement that any portion of these resources is preserved as capital.

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others.

Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the Council has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and charges between the City's water and electric functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. 60

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Component Units

The Marshall Economic Development Authority and the Marshall-Lyon County Public Library have adopted the modified accrual basis of accounting and the Marshall Housing Commission, and the Marshall Public Utilities have adopted the accrual basis of accounting.

The Marshall Housing Commission has a fiscal year end of September 30. Therefore, the data included for this component unit is as of that date in the statement of net position and for the year then ended in the statement of activities.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Certain restricted assets are included in cash and cash equivalents. The proprietary funds' portion in the government-wide cash and temporary investments pool is considered to be cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the statements of cash flows.

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds

The City may invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes, as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- 3. General obligations of a state or local government with taxing powers rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- 4. General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- 5. Obligation of a school district with an original maturity not exceeding 13 months and (i) rated in the highest category by a national bond rating service or (ii) enrolled in the credit enhancement program pursuant to statute section 126C.55.
- 6. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- 7. Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- 8. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- 9. Guaranteed investment contracts (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, a domestic branch of a foreign bank, a United States insurance company, or its Canadian subsidiary, whose similar debt obligations were rated in one of the top two rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Broker money market funds operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the shares.

The City and its component units categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by denerally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2018:

- US Government Securities of \$3,718,032 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- US Treasury Notes of \$545,170 are valued using quoted market prices. (Level 2 inputs) .
- Mortgage backed securities of \$2,072,220 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs) •
- Municipal bonds of \$860,437 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)

The Municipal Utilities discretely presented component unit has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2018:

- US Treasury Notes of \$3,069,566 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 2 inputs)
- Federal Agency Bonds and Notes of \$5,418,005 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs) •
- Federal Mortgage Pools of \$1,805,561 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)
- Mortgage Backed Securities of \$25,267 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)
- Municipal Bonds of \$13,637,039 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)

The Housing Commission discretely presented component unit has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2018:

Negotiable Certificates of Deposit of \$194,037 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 2 inputs)

Property Taxes

The City Council annually adopts a tax levy and certifies it to the County in December for collection the following year. The County is responsible for collecting all property taxes for the City. These taxes attach an enforceable lien on taxable property within the City on January 1 and are payable by the property owners in two installments in May and October. The taxes are collected by the County Treasurer and tax settlements are made to the City during January, June and November each vear.

Delinguent taxes receivable include the past six years' uncollected taxes. Delinguent taxes have been offset by a deferred inflow of resources for delinquent taxes not received within 60 days after year end in the governmental fund financial statements.

Accounts Receivable - City of Marshall

Accounts receivable include amounts billed for services provided before year end. Unbilled utility enterprise fund receivables are also included for services provided in 2018. All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. No substantial losses are anticipated from present receivable balances. The other utility funds do not record an allowance because uncollected bills may be certified to the County for collection.

Accounts Receivable - Marshall Municipal Utilities

The Marshall Public Utilities grants credit to its customers, which is mainly unsecured in the course of its operations. A portion of customer receivables is secured by deposits based on prior payment history of individual accounts. Monthly sewer rental charges are included in the customer's billings and transferred to the City when collected. No allowance fo doubtful accounts has been recorded as management deems all receivables to be collectible.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Special Assessments

Special assessments represent the financing for public improvements paid for by benefiting property owners. These assessments are recorded as receivables when assessment rolls are provided to the County. Special assessments are recognized as revenue when they are received in cash or within 60 days after year end. All governmental special assessments receivable are offset by a deferred inflow of resources in the fund financial statements.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds and component unit, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Inventories and Prepaid Items - City of Marshall

The inventories of the Municipal Liquor Store fund are stated at the lower of cost or market on the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of inventory is recorded as expenditure at the time inventory is purchased in the governmental funds and as an expense when consumed in the proprietary fund types.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items or unearned charges in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Inventories and Prepaid Items - Marshall Municipal Utilities

The material and supply inventory of the Marshall Municipal Utilities is stated at average cost which approximates actual cost.

Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale is valued at the lower of cost or fair value.

Designated Assets

The Wastewater Treatment fund, Surface Water Management fund and the Marshall Municipal Utilities fund (component unit) have classified resources consisting of cash and investments and delinquent taxes receivable as designated assets on the balance sheet. These amounts have been set aside for debt service payments and capital improvements.

Capital Assets - City of Marshall

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The City reports infrastructure assets on a network and subsystem basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for the construction or acquisition of infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In the case of initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities) the City chose to include items dating back prior to June 30, 1980. The City had already accounted for its prior infrastructure at historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets. As the City constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the City values these capital assets at the acquisition value of the item at the date of its donation. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land Improvements	5 - 25
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50
Infrastructure	10 - 50
Machinery and Equipment	3 - 20
Vehicles	3 - 30

Capital Assets - Component Units

The Marshall Municipal Utilities uses the straight-line composite group method for depreciation based on estimated useful lives of the various classes of property. The provision is 3.23 percent of the average balance of depreciable property in service at December 31, 2018.

The Marshall Economic Development Authority provides depreciation based on the estimated useful lives of individual assets. The straight-line method of depreciation is used.

The Marshall-Lyon County Library provides depreciation based on historical cost or estimated historical cost. The straight-line method of depreciation is used over the estimated useful lives of individual assets. Library books are depreciated using group depreciation by collections. The Library uses a capitalization threshold of \$15,000 for library book collections and \$1,000 for all other capital assets.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items which qualify for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred pension resources and deferred other postemployment benefit resources, are reported only in the statement of net position. These items result from actuarial calculations and current year pension contributions and OPEB contributions made subsequent to the measurement dates.

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. For the most part, the General fund is typically used to liquidate governmental compensated absences payable.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

Under Minnesota statute 471.61, subdivision 2b., public employers must allow retirees and their dependents to continue coverage indefinitely in an employer-sponsored health care plan, under the following conditions: 1) Retirees must be receiving (or eligible to receive) an annuity from a Minnesota public pension plan, 2) Coverage must continue in group plan until age 65, and retirees must pay no more than the group premium, and 3) Retirees may obtain dependent coverage immediately before retirement. All premiums are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The liability was actuarially determined, in accordance with GASB Statement 75, at December 31, 2017. The General fund is typically used to liquidate governmental other postemployment benefits payable.

Severance Plan

Employees with at least 20 years of service are eligible for retirement payments based upon their years of service. An eligible individual will receive an amount equal to one month's salary plus an additional 3 percent annual salary each year in excess of twenty years to a maximum of 150 percent of the monthly salary. As of December 31, 2018, the City has recorded estimated future costs under this plan of \$172,754.

Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave - City of Marshall

Vacation is earned and credited to an employee's record after each bi-weekly pay period according to years of service at the following rates:

Years of Service	Hours per Years of Service	Maximum Accrual
0 to 5 years	80 hours (10 days)	160 hours
5 to 10 years	120 hours (15 days)	240 hours
10 to 15 years	144 hours (18 days)	288 hours
15 to 20 years	160 hours (20 days)	320 hours
20+ years	200 hours (25 days)	400 hours

Sick leave is an authorized absence from work with pay, granted to eligible full-time and ³/₄-time employees. Sick leave is a privilege, not a right. Employees are to use this paid leave only when they are unable to work for medical reasons and/or under the conditions explained below. Employees are required to exhaust their sick leave balance prior to approval of an unpaid medical leave of absence. Sick leave does not accrue during an unpaid leave of absence.

Full-time employees will earn sick leave at the rate of one (1) day or 8 hours for each month of service and can accumulate up to 120 days or 960 hours at this rate. Beyond 120 days or 960 hours, sick leave will continue to accumulate at a rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ day or 4 hours for each month of service.

If at any time the accumulation drops below 120 days or 960 hours the employee will then accumulate one (1) day or 8 hours for each month of service up to 120 days or 960 hour and then continue accumulating ½ day or 4 hours for each month of service.

When an employee reaches 120 days or 960 hours or more of accumulated sick leave and the employee utilizes sick leave time, it shall first be withdrawn from the 960 hour portion and not from the accumulated sick leave.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave - Marshall Municipal Utilities

All full time employees accrue vacation time between 10 to 25 days per year based on years of service to 25 years when an additional 1 day may accrue for each 5 years of service thereafter. Employees may accumulate up to 20 days (160 hours) by December 31st of each year to be used in the following year. Up to 10 days of accrued vacation pay in excess of the 20 day maximum accrual will be deposited in the Health Care Savings Plan on an annual basis. Upon termination 100 percent of the accrued vacation pay will be deposited into the Health Care Savings Plan.

Under the employee sick leave plan each employee is allowed to accumulate sick leave up to a minimum of 140 days. Thereafter, when the maximum hours have been reached, any unused sick leave will be deposited into the employee's Health Care Savings Plan on an annual basis. The accumulated leave is remitted to the employee or placed in the Health Care Savings Plan at the Commission's discretion upon retirement or death at a rate of 50 percent after 5 years of service, 75 percent after 10 years and 100 percent after 15 years or more of service.

Sick leave benefits are recorded as a liability in the period earned by the employee.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General fund is typically used to liquidate the governmental net pension liability.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit plan administered by Marshall Fire Relief Association and additions to and deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

The total pension expense for the GERF, PEPFF and Marshall's Fire Relief Association is as follows:

	ublic Employe			Fi	re Relief	Total All Plans		
	 GERF	F	PEPFF	As	sociation			
Pension Expense	\$ 177,973	\$	54,828	\$	(43,634)	\$	189,167	

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, which qualifies as needing to be reported in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The City has an additional item which qualifies for reporting in this category. The item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position and results from actuarial calculations.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council (the Council), which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. In the General fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Council itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The Council has adopted a fund balance policy which delegates the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to the Finance Director.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General fund. The City's policy is to maintain a minimum unrestricted fund balance of 50 percent of budgeted operating expenditures for cash-flow timing needs.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Prior to September 1, the City Administrator submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The City Council adopts the proposed budget as amended and adjusted by the Council and certifies the proposed property tax levy to the County Auditor according to Minnesota statutes.

On or before December 28, the final budget is legally enacted by Council resolution and the final property tax levy certified to the County Auditor.

Management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the City Council. Reported budget amounts are as originally adopted or amended by the City Council.

The City has legally adopted budgets for the General fund and certain special revenue funds. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the total fund level. Monitoring of budgets is maintained at the expenditure category level (i.e., personal services, supplies, charges for services, and capital outlay) within each program. All amounts over budget have been approved by the City Council through the disbursement process. The City is not legally required to adopt an annual budget for the Capital Projects and Debt Service funds. Project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for Debt Service funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through general obligation bond indenture provisions.

Budgets for the General and certain special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the City Council. There were no amendments to the 2018 budget.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2018 expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds:

Fund	Budget	Actual	Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations
General	\$ 12,162,825	\$ 12,202,478	\$ 39,653
Special Revenue			
Tax Increment Financing	22,000	138,263	116,263
Component Units			
Economic Development Authority	136,777	147,092	10,315
EDA Parkway Housing	256	24,067	23,811
Marshall - Lyon County Library	947,910	962,673	14,763

The excess of expenditures over appropriations were funded by actual revenues in excess of budget and available fund balance.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

C. Deficit Fund Equity

The following fund had a fund equity deficit at December 31, 2018:

Fund

Amount

Capital Projects SMSAC Ball Parks

\$ 368.682

The City intends to fund this deficit through future transfers from other funds.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits and investments may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the Council, the City maintains deposits at those depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds, with the exception of irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks as this type of collateral only requires collateral pledged equal to 100 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a
 national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers
 which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity;
- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any federal agency.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Minnesota statutes require that all collateral shall be placed in safekeeping in a restricted account at a Federal Reserve Bank, or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The selection should be approved by the City.

At year end, the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$25,130,653 (including fiduciary deposits of \$16,102) and the bank balance was \$25,690,644. The bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance of \$751,107 and securities pledge by the financial institution's trust department in the City's name in the amount of \$24,939,537. The above balances include the primary government and the Economic Development Authority and Marshall-Lyon County Library discreetly presented component unties deposits.

At year end, the Municipal Utilities discretely presented component unit's carrying amount of deposits was \$2,411,318 and the bank balance was \$2,411,318. The bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance of \$250,000 and securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department of \$2,161,318.

At year end, the Housing Commission discretely presented component unit's carrying amount of deposits was \$318,437 and the bank balance was \$335,793. The bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance of \$250,000 and securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department of \$85,793.

Investments

As of December 31, 2018, the City had the following investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the City or it's agent in the City's name:

		Primary Gove	ernm	ent						
	Credit	Segmented			Fair Value					
	Quality/	Time	Measurement Using							
Types of Investments	Ratings (1)	Distribution (2)		Amount		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Pooled Investments at Ammortized Costs										
Broker Money Market Funds	N/A	less than 6 months	\$	78,878						
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	less than 6 months		11,547,428						
Non-pooled Investments at Fair Value										
Governmental Agency Security	N/A	less than 6 months		49,959	\$	49,959	\$	-	\$	-
Governmental Agency Security	N/A	6 months to 1 year		139,960		139,960		-		-
Governmental Agency Security	N/A	1 to 3 years		1,982,563		1,982,563		-		-
Governmental Agency Security	N/A	more than 3 years		1,545,550		1,545,550		-		-
U. S. Treasury Notes	N/A	less than 6 months		545,170		-		545,170		-
Mortgage Backed Securities	N/A	less than 6 months		174,080		-		174,080		-
Mortgage Backed Securities	N/A	6 months to 1 year		446,390		-		446,390		-
Mortgage Backed Securities	N/A	1 to 3 years		1,290,700		-		1,290,700		-
Mortgage Backed Securities	N/A	more than 3 years		161,050		-		161,050		-
Muncipal Bonds	N/A	less than 6 months		99,887		-		99,887		-
Muncipal Bonds	N/A	1 to 3 years		52,861		-		52,861		-
Muncipal Bonds	N/A	more than 3 years		707,689		-		707,689		-
Total Investments			\$	18,822,165	\$	3,718,032	\$	3,477,827	\$	

(1) Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies where applicable to indicate associated credit risk.

(2) Interest rate risk is disclosed using the segmented time distribution method.

N/A Indicates not applicable or available.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

		Component l	Jnits							
	Credit	Segmented						Fair Value		
	Quality/	Time					Mea	isurement Usir	ng	
Types of Investments	Ratings (1)	Distribution (2)	Amou	unt	Le	evel 1		Level 2		Level 3
Component Unit - Municipal Utilities										
Pooled Investments at Ammortized Costs										
Broker Money Market Funds	N/A	less than 1 year	\$ 4,34	8,455						
Non-pooled Investments at Fair Value										
U. S. Treasury Notes	N/A	less than 1 year	1,37	5,430	\$	-	\$	1,375,430	\$	-
U. S. Treasury Notes	N/A	1 to 5 years	1,48	7,487		-		1,487,487		-
U. S. Treasury Notes	N/A	more than 5 years	20	6,649		-		206,649		-
Federal Agency Bonds and Notes	N/A	less than 1 year	1,24	5,784		-		1,245,784		-
Federal Agency Bonds and Notes	N/A	1 to 5 years	4,17	2,221		-		4,172,221		-
Federal Agency Mortgage Pools	N/A	less than 1 year		19		-		19		-
Federal Agency Mortgage Pools	N/A	1 to 5 years	19	2,306		-		192,306		-
Federal Agency Mortgage Pools	N/A	more than 5 years	1,61	3,236		-		1,613,236		-
Mortgage Backed Securities	N/A	1 to 5 years	2	5,267		-		25,267		-
Municipal Bonds	A- to AAA	less than 1 year	1,43	2,195		-		1,432,195		-
Municipal Bonds	A- to AAA	1 to 5 years	10,64	9,505		-		10,649,505		-
Municipal Bonds	A- to AAA	more than 5 years	1,55	5,339		-		1,555,339		-
Total Municipal Utilities Investments			28,30	3,893		-		23,955,438		-
Component Unit - Housing Commission										
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit										
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	less than 6 months		6,013		-		6,013		-
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	6 months to 1 year	1	5,000		-		15,000		-
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	1 to 3 years	8	8,024		-		88,024		-
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	more than 3 years	8	5,000		-		85,000		-
Total Housing Commission Investme	nts		19	4,037		-		194,037		-
Total Investments			\$ 28,49	7,930	\$	-	\$	23,955,438	\$	-

(1) Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies where applicable to indicate associated credit risk.

(2) Interest rate risk is disclosed using the segmented time distribution method.

N/A Indicates not applicable or available.

The investments of the City are subject to the following risks:

- *Credit Risk.* Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies and where applicable, indicate associated credit risk. Minnesota statutes limit the City's investments.
- Custodial Credit Risk. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City typically limits its exposure by purchasing insured or registered investments.
- Concentration of Credit Risk. The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a
 government's investment in a single issuer. The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any
 one issuer.
- Interest Rate Risk. The interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the maturity of its investment portfolio.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Cash on Hand

Cash in the possession of the City, consisting of petty cash and change funds totals \$3,202 for the primary government and \$1,600 for the Municipal Utilities and \$122 for the Marshall-Lyon County Library.

Cash and Investments Summary

Cash and investments as shown on the statement of net position for the City, including component units, follows:

	Primary	Municipal	Housing	Economic
	Government	Utilities	Commission	Development
Deposits	\$ 23,429,272	\$ 2,411,318	\$ 318,437	\$ 1,238,671
Cash on Hand	3,202	1,600	-	-
Investments	18,822,165	28,303,893	194,037	
Total	\$ 42,254,639	\$ 30,716,811	\$ 512,474	\$ 1,238,671
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$ 42,254,639	\$ 24,561,863	\$ 479,949	\$ 1,238,671
Restricted Assets		6,154,948	32,525	
Total	\$ 42,254,639	\$ 30,716,811	\$ 512,474	\$ 1,238,671
		Component		
		Units	-	
		Marshall-Lyon	Fiduciary Funds	Total
		County Library	Funds	TOLAI
Deposits		\$ 446,608	\$ 16,102	\$ 27,860,408
Cash on Hand		122	-	4,924
Investments				47,320,095
Total		\$ 446,730	\$ 16,102	\$ 75,185,427
Cash and Temporary Investments		\$ 446,730	\$ 16,102	\$ 68,997,954
Restricted Assets		φ ++0,700 -	φ 10,102 -	6,187,473
				-, -, -
Total		\$ 446,730	<u>\$ 16,102</u>	\$ 75,185,427

B. Notes/Leases Receivable

The EDA has made various loans to local businesses which are payable to the City with variable payments and interest rates. The balance on these notes as of December 31, 2018 is \$143,424. Loans were also made by the EDA Parkway Housing fund, the balance of which is \$233,714 as of December 31, 2018. The portion of the Small Cities Development Program which is required to be repaid only if the borrower sells the property within 7 years of the date of the loan is \$13,576 as of December 31, 2018, net of an allowance of \$161,288. MMU has issued a loan for energy efficiency that has a balance of \$44,568 as of December 31, 2018.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Capital Assets

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	Reclas	sificastions	Increases	Decreases	 Ending Balance
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated						
Land	\$ 7,273,262	\$	-	\$ 28,227	\$ -	\$ 7,301,489
Construction in progress	 29,030,993		-	 6,111,012	 (27,872,090)	7,269,915
Total Capital Assets not						
Being Depreciated	 36,304,255		-	 6,139,239	 (27,872,090)	 14,571,404
Capital Assets Being Depreciated						
Buildings	14,239,321		1,813,916	23,181,291	(534,084)	38,700,444
Improvements other than buildings	24,538,232		-	4,023,929	(185,007)	28,377,154
Infrastructure	62,148,259		(1,907,842)	1,465,177	(3,447,283)	58,258,311
Equipment and machinery	10,062,450		167,950	264,678	(207,245)	10,287,833
Total Capital Assets						
Being Depreciated	 110,988,262		74,024	 28,935,075	 (4,373,619)	 135,623,742
Less Accumulated Depreciation for						
Buildings	(9,137,839)		(90,696)	(829,344)	534,084	(9,523,795)
Improvements other than buildings	(14,503,463)		-	(926,240)	185,007	(15,244,696)
Infrastructure	(29,497,319)		98,767	(2,517,301)	3,434,709	(28,481,144)
Equipment and machinery	(5,493,182)		(82,095)	(731,104)	207,245	(6,099,136)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 (58,631,803)		(74,024)	 (5,003,989)	 4,361,045	 (59,348,771)
Total Capital Assets						
Being Depreciated, Net	 52,356,459		-	 23,931,086	 (12,574)	 76,274,971
Governmental Activities						
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 88,660,714	\$	-	\$ 30,070,325	\$ (27,884,664)	\$ 90,846,375

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

General Government Public Safety Public Works Culture and Recreation Airport	\$ 187,502 521,921 3,587,300 680,639 26,627
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 5,003,989

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Reclassifications	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities					
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 512,872	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 512,872
Construction in progress	-		667,011		667,011
Total Capital Assets not					
Being Depreciated	512,872		667,011		1,179,883
Capital Assets Being Depreciated					
Buildings	2,528,334	-	-	-	2,528,334
Improvements other than buildings	28,124,552	-	-	-	28,124,552
Infrastructure	36,552,552	-	158,279	(159,502)	36,551,329
Equipment and machinery	3,421,806	(42,007)	404,461	(43,531)	3,740,729
Total Capital Assets					
Being Depreciated	70,627,244	(42,007)	562,740	(203,033)	70,944,944
Less Accumulated Depreciation for					
Buildings	(197,106)	-	(68,135)	-	(265,241)
Improvements other than buildings	(19,043,501)	-	(896,172)	-	(19,939,673)
Infrastructure	(15,427,933)	-	(1,083,622)	156,670	(16,354,885)
Equipment and machinery	(2,162,954)	42,007	(226,774)	35,472	(2,312,249)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(36,831,494)	42,007	(2,274,703)	192,142	(38,872,048)
Total Capital Assets					
Being Depreciated, Net	33,795,750		(1,711,963)	(10,891)	32,072,896
Business-type Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 34,308,622	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (1,044,952)	\$ (10,891)	\$ 33,252,779

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Wastewater Treatment Surface Water Management Municipal Liquor Store	\$ 1,684,436 496,683 93,584
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	\$ 2,274,703

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Construction Commitments

The City has active projects as of December 31, 2018. At year end the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

Project	_Spent-to-Date	Remaining Commitment
Saratoga Street Reconstruction Commerce Park	\$ 2,743,530 959,481	\$ 145,332 64,997
Total	<u>\$ 3,703,011</u>	\$ 210,329

The special assessment portion of the commitment for residential street construction is being financed by special assessment bonds that will be repaid by the benefiting property owners.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Capital asset activity for the Marshall Municipal Utilities for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated				
Construction in progress	\$ 1,241,139	\$ 3,152,748	\$ (2,012,182)	\$ 2,381,705
Total Capital Assets				
not Being Depreciated	1,241,139	3,152,748	(2,012,182)	2,381,705
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Electric production plant	2,825,874	498,871	-	3,324,745
Electric transmission line	16,404,370	-	-	16,404,370
Electric distribution system	55,374,454	1,008,285	(178,342)	56,204,397
Transportation and general	8,724,189	655,663	(88,420)	9,291,432
Water utility	55,083,994	1,148,602	(40,597)	56,191,999
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	138,412,881	3,311,421	(307,359)	141,416,943
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Electric production plant	(2,583,746)	(69,717)	-	(2,653,463)
Electric transmission line	(9,490,795)	(521,664)	-	(10,012,459)
Electric distribution system	(24,372,798)	(2,243,090)	178,342	(26,437,546)
Transportation and general	(6,655,354)	(485,701)	88,420	(7,052,635)
Water utility	(29,481,284)	(1,143,695)	40,597	(30,584,382)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(72,583,977)	(4,463,867)	307,359	(76,740,485)
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated, Net	65,828,904	(1,152,446)		64,676,458
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 67,070,043	\$ 2,000,302	<u>\$ (2,012,182)</u>	\$ 67,058,163

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Marshall Municipal Utilities as follows:

Business-type Activities	
Marshall Municipal Utilities - Water	\$ 1,236,382
Marshall Municipal Utilities - Electric	3,227,485
Total	\$ 4,463,867

Capital asset activity for the Marshall Housing Commission for the year ended September 30, 2018 was as follows:

		eginning Balance	<u></u> lı	ncreases	Dec	reases	 Ending Balance
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$	514,965 -	\$	- 127,108	\$	-	\$ 514,965 127,108
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated		514,965		127,108			 642,073
Capital Assets Being Depreciated							
Buildings		8,116,830		12,742		-	8,129,572
Equipment and machinery		180,674		4,637		-	 185,311
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		8,297,504		17,379		-	8,314,883
Less Accumulated Depreciation	((5,635,473)		(255,353)		(1)	 (5,890,827)
Total Capital Assets							
Being Depreciated, Net		2,662,031		(237,974)		(1)	 2,424,056
Capital Assets, Net	\$	3,176,996	\$	(110,866)	\$	(1)	\$ 3,066,129

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Marshall Housing Commission as follows:

Business-type Activities Marshall Housing Commission

\$ 255,353

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the Economic Development Authority for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	eginning Balance	Inc	reases	Decre	eases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Being Depreciated Land improvements	\$ 12,920	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 12,920
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Land improvements	 (5,975)		(646)		-	 (6,621)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	 6,945		(646)			 6,299
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 6,945	\$	(646)	\$	_	\$ 6,299

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the EDA as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Economic Development Authority	

Capital asset activity for the Marshall-Lyon County Library for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 6,409,339	\$-	\$-	\$ 6,409,339
Equipment and machinery	587,901	-	-	587,901
Library books	1,233,452	-	(310,224)	923,228
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	8,230,692	-	(310,224)	7,920,468
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	(675,844)	(160,233)	-	(836,077)
Equipment and machinery	(287,434)	(43,426)	-	(330,860)
Library books	(1,069,038)	(59,023)	310,224	(817,837)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,032,316)	(262,682)	310,224	(1,984,774)
Total Capital Assets				
Being Depreciated, Net	6,198,376	(262,682)		5,935,694
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 6,198,376</u>	<u>\$ (262,682)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 5,935,694

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the Library as follows:

Governmental Activities Marshall-Lyon County Library

\$ 262,682

\$

646

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Due from/to Other Funds:

Individual fund interfund receivables and payables balances at year end were as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Tax Increment Financing	General	\$ 153,601
Tax Increment Financing	Nonmajor governmental	408,030
Nonmajor governmental Enterprise	Nonmajor governmental	30,000
Wastewater Treatment	Nonmajor governmental	20,998
Total		<u>\$ 612,629</u>

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. The majority of the interfund balances represent temporary funding for various projects. The remaining balance represents monthly and year-end charges to other funds.

Amounts due from/to component units/primary government representing capital improvements and monthly and year-end charges to other funds are as follows:

Due to Primary Government From Component Unit

Receivable Entity/Fund	Payable Entity/Fund	,	Amount
Primary Government	Component unit		
Tax Increment Financing	Economic Development Authority	\$	317,073
Nonmajor governmental	Marshall-Lyon Country Library		5,936
Enterprise			
Wastewater Treatment	Marshall Municipal Utilities		588,262
Storm Water Management	Marshall Municipal Utilities		194,629
Total		\$	1,105,900

Due to Component Unit From Primary Government

Receivable Fund/Entity Payable Fund/Entity		Amount		
Component Unit	Primary Government			
Marshall Municipal Utilities	General	\$	68,447	
Marshall Municipal Utilities	Tax Increment Financing		39	
Marshall Municipal Utilities	Nonmajor governmental		9,957	
Marshall Municipal Utilities	Wastewater Treatment enterprise		24,514	
Marshall Municipal Utilities	Municipal Liquor Store enterprise		1,786	
Marshall Municipal Utilities	Surface StormWater Management enterprise		1,783	
Total		\$	106,526	

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Due to Component Unit From Componet Unit

Receivable Fund/Entity	Payable Fund/Entity	А	mount
Component Unit	Component Unit		
Marshall Municipal Utilities	Marshall - Lyon County Library	\$	3,426
	Economic Development Authority		17
Total		\$	3,443

Interfund Transfers:

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2018 were as follows:

	Transfers in									
Fund	(General	De	ebt Service		Nonmajor overnmental		Tax crement inancing		Total
Transfers Out										
Tax Increment Financing	\$	-	\$	446,079	\$	-	\$	-	\$	446,079
Debt Service		-		-		1,336,325		138,069		1,474,394
Sales/Lodging Tax		-		1,457,969		570,891				2,028,860
Nonmajor governmental		27,105		1,570,791		1,988,953		-		3,586,849
Wastewater Treatment enterprise		-		39,800		-		-		39,800
Municipal Liquor Store enterprise		300,000		-		-		-		300,000
Surface Water Management enterprise				-		108,490		-		108,490
Total Transfers Out	\$	327,105	\$	3,514,639	\$	4,004,659	\$	138,069	\$	7,984,472

During the year, transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the Debt Service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due, 2) move restricted amounts from borrowings to the Debt Service fund to establish mandatory reserve accounts, 3) move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City made the following one-time transfers:

- Transfer from the Tax Increment Financing fund (\$205,249) to the Debt Services fund for the TIF collected for debt services account.
- Transfer from two nonmajor capital projects funds to the surface water management enterprise fund (\$108,490) to close the funds
- Transfer from two debt service funds to a Tax Increment Financing fund (\$138,069) to close debt service to TIF.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

E. Long-term Debt

Governmental Activity Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and proprietary activities. These bonds are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be repaid from proprietary fund revenues. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund both general obligation and revenue bonds.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

These bonds were issued for capital equipment purchases and other capital improvements. The debt is a general obligation of the City and will be retired through ad valorem tax levies.

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
G.O. Equipment					
Certificates of 2013A	\$ 860,000	2.00 - 3.00 %	08/01/13	02/01/23	\$ 495,000
G.O. Bonds of 2015A	1,710,000	2.00 - 3.00	01/01/15	02/01/31	1,510,000
G.O. Bonds of 2016B	705,000	2.00	06/23/16	02/01/25	570,000
G.O. Bonds of 2017A	170,000	2.00 - 3.00	07/13/17	02/01/23	170,000
Total General Obligation	on Bonds				\$ 2,745,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds Governmental Activities								
December 31,	F	Principal		Interest		Total			
2019	\$	370,000	\$	63,788	\$	433,788			
2020		375,000		56,069		431,069			
2021		385,000		48,100		433,100			
2022		390,000		39,550		429,550			
2023		250,000		31,763		281,763			
2024 - 2028		585,000		103,011		688,011			
2029 - 2031		390,000		17,850		407,850			
Total		2,745,000	\$	360,131	\$	3,105,131			

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

General Obligation Tax Increment Bonds

These bonds were issued for development and redevelopment projects. The additional tax revenue resulting from increased tax capacity of the redeveloped properties is used to retire the related debt.

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
G.O. Tax Increment Revenues Bonds of 2011A G.O. Tax Increment	\$ 1,265,000	0.70 - 2.70 %	09/15/11	02/01/23	\$ 830,000
Revenues Bonds of 2017B	2,930,000	2.00 - 3.00	10/26/17	02/01/33	2,930,000
Total G.O. Tax Increment Bonds					\$ 3,760,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation tax increment bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	G.O. Tax Increment Bonds Governmental Activities							
December 31,	Princip	al	Interest		Total			
2019	\$ 550.	000 \$	86,035	\$	636,035			
2020	575	000	74,665		649,665			
2021	405	000	64,498		469,498			
2022	170	000	58,075		228,075			
2023	175	000	53,588		228,588			
2024 - 2028	660.	000	230,000		890,000			
2029 - 2033	1,225	000	91,887		1,316,887			
Total	<u>\$ 3,760</u>	000 \$	658,748	\$	4,418,748			

General Obligation Tax Abatement Bonds

These bonds were issued to finance public infrastructure improvements. They will be retired from tax abatement revenues and tax levies.

Description	Authorized	Interest Rate	lssue Data	Maturity	Balance at
Description	and Issued	Rale	Date	Date	Year End
G.O. Tax Abatement					
Bonds of 2016C	\$ 2,810,000	2.00 - 3.00 %	06/23/16	02/01/37	<u>\$ 2,695,000</u>

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation tax abatement bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	G.O. Tax Abatement Bonds Governmental Activities							
December 31,	Pi	rincipal	Interest		Total			
2019	\$	115,000	\$	65,550	\$	180,550		
2020		120,000		63,200		183,200		
2021		120,000		60,800		180,800		
2022		125,000		58,350		183,350		
2023		125,000		55,850		180,850		
2024 - 2028		670,000		240,000		910,000		
2029 - 2033		750,000		157,550		907,550		
2034 - 2037		670,000		40,950		710,950		
Total	<u>\$ 2</u>	2,695,000	\$	742,250	\$	3,437,250		

General Obligation Special Assessment Bonds

These bonds were issued to finance various improvements and will be repaid primarily from special assessments levied on the properties benefiting from the improvements. Some issues, however, are partly financed by ad valorem tax levies.

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
G.O. Utility Revenue and		Hate	Date	Date	
Improvement Bonds					
of 2008B - Improvement	\$ 1,950,000	3.50 - 4.20 %	12/01/08	02/01/19	\$ 175,000
G.O. Utility Revenue and					
Improvement Bonds					
of 2010B - Improvement	3,295,000	1.50 - 2.75	09/15/10	02/01/21	920,000
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2011B	1,510,000	0.50 - 4.00	10/01/11	02/01/27	835,000
G.O. Improvement			00/04/40		
Bonds of 2012A	2,550,000	2.00 - 2.55	06/01/12	02/01/28	1,240,000
G.O. Improvement	0 705 000	2.00 2.00	00/04/42	00/04/05	1 955 000
Bonds of 2013A	2,785,000	2.00 - 3.00	08/01/13	02/01/25	1,855,000
G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2014B	15,735,000	3.13 - 5.00	07/23/14	02/01/28	12,020,000
G.O. Improvement	15,755,000	5.15 - 5.00	07723/14	02/01/20	12,020,000
Bonds of 2014C	1,955,000	2.00 - 3.00	07/23/14	02/01/26	1,390,000
G.O. Improvement	1,000,000	2.00 0.00	01720/14	02/01/20	1,000,000
Bonds of 2015B	895,000	3.00 - 4.00	07/22/15	02/01/24	665,000
G.O. Improvement	,				,
Bonds of 2016B	1,500,000	2.00	06/23/16	02/01/25	1,310,000
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2017A	1,035,000	2.00 - 3.00	07/13/17	02/01/28	1,035,000
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2017B	360,000	1.65 - 3.00	10/26/17	02/01/28	360,000
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2018A	2,328,608	3.13 - 4.00	07/25/18	02/01/34	2,328,608

Total General Obligation Improvement Bonds

\$ 24,133,608

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation special assessment bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	G.O. Special Assessment Bonds Governmental Activities							
December 31,	Principal	Principal Interest		Principal Interest				
2019	\$ 2,725,000	. ,	\$ 3,533,489					
2020	2,793,490	715,050	3,508,540					
2021	2,800,099	619,986	3,420,085					
2022	2,410,099	525,779	2,935,878					
2023	2,442,896	431,609	2,874,505					
2024 - 2028	10,162,868	902,173	11,065,041					
2029 - 2033	668,463	71,985	740,448					
2034	130,693	2,124	132,817					
Total	\$ 24,133,608	\$ 4,077,195	\$ 28,210,803					

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Business-Type Activity Debt

General Obligation Revenue Bonds

These bonds were issued to finance capital improvements to the storm water system and wastewater treatment facility. These bonds will be retired from net revenue of these enterprise funds.

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
G.O. Utility Revenue and					
Improvement Bonds					
of 2010B - Wastewater	\$ 1,400,000	1.50 - 2.75 %	09/15/10	02/01/21	\$ 450,000
G.O. Utility Revenue and					
Improvement Bonds					
of 2010B - Storm	1,365,000	1.50 - 2.75	09/15/10	02/01/21	450,000
G.O. Utility and Improvement					
Bonds of 2011A - Storm	925,000	0.50 - 4.00	09/15/11	02/01/27	600,000
G.O. Utility and Improvement					
Bonds of 2011A - Wastewater	960,000	0.50 - 4.00	09/15/11	02/01/27	625,000
G.O. Utility and Improvement					
Bonds of 2011B - Storm	335,000	0.50 - 4.00	10/01/11	02/01/27	220,000
G.O. Utility and Improvement					
Bonds of 2011B - Wastewater	205,000	0.50 - 4.00	10/01/11	02/01/27	135,000
G.O. Utility and Improvement					
Bonds of 2012A - Wastewater	1,775,000	2.00 - 2.55	06/01/12	02/01/28	1,235,000
G.O. Utility and Improvement					
Bonds of 2014C - Wastewater	1,420,000	2.00 - 3.00	07/23/14	02/01/25	1,025,000
G.O. Utility and Improvement					
Bonds of 2015B - Wastewater	860,000	3.00 - 4.00	07/22/15	02/01/24	665,000
G.O. Utility and Improvement					
Bonds of 2016B - Wastewater	305,553	2.00	06/23/16	02/01/25	269,473
G.O. Utility and Improvement					
Bonds of 2016B - Storm	1,049,447	2.00	06/23/16	02/01/25	925,527
G.O. Utility refunding					
Bonds of 2016D - Wastewater	3,630,000	2.00	06/23/16	02/01/27	3,305,000
G.O. Utility refunding					
Bonds of 2017B - Wastewater	1,140,000	2.00	06/23/16	02/01/25	1,140,000
G.O. Utility and Improvement					
Bonds of 2017A - Storm	85,000	2.00 - 3.00	07/13/17	02/01/23	85,000
G.O. Utility and Improvement			07/05/40		0.40.050
Bonds of 2018A - Wastewater	619,850	3.13 - 4.00	07/25/18	02/01/34	619,850
G.O. Utility and Improvement	004 540	0.40 4.00	07/05/40	00/04/04	004 540
Bonds of 2018A - Storm	631,542	3.13 - 4.00	07/25/18	02/01/34	631,542

Total G.O. Revenue Bonds

\$ 12,381,392

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	G.O. Revenue Bonds Business-type Activities						
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2019	\$ 1,645,000) \$	294,691	\$	1,939,691		
2020	1,826,510)	255,118		2,081,628		
2021	1,859,901	I	212,725		2,072,626		
2022	1,174,901	1	176,794		1,351,695		
2023	1,207,104	1	144,779		1,351,883		
2024 - 2028	4,192,132	2	290,836		4,482,968		
2029 - 2033	396,533	7	44,115		440,652		
2034	79,307	7	1,289		80,596		
Total	<u>\$ 12,381,392</u>	2\$	1,420,347	\$	13,801,739		

Revenue Bonds

These bonds were issued to finance capital improvements to the municipal liquor store. These bonds will be retired from net revenue of this enterprise fund.

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
Lease Revenue Bond of 2015	\$ 3,240,000	1.05 - 3.10 %	02/10/15	12/01/29	<u>\$ 2,560,000</u>

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue Bonds Business-type Activities							
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total			
2019	\$ 205,00	0 \$	70,853	\$	275,853			
2020	210,00	00	66,547		276,547			
2021	215,00	00	61,822		276,822			
2022	220,00	00	56,555		276,555			
2023	225,00	00	50,835		275,835			
2024 - 2028	1,220,00	00	155,110		1,375,110			
2029	265,00	00	8,216		273,216			
Total	<u>\$ 2,560,00</u>	0 \$	469,938	\$	3,029,938			

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Annual revenues from charges for services, principal and interest payments, and percentage of revenue required to cover principal and interest payments are as follows:

	Municipal					
	Wastewater		Surface Water			
Revenue	\$ 5,410,581	\$ 1,191,248	\$ 1,165,997			
Principal and Interest	1,142,324	274,653	411,574			
Percent of Revenue	21.11%	23.06%	35.30%			

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds Payable					
General obligation bonds	\$ 3,180,000	\$-	\$ (435,000)	\$ 2,745,000	\$ 370,000
General obligation					
tax increment bonds	3,915,000	-	(155,000)	3,760,000	550,000
General obligation					
tax abatement bonds	2,810,000	-	(115,000)	2,695,000	115,000
General obligation					
improvement bonds	24,380,000	2,328,608	(2,575,000)	24,133,608	2,725,000
Unamortized bond premium	2,059,918	92,521	(177,530)	1,974,909	-
Unamortized bond discount	(4,952)		2,476	(2,476)	
Total Bonds Payable	36,339,966	2,421,129	(3,455,054)	35,306,041	3,760,000
Contract for Deed	95,404	-	(95,404)	-	-
Pension Liability					
GERF	3,281,736	44,930	(467,604)	2,859,062	-
PEPFF	2,065,682	-	(487,089)	1,578,593	-
Other Postemployment					
Benefits Obligation	337,711	53,740	-	391,451	-
Compensated Absences					
Payable	1,113,665	339,057	(555,853)	896,869	56,240
Covernmental Activity					
Governmental Activity	¢ 12 221 161	¢ 0 050 056	¢ (5.061.004)	¢ 11 022 016	¢ 2 016 240
Long-term Liabilities	\$43,234,164	\$ 2,858,856	\$(5,061,004)	\$41,032,016	\$ 3,816,240

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities					
Bonds Payable					
General obligation					
revenue bonds	\$ 12,405,000	\$ 1,251,392	\$(1,275,000)	\$ 12,381,392	\$ 1,645,000
Revenue bonds	2,760,000	-	(200,000)	2,560,000	205,000
Unamortized bond premium	396,876	46,642	(46,496)	397,022	
Total Bonds Payable	15,561,876	1,298,034	(1,521,496)	15,338,414	1,850,000
Pension Liability					
GERF	1,018,940	8,417	(182,993)	844,364	-
Other Postemployment					
Benefits Obligation	64,440	9,769	-	74,209	-
Compensated Absences					
Payable	333,018	112,757	(159,836)	285,939	66,693
Business-type Activity					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 16,978,274	\$ 1,428,977	\$(1,864,325)	\$ 16,542,926	\$ 1,916,693

Conduit Debt Obligations

The City has issued conduit debt to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage or lease. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the City or the State, nor any political subdivisions thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

At December 31, 2018 the following conduit debt existed:

• \$5,600,000 Student Housing Revenue note, Series 2005, with an outstanding balance of \$3,541,049.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Component Unit Debt Activity

Revenue Bonds

These bonds were issued to finance capital improvements to the Marshall Municipal Utilities. These bonds will be retired from net revenue of this enterprise fund.

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
Utility Revenue Bonds,					
Series 2009	\$ 5,000,000	3.69 %	04/28/09	07/01/24	\$ 2,330,000
Series 2010	6,635,000	2.80	11/18/10	07/01/25	3,450,000
Series 2011	4,290,000	2.79	11/10/11	07/01/22	2,505,000
Series 2012 Refunding	2,320,000	1.28	06/01/12	07/01/19	360,000
Series 2012	5,500,000	2.31	06/01/12	07/01/27	3,495,000
Series 2013	6,355,000	3.14	12/18/13	07/01/28	4,460,000
Series 2014	4,025,000	3.04	04/24/14	07/01/29	3,130,000
Series 2016	7,310,000	1.51	04/21/16	07/01/23	5,450,000

Total Revenue Bonds

\$ 25,180,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Revenue Bonds Marshall Municipal Utilities Component Unit Activities						
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total		
2019	\$ 3,375,000	\$	845,486	\$	4,220,486		
2020	3,535,000		751,867		4,286,867		
2021	3,645,000		646,437		4,291,437		
2022	3,245,000		535,918		3,780,918		
2023	2,915,000		429,040		3,344,040		
2024 - 2028	8,135,000		805,961		8,940,961		
2029	330,000		11,550		341,550		
Total	<u>\$ 25,180,000</u>	\$	4,026,259	\$	29,206,259		

General Obligation Bonds

These bonds were issued for capital improvements of the library. The debt is a general obligation of the City and will be retired through ad valorem tax levies and pledges and cash contributions.

Description	Authorized	Interest	lssue	Maturity	Balance at
	and Issued	Rate	Date	Date	Year End
G.O. Capital Improvement of 2010A	\$ 1,150,000	2.00 - 3.30 %	9/15/2010	02/01/26	\$ 565,000

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds Marshall-Lyon County Library Component Unit Activities						
June 30,	Princ	ipal	Interest		Total		
2019	\$ 6	65,000	\$	15,406	\$	80,406	
2020	6	65,000		13,895		78,895	
2021	6	65,000		12,270		77,270	
2022	7	70,000		10,445		80,445	
2023	7	70,000		8,415		78,415	
2024 - 2026	23	30,000		11,363		241,363	
Total	_\$ 56	<u> 5,000</u>	\$	71,794	\$	636,794	

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the component units for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

Component Unit Activities	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Marshall Municipal Utilities					
Revenue Bonds	\$ 28,475,000	\$-	\$ (3,295,000)	\$ 25,180,000	\$ 3,375,000
Accrued Transmission Reserve	901,385	1,054,832	-	1,956,217	776,192
Compensated Absences					
Payable	697,756	-	(14,502)	683,254	-
Other Postemployment					
Benefits Obligation	337,885	35,329	(14,538)	358,676	-
Pension Liability					
GERF	3,108,976	-	(595,918)	2,513,058	-
Unamortized Bond Discount	(110,671)	-	19,550	(91,121)	-
Component Unit		·			
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 33,410,331	\$ 1,090,161	\$ (3,900,408)	\$ 30,600,084	\$ 4,151,192
Marshall Housing Commission Compensated Absences Payable	\$ 51,142	\$ 20,724	\$-	\$ 71,866	\$ 25,679
T ayabic	ψ 51,142	ψ 20,724	Ψ	ψ 71,000	φ 20,013
Marshall-Lyon County Library Bonds Payable					
General obligation bonds	\$ 625,000	\$-	\$ (60,000)	\$ 565,000	\$ 65,000
Unamortized bond premium	8,435		(937)	7,498	
Total Bonds Payable	633,435	-	(60,937)	572,498	65,000
Pension Liability					
GERF	531,962	-	(91,338)	440,624	-
Compensated Absences					
Payable	82,791	39,613	(31,149)	91,255	18,672
Other Postemployment					
Benefits Obligation	20,523	2,376		22,899	
Component Unit					
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 1,268,711	\$ 41,989	\$ (183,424)	\$ 1,127,276	\$ 83,672

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statutes, chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City, are covered by the General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF). GERF members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

Public Employees Police and Fire Fund (PEPFF)

The PEPFF, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the PEPFF also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to a local relief association that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by Minnesota statute and can only be modified by the state legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

GERF Benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989 receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989 normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Increases are related to the funding ratio of the plan. If the General Employees Plan is at least 90 percent funded for two consecutive years, benefit recipients are given a 2.5 percent increase. If the plan has not exceeded 90 percent funded, or have fallen below 80 percent, benefit recipients are given a one percent increase. A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a pro rata increase.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

PEPFF Benefits

Benefits for the PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for PEPFF members first hired after June 30, 2014 vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3 percent of average salary for each year of service. A full, unreduced pension is earned when members are age 55 and vested, or for members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. Police and Fire Plan benefit recipients receive a future annual 1.0 percent increase. An annual adjustment will equal 2.5 percent any time the plan exceeds a 90 percent funded ratio for two consecutive years. If the adjustment is increased to 2.5 percent and the funded ratio falls below 80 percent for one year or 85 percent for two consecutive years, the post-retirement benefit increase will be lowered to one percent. A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a pro rata increase. For retirements after May 31, 2014, the first increase will be delayed two years.

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state legislature.

GERF Contributions

Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary and the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent of pay for Coordinated Plan member in fiscal year 2018. The City's contributions to the GERF for the years ending December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$346,802, \$325,243 and \$303,513, respectively. The Marshall Municipal Utilities contributions to the GERF for the years ending December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$228,233, \$228,045 and \$223,004, respectively. The Marshall-Lyon County Library's contributions to the GERF for the years ending December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$41,335, \$38,801 and \$35,525, respectively. The City's and discretely presented component units' contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by Minnesota statute.

PEPFF Contributions

Plan members were required to contribute 10.80 percent of their annual covered salary and the City was required to contribute 16.20 percent of pay for the members in fiscal year 2018. The City's contributions to the PEPFF for the years ending December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$260,368, \$254,704 and \$229,508, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by Minnesota statute.

D. Pension Costs

GERF pension costs - Primary Government and Marshall - Lyon County Library

At December 31, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$4,144,050 for its proportionate share of the GERF's net pension liability of which the Marshall-Lyon County Library's portion was calculated at \$440,624. The City's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the fund in 2018. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the State's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City totaled \$135,844. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was 0.0747 percent which was a decrease of 0.0010 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017. The Marshal-Lyon County Library's proportion measured as of June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$146,295 for its proportionate share of GERF's pension expense.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

At December 31, 2018 the City reported its proportionate share of GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources:

		Primary Government				Component Unit - Library			
		Deferred	Ľ	Deferred	D	Deferred		eferred	
	(Dutflows		Inflows	0	utflows		Inflows	
	of I	Resources	of F	Resources	of F	Resources	of F	Resources	
Differences Between Expected and									
Actual Experience	\$	98,372	\$	103,288	\$	11,704	\$	12,289	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		354,549		416,119		42,183		49,509	
Net Difference Between Projected and									
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		-		394,623		-		46,951	
Changes in Proportion		133,503		70,369		15,884		8,372	
Contributions to GERF Subsequent									
to the Measurement Date	_	174,186		-	_	20,724		-	
Total	_\$	760,610	\$	984,399	\$	90,495	_\$	117,121	

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$194,910 related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions to GERF subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to GERF pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	G	Primary overnment	Con	nponent Unit Library
2019 2020 2021 2022	\$	149,747 (151,515) (318,910) (77,297))	17,816 (18,027) (37,943) (9,196)

GERF Pension Costs - Marshall Municipal Utilities

At December 31, 2018, MMU reported a liability of \$2,513,058 for its proportionate share of the GERF's net pension liability. MMU's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the fund in 2017. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the State's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the MMU totaled \$82,458. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. MMU's proportion of the net pension liability was based on MMU's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2018, MMU's proportionate share was 0.0453 percent which was a 0.0034 percent decrease from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, MMU recognized pension expense (recovered) of (\$29,665) for its proportionate share of GERF's pension expense.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

At December 31, 2018, MMU reported its proportionate share of GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources:

	Con	Component Unit - Municipal Utilities				
	[Deferred	Deferred			
	(Outflows		Inflows		
	of I	Resources	of Resources			
Differences Between Expected and						
Actual Experience	\$	71,285	\$	76,369		
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		250,129		296,875		
Net Difference Between Projected and						
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		-		270,220		
Changes in Proportion		60,897		170,565		
Contributions to GERF Subsequent						
to the Measurement Date		115,493		-		
Total	_\$	497,804	\$	814,029		

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$115,493 related to pensions resulting from MMU's contributions to GERF subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to GERF pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	•	nent Unit - oal Utilities
2019 2020 2021 2022	\$	56,370 (168,244) (267,394) (52,450)

PEPFF Pension Costs

At December 31, 2018, the City reported a liability of \$1,578,593 for its proportionate share of the PEPFF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportionate share was 0.1481 percent which was a 0.0049 percent decrease from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$41,499 for its proportionate share of PEPFF's pension expense. The City also recognized \$13,329 for the year ended December 31, 2018 as pension expense (and an offsetting reduction of net pension liability) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's on-behalf contributions to the plan. Legislation passed in 2013 required the State of Minnesota to begin contributing \$9 million to the PEPFF each year, starting in fiscal year 2014.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

At December 31, 2018 the City reported its proportionate share of PEPFF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources:

	of	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences Between Expected and						
Actual Experience	\$	64,058	\$	369,691		
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		2,036,747		2,323,895		
Net Difference Between Projected and						
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		-		341,668		
Changes in Proportion		60,242		107,598		
Contributions to PEPFF Subsequent						
to the Measurement Date		131,143		-		
Total	_\$	2,292,190	\$	3,142,852		

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$131,143 related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions to PEPFF subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to PEPFF pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2019	\$ 43,896
2020	(115,770)
2021	(241,892)
2022	(647,839)
2023	(20,200)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per year
Active Member Payroll Growth	3.25% per year
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors and disabilitants were based on RP-2014 tables for all plans for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments to fit PERA's experience. Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent per year for GERF and 1.0 percent per year for PEPFF.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent six-year experience study in the GERF plan was completed in 2015. The most recent four-year experience study for PEPFF was completed in 2016. Economic assumptions were updated in 2017 based on a review of inflation and investment return assumptions.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2018:

<u>GERF</u>

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

<u>PEPFF</u>

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017.
- As set by statute, the assumed post-retirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent per year, thereafter, to 1.0 percent for all years, with no trigger.

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Stocks	36.00 %	5.10 %
International Stocks	17.00	5.30
Bonds (Fixed Income)	20.00	0.75
Alternative Assets (Private Markets)	25.00	5.90
Cash	2.00	-
Total	<u> 100.00 </u> %	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2018 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the GERF and PEPFF were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan member. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Statewide (Continued)

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	City/Component Unit Proportionate Share of NPL					
	1	Percent				1 Percent
	Decre	ease (6.50%)	Cur	rent (7.50%)	Incre	ease (8.50%)
GERF						
Primary Government	\$	6,052,395	\$	3,703,426	\$	1,802,446
Component Unit - Library		682,216		440,624		203,169
Component Unit - Municipal Utilities		4,084,041		2,513,058		1,216,257
		City	Proport	ionate Share of	NPL	
	1	Percent				1 Percent
	Decre	ease (6.50%)	Cur	rent (7.50%)	Incre	ease (8.50%)
PEPFF						
Primary Government	\$	3,384,603	\$	1,578,593	\$	85,098

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

Note 5: Defined Contribution Plan

There are 5 City Council members covered by the Public Employees Defined Contribution Plan (PEDCP), a multipleemployer deferred compensation plan administered by PERA. The PEDCP is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and all contributions by or on behalf of employees are tax deferred until time of withdrawal.

The defined contribution plan consists of individual accounts paying a lump-sum benefit. Plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings, less administrative expenses, therefore, there is no future liability to the employer. Minnesota statutes, chapter 353d.03, specifies plan provisions, including the employee and employer contribution rates for those qualified personnel who elect to participate. An eligible elected official who decides to participate contributes 5 percent of salary which is matched by the elected official's employer. For ambulance service personnel, employer contributions are determined by the employer, and for salaried employees contributions must be a fixed percentage of salary. Employer contributions for volunteer personnel may be a unit value for each call or period of alert duty. Employer and employee contributions are combined and used to purchase shares in one or more of the seven accounts of the Minnesota Supplemental Investment Fund. For administering the plan, PERA receives 2.0 percent of employer contributions and twenty-five hundredths of 1.0 percent (0.25 percent) of the assets in each member's account annually.

Pension expense for the year is equal to contributions made. Total contributions made by the City during the fiscal year 2018 were:

				Percent	age of	
	Contributi	on Amou	unt	Covered	Payroll	
Em	nployee	En	nployer	Employee	Employer	Required Rate
\$	1,991	\$	1,991	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%

The City's contributions to the PEDCP for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$1,991, \$1,943 and \$1,599, respectively. The City's contributions were equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by Minnesota statute.

Note 6: Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Fire Relief Association

A. Plan Description

All members of the Marshall Fire Department (the Department) are covered by a defined benefit plan administered by the Marshall Volunteer Firefighters Relief Association (the Association). As of December 31, 2017, the plan covered 48 active firefighters and 11 vested terminated fire fighters whose pension benefits are deferred. The plan is a single employer retirement plan and is established and administered in accordance with Minnesota statute, chapter 69.

The Association maintains a separate Special fund to accumulate assets to fund the retirement benefits earned by the Department's membership. Funding for the Association is derived from an insurance premium tax in accordance with the Volunteer Firefighter's Relief Association Financing Guidelines Act of 1971 (chapter 261 as amended by chapter 509 of Minnesota statutes 1980). Funds are also derived from investment income.

B. Benefits Provided

A fire fighter who completes at least 20 years as an active member of the Department is entitled, after age 50, to a full service pension upon retirement.

The bylaws of the Association also provide for an early vested service pension for a retiring member who has completed fewer than 20 years of service. The reduced pension, available to members with 10 years of service, shall be equal to 60 percent of the pension as prescribed by the bylaws. This percentage increases 4 percent per year so that at 20 years of service, the full amount prescribed is paid. Members who retire at or after age 50 with 10 years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to the applicable vesting percentage times \$5,500 per year of service.

Note 6: Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Fire Relief Association (Continued)

C. Contributions

Minnesota statutes, chapters 424 and 424A authorize pension benefits for volunteer fire relief associations. The plan is funded by fire state aid, investment earnings and, if necessary, employer contributions as specified in Minnesota statutes and voluntary City contributions (if applicable). The State of Minnesota contributed \$107,252 in fire state aid to the plan on behalf of the City Fire Department for the year ended December 31, 2017, which was recorded as a revenue. Required employer contributions are calculated annually based on statutory provisions. The City's statutorily-required contributions to the plan for the year ended December 31, 2017, were \$107,252. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute. In addition, the City made voluntary contributions of \$1,654 to the plan. The firefighter has no obligation to contribute to the plan.

D. Pension Costs

At December 31, 2018, the City reported a net pension liability (asset) of (\$335,892) for the plan. The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) in accordance with GASB 68 was determined by Van Iwaarden Associates applying an actuarial formula to specific census data certified by the Department. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized negative pension expense of \$43,634.

At December 31, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, related to pension from the following sources:

	Ou	ferred Itflows esources	-	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Net Difference Between Projected and	\$	-	\$	356,220 4,928
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		132,880		
Total	_\$	132,880	\$	361,148

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2019	\$ (27,705)
2020	(80,254)
2021	(61,683)
2022	191
2023	(58,817)

Note 6: Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Fire Relief Association (Continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at December 31, 2018 was determined using the entry age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Retirement eligibility at the later of age 50 or after completion of 20 years of service, if a member is

both age 50 and has completed 10 years of service, but not 20 years of service, the lump	
sum pension will be reduced by 4% for each year of service less than 20 years.	
Discount Rate	6.75%
Expected Long-term Rate of Return on Assets	6.75%
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
20 Year Municipal Bond Yield	3.71%
Inflation Rate	2.75%

There were no changes in actuarial assumptions in 2018.

Retirement eligibility at the later of age 50 or after completion of 20 years of service, if a member is both age 50 and has completed 10 years of service, but not 20 years of service, the lump sum pension will be reduced by 4 percent for each year of service less than 20 years.

The 6 percent long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates for expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) were developed for each asset class using the plan's target investment allocation along with long-term return expectations by asset class. Inflation expectations were applied to derive the nominal rate of return for the portfolio.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equities	60.00 %	5.39 %
Fixed Income Real Estate and Alternatives	30.00 5.00	1.98 4.25
Cash and Equivalents	5.00	0.79
Total	<u> 100.00 </u> %	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions to the plan will be made as specified in statute. Based on that assumption and considering the funding ratio of the plan, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 6: Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Fire Relief Association (Continued)

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the City's net pension liability (asset) for the plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percent lower or 1 percent higher than the current discount rate:

	 ercent se (5.75%)	Curre	nt (6.75%)	-	Percent ase (7.75%)
Defined Benefit Plan	\$ (273,878)	\$	(335,892)	\$	(395,108)

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

For financial reporting purposes, the Association's financial statements are not included with the City's financial statements because the Association is not a component unit of the City. The financial statements of the Association may be obtained at the City's offices.

Note 7: Retirement Plan - Housing Commission (Component Unit)

Component Unit Pension Information

Qualified employees of the Marshall Housing Commission (the Commission), a discrete component unit of the City, belong to the Housing Renewal and Local Agency Retirement Plan, which is a defined contribution retirement plan. The retirement plan is a national plan with local or regional housing authorities and commissions, urban renewal agencies and other organizations eligible to participate. Required contributions were made by the Commission to the Housing Renewal and Local Agency Retirement Plan. The Commission's pension contributions for the years ending December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were \$8,106, \$7,813 and \$7,835, respectively.

Detailed information concerning the Commission's pension plan is presented in its publicly available annual report for the year ended September 30, 2018. That report may be obtained by contacting the Commission.

Note 8: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

A. Plan Description

The City, including the discretely presented component units, administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan ("the Retiree Health Plan"). The plan provides lifetime healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses through the City's group health insurance plan, which covers both active and retired members. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and the union representing employees and are renegotiated each three-year bargaining period. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

At December 31, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefit Payments	13
Active Plan Members	92
Total Plan Members	105

B. Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are also negotiated between the City and union representatives. The City does not contribute to the cost of current-year premiums for eligible retired plan members and their spouses. For the year 2018, the City directly contributed \$0 to the Plan, while implicit contributions totaled \$24,752.

Note 8: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

C. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The City's total OPEB liability of \$488,559 was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. Roll forward procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date.

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate	3.31%
20-Year Municipal Bond Yield	3.31%
Inflation Rate	2.75%
Medical Trend Rate	6.90% in 2018 grading to 4.40% over several decades

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.31 percent. Per GASB guidance, the single rate that produces the same present value of expected benefit payments as (1) the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets during the period when projected assets are sufficient to pay future retiree benefits, and (2) the 20-year municipal bond rate after assets are projected to be exhausted.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables with projected mortality improvements based on scale MP-2015, and other adjustments for general employees and mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 mortality tables with projected mortality improvements based on Scale AA, and other adjustments.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on input from a variety of published sources of historical and projected future financial data. Each assumption was reviewed for reasonableness with the source information as well as for consistency with the other economic assumptions.

D. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability (a)
Balances at December 31, 2017	\$ 422,674
Changes for the Year:	
Service cost	46,291
Interset	17,579
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	17,186
Benefit payments	(15,171)
Net Changes	65,885
Balances at December 31, 2018	<u>\$ 488,559</u>

Note 8: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

Changes in the total OPEB liability for the MMU:

	Total OPEB Liability (a)
Balances at December 31, 2017	\$ 337,885
Changes for the Year:	
Service cost	8,762
Interset	12,930
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	13,637
Benefit payments	(14,538)
Net Changes	20,791
Balances at December 31, 2018	<u>\$ 358,676</u>

Since the prior measurement date, the following assumptions changed:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bonds (Fidelity 20-Year Municipal GO AA Index); used in discount rate determination changed from 3.81% to 3.31%.

Since the prior measurement date, there have been no benefit terms changed.

E. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.31 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.31 percent) than the current discount rate:

1 Percent Decrease (2.31%)		Curren	Current (3.31%)		1 Percent Increase (4.31%)	
\$	525,066	\$	488,559	\$	454,849	

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Cost Trent Rates that is 1-percentage point lower (5.90 percent decreasing to 3.40 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent increasing to 5.40 percent) than the current cost trend rate:

		Healt	hcare Cost		
1 Percent Decrease			nd Rates	1 Percent Increase	
(5.9% Decreasing to 3.4%)		,	(6.9% Decreasing to 4.4%)		Decreasing 5.4%)
\$	437,898	\$	488,559	\$	548,481

Note 8: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the MMU, as well as what the MMU's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (2.31 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.31 percent) than the current discount rate:

1 Percent Decrease (2.31%)		Curre	Current (3.31%)		1 Percent Increase (4.31%)	
\$	388,516	\$	358,676	\$	332,171	

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the MMU, as well as what the MMU's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Cost Trent Rates that is 1-percentage point lower (5.90 percent decreasing to 3.40 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent increasing to 5.40 percent) than the current cost trend rate:

		Heal	thcare Cost			
1 Perc	ent Decrease	Tre	end Rates	1 Percent Increase		
(5.9% Decreasing		(6.9%	Decreasing	(7.9% Decreasing		
to 3.4%) to 4.4%)		o 4.4%)	` to	5.4%)		
\$	327,132	\$	358,676	\$	394,864	

F. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$25,842. At December 31, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Deferred of Resources of Reso			
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Contributions to OPEB Subsequent	\$	15,291	\$	-
to the Measurement Date		24,752		
Total	\$	40,043	\$	

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$24,752 related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions to OPEB subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	
2019	\$ 1,895
2020	1,895
2021	1,895
2022	1,895
2023	1,895
Thereafter	5,816

Note 8: Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the MMU recognized OPEB expense of \$23,033. At December 31, 2018, the MMU reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Contributions to OPEB Subsequent	\$ 12,296	\$	-	
to the Measurement Date	 14,538		-	
Total	\$ 26,834	\$	-	

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$14,538 related to pensions resulting from the MMU's contributions to OPEB subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:	
2019	\$ 1,341
2020	1,341
2021	1,341
2022	1,341
2023	1,341
Thereafter	5,591

Note 9: Other Information

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City obtains insurance through participation in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT) which is a risk sharing pool with approximately 800 other governmental units. The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT for its workers compensation, property and casualty insurance. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims above a prescribed dollar amount for each insurance event. Settled claims have not exceeded the City's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The City's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

B. Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from Federal and State agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. The financial assistance received is subject to an audit pursuant to the Uniform Guidance or audits by the grantor agency.

Note 9: Other Information (Continued)

Claims and Litigation

In connection with the normal conduct of its affairs, the City is involved in various claims, litigations and judgments. It is expected that the final settlement of these matters will not materially affect the financial statements of the City. No liability or provision for loss has been recorded in the December 31, 2018 financial statements in relation to any of these matters.

Tax Increment Districts

The City's tax increment districts are subject to review by the State of Minnesota Office of the State Auditor (OSA). Any disallowed claims or misuse of tax increments could become a liability of the applicable fund. Management has indicated that they are not aware of any instances of noncompliance which would have a material effect on the financial statements.

Component Units

MMU has contracted for the delivery of a fixed amount of power with the Western Area Power Administration (WAPA), which is a part of the US Department of Energy, through December 31, 2050.

MMU has entered into an S-1 Agreement with Missouri River Energy Services (MRES) for the purchase of any power and transmission service greater than our fixed WAPA allocation of power supply, required by MMU through January 1, 2057.

MMU has contracted to sell the capacity of its generation plant to MRES through May 31, 2029.

MMU has entered an agreement with the City of Marshall in support of industrial land development. This agreement calls for MMU to pay one half of the acquisition and development costs of approved projects through a payment in lieu of taxes capped at \$500,000 per year. Proceeds from subsequent sales of development projects will be divided equally between MMU and the City of Marshall with MMU's portion deducted from the payment in lieu of taxes.

MMU has contracted with Missouri Basin Municipal Power Agency dba Missouri River Energy Services (MRES) for Transmission Service (the TSA). The agreement dated February 1, 2011 runs through December 31, 2019, with continuation provisions. Among other things, the TSA provides for MRES to pay the Xcel Energy monthly transmission costs and then bill MMU for the cost of transmission on the MRES monthly power invoice.

C. Major Customers

MMU has two major customers who individually account for more than 10 percent revenue in 2018 and 2017. Revenue generated from these customers was \$24,327,941 and \$27,141,669 for 2018 and 2017, respectively. These amounts represent 56 percent and 58 percent of total revenue for 2018 and 2017, respectively.

D. Dark Fiber Agreement

Members of PrairieNet WAN are able to use dark fiber owned by MMU through negotiation of dark fiber agreements or through a month to month dark fiber fee as established by the MMU Commission. Dark Fiber made available to participating PrairieNet WAN members shall be "lit up" by the member so acquiring the use of the dark fiber, is at their cost. With prior approval of MMU, a member using dark fiber may work with another public body through which the member does joint work. Example of this would include Southwest Minnesota State University working through Marshall Public Schools (MPS) fiber capacity or the State of Minnesota working through the Lyon County fiber capacity. MMU has one dark fiber agreement with MPS that runs through June 1, 2024 in which MPS pays MMU \$1,500 per month.

E. Legal Debt Margin

The City's statutory debt limit is 3 percent of the estimated taxable market value of real and personal property located in the City. The taxable market value was \$890,286,520 at December 31, 2018 for a limit of \$26,708,596. The City currently has \$5,440,000 general obligation debt subject to the limit, leaving \$21,268,596 as a debt margin. Debt financed partially or entirely by special assessments, tax increment or operations of enterprise funds are excluded from this computation by statute.

Note 9: Other Information (Continued)

F. Concentrations

The City receives a significant amount of its annual General fund revenues from the State of Minnesota from the Local Government Aid (LGA) program. The amount received in 2018 was \$2,471,597 for LGA. This accounted for 20.4 percent of General fund revenues.

G. Transactions Between the Primary Government and its Component Unit

MMU remits an annually negotiated payment to the City of Marshall General fund in lieu of taxes. This fee is calculated on a formula based on preceding years KWH sales increased by an amount in support of industrial land development (\$500,000 in the year ended December 31, 2018). Payments under this agreement are \$1,328,669 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Note 10: Subsequent Event

The City passed a resolution on May 22, 2018 to issue a General Obligation bond for \$3,580,000. This bond was issued for the construction of street reconstruction and bituminous overlays.

The City passed a resolution on May 22, 2018 to approve a Pay-Go TIF District for \$2,070,000 in the Parkway Addition III.

Note 11: Prior Period Restatement

The City restated its governmental activities OPEB liability account as of January 1, 2018 which was overstated by \$83,388 and special assessment receivable which was overstated by \$2,283,638.

The City restated its business activities OPEB liability account as of January 1, 2018 which was overstated by \$7,525.

The Economic Development Authority discretely presented component unit restated its long term debt as of January 1, 2018 which was understated by \$8,498.

	December 31, 2018		
Fund	,	Net Position Period January 1, 2018 atement as Restated	
Governmental Activities	<u>\$81,461,909</u> <u>\$</u> (2	2,367,026) \$ 79,094,883	
Business-type Activities	<u>\$ 29,106,028</u>	(7,525) \$ 29,098,503	
Business-type Activities Wastewater Treatment Municipal Liquor Store Parkway Townhomes Surface Water Management	\$ 17,973,530 \$ 1,695,671 21,746 8,415,081	(7,499) \$ 17,966,031 (26) 1,695,645 - 21,746 - 8,415,081	
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 28,106,028 \$	(7,525) \$ 28,098,503	
Component Units Marshall-Lyon County Library	<u>\$5,355,016</u>	8,498 <u>\$ 5,363,514</u> Adjustment/	
Government-wide Statements Governmental activities To restate beginning OPEB liability To write off special assessments on City owned propert Total Governmental Activ	Restatement \$ (83,388)		
Business-type activities Sewer To restate beginning OPEB liability Liquor To restate beginning OPEB liability Total Business-type Activ	ities	\$ (7,499) (26) <u>\$ (7,525)</u>	
Marshall-Lyon County Library To restate beginning OPEB liability		\$ 8,498	

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF MARSHALL MARSHALL, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - General Employees Retirement Fund

							City's			
			State's		Proportionate					
			Proportionate				Share of the			
		City's	Share of				Net Pension			
		Proportionate	the Net Pension				Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary		
	City's	Share of	Liability			City's	Percentage of	Net Position		
Fiscal	Proportion of	the Net Pension	Associated with			Covered	Covered-Employee	as a Percentage		
Year	the Net Pension	Liability	the City	Total	Payroll		Payroll	of the Total		
rear		Liability	the City	Total		Fayloli	Faylon			
Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	(a+b)		(c)	((a+b)/c)	Pension Liability		
Ending	Liability	,	(b)	(a+b)		,	((a+b)/c)	Pension Liability		
		,	,		\$,	,			
Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	(a+b)	\$	(c)	((a+b)/c)	Pension Liability		
Ending 06/30/18	Liability	(a) \$ 4,144,050	(b) \$ 135,844	(a+b) \$ 4,279,894	\$	(c) 5,015,656	((a+b)/c) 85.3 %	Pension Liability 79.5 %		

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - General Employees Retirement Fund

Year Ending	F	tatutorily Required ontribution (a)	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)		Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)		 City's Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll (b/c)
12/31/18	\$	388,137	\$	388,137	\$	-	\$ 5,175,154	7.5 %
12/31/17		364,044		364,044		-	4,853,924	7.5
12/31/16		339,038		339,038		-	4,520,504	7.5
12/31/15		337,463		337,463		-	4,499,507	7.5

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employees Retirement Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

2018 - The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017. The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

2017 - The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

2016 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

2017 - The State's special funding contribution increased from \$6 million to \$16 million.

2015 - On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

Schedule of Municipal Utilities' Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - General Employees Retirement Fund

Proportionate Liability Component Unit's Share of Associated with Fiscal Proportion of the Net Pension the Component		Component Unit's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Plan Fiduciary Component Unit's Percentage of Net Position Covered Covered-Employee as a Percentage						
Year the Net Pension Liability Unit	Total	Payroll	Payroll	of the Total				
Ending Liability (a) (b)	(a+b)	(c)	(a/c)	Pension Liability				
06/30/18 0.0453 \$ 2,513,058 \$ 82,458 06/30/17 0.0487 3,108,976 39,118 06/30/16 0.0472 3,832,406 14,919 06/30/15 0.0478 2,477,244 -	 \$ 2,595,516 3,148,094 3,847,325 2,477,244 	\$ 3,099,066 3,040,599 2,973,391 2,809,961	81.1 % 102.2 128.9 88.2	79.5 % 75.9 68.9 78.2				

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Municipal Utilities' PERA Contributions - General Employees Retirement Fund

Year Ending	F	tatutorily Required ontribution (a)	Rel S	tributions in ation to the statutorily Required ontribution (b)	Defic (Exc	bution iency :ess) -b)	C	Component Unit's Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll (b/c)
12/31/18 12/31/17 12/31/16 12/31/15	\$	228,233 228,045 223,004 207,341	\$	228,233 228,045 223,004 207,341	\$	-	\$	3,043,105 3,040,599 2,973,391 2,809,961	7.5 % 7.5 7.5 7.5

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Municipal Utilities' Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employee Retirement Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

2018 - The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017. The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

2017 - The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

2016 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

2017 - The State's special funding contribution increased from \$6 million to \$16 million.

2015 - On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

		City's Proportionate	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary			
	City's	Share of	Liability		City's	Percentage of	Net Position
Fiscal	Proportion of	the Net Pension	Associated with		Covered	Covered-Employee	as a Percentage
Year	the Net Pension	Liability	the City	Total	Payroll	Payroll	of the Total
Ending	Liability	(a)	(b)	(a+b)	(c)	((a+b)/c)	Pension Liability
06/30/18 06/30/17	0.1481 % 0.1530	\$ 1,578,593 2,065,682	\$-	\$ 1,578,593 2,065,682	\$	101.1 % 131.9	88.8 % 85.4
			-				
06/30/16 06/30/15	0.1490 0.1540	5,979,629 1,749,800	-	5,979,629 1,749,800	1,433,849 1,367,414	417.0 128.0	63.9 86.6

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

Year Ending	F	tatutorily Required ontribution (a)	Rela S F	tributions in ation to the statutorily Required ontribution (b)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)		 City's Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll (b/c)
12/31/18	\$	260,368	\$	260,368	\$	-	\$ 1,607,209	16.2 %
12/31/17		254,704		254,704		-	1,572,249	16.2
12/31/16		229,508		229,508		-	1,416,719	16.2
12/31/15		240,460		240,460		-	1,484,321	16.2

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Public Employees Police and Fire Fund

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

2018 - The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2016 to MP-2017. As set by statute, the assumed postretirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2064 and 2.5 percent per year, thereafter, to 1.0 percent for all years, with no trigger.

2017 - Assumed salary increases were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2016 experience study. The net effect is proposed rates that average 0.34 percent lower than the previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed, resulting in fewer retirements. The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) load was 30 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The CSA has been changed to 33 percent for vested members and 2 percent for non-vested members. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 fully generational table to the RP-2014 fully generational table (with a base year of 2006), with male rates adjusted by a factor of 0.96. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale AA to Scale MP-2016. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2000 disabled mortality table to the mortality tables assumed for healthy retirees. Assumed termination rates were decreased to 3.0 percent for the first three years of service. Rates beyond the select period of three years were adjusted, resulting in more expected terminations overall. Assumed percentage of married female members was decreased from 65 percent to 60 percent. Assumed age difference was changed from separate assumptions for male members (wives assumed to be three years younger) and female members (husbands assumed to be four years older) to the assumption that males are two years older than females. The assumed percentage of female members electing joint and survivor annuities was increased. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2064 and 2.50 percent thereafter. The single discount rate was changed from 5.6 percent to 7.5 percent.

2016 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9 percent to 5.6 percent. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 - The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2037 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

2015 - The post-retirement benefit increase to be paid after attainment of the 90 percent funding threshold was changed, from inflation up to 2.5 percent, to a fixed rate of 2.5 percent.

Schedule Employer's Fire Relief Association Contributions

Year Ending	De	Actuarial Determined Contribution (a)			Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	
12/31/18	\$	117,360	\$	117,360	\$	-
12/31/17		156,757		156,757		-
12/31/16		124,166		124,166		-
12/31/15		103,127		103,127		-
12/31/14		173,399		173,399		-

Schedule of Changes in the Fire Relief Association's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

	2018 (Fire Relief Report Date 2017)			2017 (Fire Relief Report Date 2016)		2016 (Fire Relief Report Date 2015)		2015 (Fire Relief Report Date 2014)	
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms	\$	131,058 173,655	\$	138,841 234,533	\$	151,873 206,225 88,384	\$	128,480 203,955 59,012	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions		- - -		(504,956) (579)		- (44,795)		- 34,723	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(867,453) (562,740)		(656,455) (788,616)		(45,890) 355,797		(254,609) 171,561	
Total Pension Liability - January 1		2,875,329		3,663,945		3,308,148		3,136,587	
Total Pension Liability - December 31 (A)	\$	2,312,589	\$	2,875,329	\$	3,663,945	\$	3,308,148	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Contributions - donations and other income	\$	108,906 8,454	\$	156,757 -	\$	124,166 -	\$	103,127	
Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense		(147,725) (867,453) (9,975)		514,498 (656,455) (9,152)		269,176 (45,890) (8,530)		(45,718) (254,609) (11,275)	
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(907,793)		5,648		338,922		(208,475)	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - January 1		3,556,274		3,550,626		3,211,704		3,420,179	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - December 31 (B)	\$	2,648,481	\$	3,556,274	\$	3,550,626	\$	3,211,704	
Fire Relief's Net Pension Liability (Asset) - December 31 (A-B)	\$	(335,892)	\$	(680,945)	\$	113,319	\$	96,444	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (B/A)		114.52%		123.68%		96.91%		97.08%	
Covered-employee Payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	
Fire Relief's Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered-employee Payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	
Notes to Schedule: Benefit Changes. None in 2018.									

Changes of Assumptions. None in 2018.

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - Fire Relief Association

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

2018 - No changes in assumptions.

Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

		2018
Total OPEB Liability		40.004
Service cost Interest	\$	46,291
		17,579
Changes in assumptions		17,186
Benefit payments		(15,171)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		65,885
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		422,674
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	488,559
Covered - Employee Payroll	\$	7,183,783
City's total OPEB liability as a percentage of		
covered employee payroll		6.80 %
Benefit Changes:		
In 2018, there were no benefit changes that occurred.		
Changes in Assumptions:		
In 2018, the following assumptions changes:		
The discount rate was changed from 3.81% to 3.31%.		
Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be report	ed as they become a	vailable.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF MARSHALL MARSHALL, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

City of Marshall, Minnesota Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2018

	Nonmajor Special Revenue	Nonmajor Capital Projects	Total	
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 2,912,623	\$ 7,623,042	\$ 10,535,665	
Receivables				
Interest	148	707	855	
Delinquent taxes	-	11,456	11,456	
Accounts	6,394	30,445	36,839	
Notes/leases	13,576		13,576	
Special assessments	-	595,417	595,417	
Intergovernmental	-	96,861	96,861	
Due from other funds	-	30,000	30,000	
Prepaid items	25,548		25,548	
Total Assets	\$ 2,958,289	\$ 8,387,928	\$ 11,346,217	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 13,051	\$ 168,277	\$ 181,328	
Due to other funds	30,000	429,028	459,028	
Due to component unit	9,503	454	9,957	
Due to other governments	12,902	-	12,902	
Accrued salaries payable	4,489	-	4,489	
Total Liabilities	69,945	597,759	667,704	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue - taxes	-	11,456	11,456	
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		595,417	595,417	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u> </u>	606,873	606,873	
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable for				
Prepaid items	25,548	-	25,548	
Restricted for				
City celebrations	18,259	-	18,259	
Economic development	2,056,401	-	2,056,401	
Capital projects	-	1,933,006	1,933,006	
Committed for				
Economic development	2,316	-	2,316	
Capital projects	-	897,557	897,557	
Assigned for				
Economic development	622,465	-	622,465	
Capital projects	-	4,704,846	4,704,846	
Drivers education	79,601	-	79,601	
ASC Arena	30,422	-	30,422	
Park improvements	-	16,569	16,569	
Emergency response and industrial training center	53,332	-	53,332	
Unassigned	-	(368,682)	(368,682)	
Total Fund Balances	2,888,344	7,183,296	10,071,640	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 2,958,289</u>	<u>\$ 8,387,928</u>	<u>\$ 11,34</u> 120	
11	o		120	

City of Marshall, Minnesota Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Nonmajor Special Revenue	Nonmajor Capital Projects	Total
Revenues			
Taxes	\$-	\$ 387,186	\$ 387,186
Intergovernmental	-	745,919	745,919
Charges for services	255,375	-	255,375
Special assessments	-	259,901	259,901
Investment earnings	31,773	26,028	57,801
Miscellaneous	593,656	138,639	732,295
Total Revenues	880,804	1,557,673	2,438,477
Expenditures			
Current			
General government	-	8,559	8,559
Public safety	166,601	-	166,601
Public works	-	5,547	5,547
Culture and recreation	679,839	11,505	691,344
Economic development	243	-	243
Capital outlay			
General government	-	131,243	131,243
Public safety	-	145,637	145,637
Public works	-	39,341	39,341
Culture and recreation	-	416,866	416,866
Airport	-	683,548	683,548
Debt service		,	
Principal	-	95,404	95,404
Interest and other	-	825	825
Bond issuance costs	-	764	764
Total Expenditures	846,683	1,539,239	2,385,922
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	34,121	18,434	52,555
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Sale of capital assets	-	35,000	35,000
Transfers in	582,951	3,421,708	4,004,659
Bonds issued	-	35,000	35,000
Premium on bonds issued	-	2,441	2,441
Transfers out	(58,604)	(3,528,245)	(3,586,849)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	524,347	(34,096)	490,251
	024,047	(04,000)	400,201
Net Change in Fund Balances	558,468	(15,662)	542,806
Fund Balances, January 1	2,329,876	7,198,958	9,528,834
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 2,888,344	\$ 7,183,296	\$ 10,071,640

City of Marshall, Minnesota Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2018

A t-		215 Iarshall ebrations	Dev	220 Small Cities relopment rogram	De	221 D18 Small Cities evelopment Program	223 Program Income SCDP - Local	
Assets Cash and temporary investments	\$	18,259	\$	1,107	\$	539,290	\$	124,523
Receivables	•	-,	•	, -	,	,	,	,
Interest		-		-		-		-
Accounts		-		381		-		-
Notes/leases		-		13,576		-		-
Prepaid items		-		-		-		
Total Assets	\$	18,259	\$	15,064	\$	539,290	\$	124,523
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	11	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Due to component unit		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-
Accrued salaries payable		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		11		-		-
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable for								
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-
Restricted for								
City celebrations		18,259		-		-		-
Economic development		-		-		-		56,401
Committed for								
Economic development		-		-		-		-
Assigned for Economic development				15,053		539,290		68,122
Driver education		-		13,055		559,290		00,122
ASC Arena		-		-		-		-
Emergency response and industrial training center		-		_		-		-
Total Fund Balances		18,259		15,053		539,290		124,523
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	18,259	\$	15,064	\$	539,290	\$	124,523

Ed C	240 mmunity lucation Drivers Training	AS	258 SC Arena	Res In	270 nergency ponse and dustrial ning Center	E	280 Indowment Avera / WMMC	Parl Recr	01 < and eation ations	 Total
\$	92,503	\$	53,421	\$	51,204	\$	2,032,316	\$	-	\$ 2,912,623
	- - -		20 - 17,315		128 6,013 - 8,233		- - -		- - -	 148 6,394 13,576 25,548
\$	92,503	\$	70,756	\$	65,578	\$	2,032,316	\$		\$ 2,958,289
\$	- - 12,902	\$	11,000 - 8,649 -	\$	2,040 - 854 -	\$	- 30,000 -	\$	- - -	\$ 13,051 30,000 9,503 12,902
	- 12,902		3,370 23,019		1,119 4,013				<u> </u>	 4,489 69,945
	-		17,315		8,233		-		-	 25,548
	-		-		-		-		-	18,259
	-		-		-		2,000,000		-	2,056,401
	-		-		-		2,316		-	2,316
	79,601 - - 79,601		30,422 47,737		- - 53,332 61,565		2,002,316		- - - -	 622,465 79,601 30,422 53,332 2,888,344
\$	92,503	\$	70,756	\$	65,578	\$	2,032,316	\$		\$ 2,958,289

City of Marshall, Minnesota Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

D	215 Marshall Celebrations	220 Small Cities Development Program	221 2018 Small Cities Development Program	223 Program Income SCDP - Local
Revenues Charges for services	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Investment earnings	Ψ -	φ 159	Ψ	Ψ
Miscellaneous				
Rents	-	-		-
Contributions and donations Refunds and reimbursements	-	5,711	539,290	-
Total Revenues		5,870	539,290	
Expenditures				
Current Public safety	_	_	_	_
Culture and recreation	-	_	-	_
Economic development		243		
Total Expenditures		243		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	-	5,627	539,290	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				10.000
Transfers in Transfers out	-	- (12,060)	-	12,060
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(12,060)		12,060
		(12,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(6,433)	539,290	12,060
Fund Balances, January 1	18,259	21,486		112,463
Fund Balances, December 31	<u>\$ 18,259</u>	\$ 15,053	\$ 539,290	\$ 124,523

Ec	240 mmunity Jucation Drivers		258	Em Resp	270 ergency onse and dustrial	E	280 Indowment Avera /		801 ark and creation	
T	raining	A	SC Arena	Traini	ng Center		WMMC	Do	onations	 Total
\$	63,671	\$	191,704	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 255,375
	-		81		500		31,028		5	31,773
	-		-		35,868		-		-	35,868
	-		- 11,927		316 544		-		-	539,606 18,182
	63,671		203,712		37,228		31,028		5	 880,804
					100.001					400.004
	- 51,398		- 596,635		166,601		- 31,806		-	166,601 679,839
			-		-		-		_	243
	51,398		596,635		166,601		31,806		-	846,683
	12,273		(392,923)		(129,373)		(778)		5	34,121
	-		440,660		130,231		-		-	582,951
	-		-		-		(30,000)		(16,544)	 (58,604)
	-		440,660		130,231		(30,000)		(16,544)	 524,347
	12,273		47,737		858		(30,778)		(16,539)	558,468
	67,328		<u> </u>		60,707		2,033,094		16,539	 2,329,876
\$	79,601	\$	47,737	\$	61,565	\$	2,002,316	\$		\$ 2,888,344

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				2017						
		Budgeted	Amou	unts		Actual	Variance with			Actual
	0	Driginal		Final		Amounts		Final Budget		mounts
Revenues										
Charges for services	\$	55,000	\$	55,000	\$	63,671	\$	8,671	\$	60,684
Expenditures										
Current										
Culture and recreation										
Supplies		-		-		50,393		(50,393)		24,672
Other services and charges		56,000		56,000		1,005		54,995		27,915
Total Expenditures		56,000		56,000		51,398		4,602		52,587
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,000)		(1,000)		12,273		13,273		8,097
Fund Balances, January 1		67,328		67,328		67,328		-		59,231
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	66,328	\$	66,328	\$	79,601	\$	13,273	\$	67,328

City of Marshall, Minnesota Emergency Response and Industrial Training Center Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

				2017					
		Budgeted	Amc	ounts	Actual	Vari	ance with		Actual
	(Driginal		Final	Amounts	Fina	I Budget	Amounts	
Revenues									
Intergovernmental									
State aids	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$ -	\$	(5,000)	\$	-
Investment earnings		-		-	500		500		2
Miscellaneous									
Refunds and reimbursements		-		-	544		544		1,310
Contributions and donations		15,000		15,000	316		(14,684)		-
Rents		73,775		73,775	35,868		(37,907)		30,235
Total Revenues		93,775		93,775	 37,228		(56,547)		31,547
Expenditures									
Current									
Public safety									
Personal services		87,104		87,104	85,494		1,610		36,285
Supplies		15,500		15,500	12,013		3,487		3,547
Other services and charges		133,689		133,689	 69,094		64,595		64,779
Total Expenditures		236,293		236,293	 166,601		69,692		104,611
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					(400.070)		40.445		
Over (Under) Expenditures		(142,518)		(142,518)	(129,373)		13,145		(73,064)
Other Financing Sources									
Transfers in		130,220		130,220	130,231		11		129,048
		100,220		100,220	 100,201				120,040
Net Change in Fund Balances		(12,298)		(12,298)	858		13,156		55,984
Fund Balances, January 1		60,707		60,707	 60,707		-		4,723
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	48,409	\$	48,409	\$ 61,565	\$	13,156	\$	60,707

Budgeted AmountsActual AmountsVariance with Final BudgetActual AmountsRevenues Charges for services Investment earnings\$ 218,500\$ 218,500\$ 191,704\$ (26,796)\$ 132,600Investment earnings Miscellaneous Contributions and donations Refunds and reimbursements Total Revenues4,445Expenditures Current Culture and recreation Personal services Outer Services and charges Total Expenditures256,781256,781243,79412,987219,132Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Curres in Over (Under) Expenditures(403,582)(403,582)(392,923)10,659(402,293)Other Financing Sources Transfers in390,660390,660440,66050,000373,535Net Change in Fund Balances(12,922)(12,922)47,73760,659(28,758)Fund Balances, January 128,758					2017				
Revenues \$ 218,500 \$ 191,704 \$ (26,796) \$ 132,600 Investment earnings - - 81 81 116 Miscellaneous - - 81 81 116 Miscellaneous - - - 4,445 Contributions and donations - - - 4,445 Refunds and reimbursements - - - 4,445 Total Revenues 218,500 218,500 203,712 (14,788) 143,716 Expenditures - - - - - 4,445 Current Culture and recreation - - - - - 11,927 219,132 Supplies 60,000 60,000 87,373 (27,373) 58,234 - Other services and charges 305,301 305,301 265,468 39,833 268,643 Total Expenditures 622,082 622,082 596,635 25,447		Budgeted	Amc	ounts	Actual	Va	riance with		Actual
Charges for services \$ 218,500 \$ 218,500 \$ 191,704 \$ (26,796) \$ 132,600 Investment earnings - - 81 81 116 Miscellaneous - - 81 81 116 Contributions and donations - - - 4,445 Refunds and reimbursements - - 11,927 11,927 Total Revenues 218,500 218,500 203,712 (14,788) 143,716 Expenditures Current Culture and recreation - - - 4,445 Personal services 256,781 256,781 243,794 12,987 219,132 Supplies 60,000 60,000 87,373 (27,373) 58,234 Other services and charges 305,301 305,301 265,468 39,833 268,643 Total Expenditures (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other services in Christers (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources 390,660 390,660		Original		Final	 Amounts	Fin	al Budget	A	Amounts
Investment earnings - - 81 81 116 Miscellaneous - - 81 81 116 Miscellaneous - - - 4,445 Refunds and reimbursements - - - 4,445 Total Revenues 218,500 218,500 203,712 (14,788) 143,716 Expenditures Current Culture and recreation - - - 11,927 219,132 Supplies 60,000 60,000 87,373 (27,373) 58,234 Other services and charges 305,301 305,301 265,468 39,833 268,643 Total Expenditures 622,082 622,082 596,635 25,447 546,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)									
Miscellaneous - - - 4,445 Contributions and donations - - - 4,445 Refunds and reimbursements - - 11,927 6,555 Total Revenues 218,500 218,500 203,712 (14,788) 143,716 Expenditures Current Culture and recreation - - - - 4,445 Culture and recreation Personal services 256,781 256,781 243,794 12,987 219,132 Supplies 60,000 60,000 87,373 (27,373) 58,234 Other services and charges 305,301 305,301 265,468 39,833 268,643 Total Expenditures 622,082 622,082 596,635 25,447 546,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)		\$ 218,500	\$	218,500	\$	\$		\$	
Contributions and donations - - - 4,445 Refunds and reimbursements - - 11,927 11,927 6,555 Total Revenues 218,500 203,712 (14,788) 143,716 Expenditures Current Culture and recreation - - - 4,445 Personal services 256,781 256,781 243,794 12,987 219,132 Supplies 60,000 60,000 87,373 (27,373) 58,234 Other services and charges 305,301 305,301 265,468 39,833 268,643 Total Expenditures 622,082 622,082 596,635 25,447 546,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)	•	-		-	81		81		116
Refunds and reimbursements Total Revenues - - 11,927 11,927 6,555 Total Revenues 218,500 218,500 203,712 (14,788) 143,716 Expenditures Current Culture and recreation Personal services 256,781 256,781 243,794 12,987 219,132 Supplies 60,000 60,000 87,373 (27,373) 58,234 Other services and charges 305,301 305,301 265,468 39,833 268,643 Total Expenditures 622,082 622,082 596,635 25,447 546,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources Transfers in 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)									
Total Revenues 218,500 218,500 203,712 (14,788) 143,716 Expenditures Current Culture and recreation Personal services 256,781 256,781 243,794 12,987 219,132 Supplies 60,000 60,000 87,373 (27,373) 58,234 Other services and charges 305,301 305,301 265,468 39,833 268,643 Total Expenditures 622,082 622,082 596,635 25,447 546,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources Transfers in 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)	-	-		-	-		-		,
Expenditures Current Culture and recreation Personal services 256,781 256,781 243,794 12,987 219,132 Supplies 60,000 60,000 87,373 (27,373) 58,234 Other services and charges 305,301 305,301 265,468 39,833 268,643 Total Expenditures 622,082 622,082 596,635 25,447 546,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues 0ver (Under) Expenditures (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)		 -		-					
Current Culture and recreation Personal services 256,781 256,781 243,794 12,987 219,132 Supplies 60,000 60,000 87,373 (27,373) 58,234 Other services and charges 305,301 305,301 265,468 39,833 268,643 Total Expenditures 622,082 622,082 596,635 25,447 546,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)	Total Revenues	 218,500		218,500	 203,712		(14,788)		143,716
Current Culture and recreation Personal services 256,781 256,781 243,794 12,987 219,132 Supplies 60,000 60,000 87,373 (27,373) 58,234 Other services and charges 305,301 305,301 265,468 39,833 268,643 Total Expenditures 622,082 622,082 596,635 25,447 546,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)	Eveneditures								
Culture and recreation Personal services 256,781 256,781 243,794 12,987 219,132 Supplies 60,000 60,000 87,373 (27,373) 58,234 Other services and charges 305,301 305,301 265,468 39,833 268,643 Total Expenditures 622,082 622,082 596,635 25,447 546,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)	•								
Personal services 256,781 256,781 243,794 12,987 219,132 Supplies 60,000 60,000 87,373 (27,373) 58,234 Other services and charges 305,301 305,301 265,468 39,833 268,643 Total Expenditures 622,082 622,082 596,635 25,447 546,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)	-								
Supplies 60,000 60,000 87,373 (27,373) 58,234 Other services and charges 305,301 305,301 265,468 39,833 268,643 Total Expenditures 622,082 622,082 596,635 25,447 546,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)	•	256 791		256 791	242 704		12 097		210 122
Other services and charges Total Expenditures 305,301 622,082 305,301 622,082 265,468 596,635 39,833 25,447 268,643 546,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources Transfers in 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)		,		,	,				
Total Expenditures 622,082 622,082 596,635 25,447 546,009 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources Transfers in 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)	••	,		,	,		· · · ·		,
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources Transfers in 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)	5	 ,		,	 ,		,		· · · · ·
Over (Under) Expenditures (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources Transfers in 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)		 022,002		022,002	 330,033		23,447		340,003
Over (Under) Expenditures (403,582) (403,582) (392,923) 10,659 (402,293) Other Financing Sources Transfers in 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Other Financing Sources 390,660 390,660 440,660 50,000 373,535 Net Change in Fund Balances (12,922) (12,922) 47,737 60,659 (28,758)		(403,582)		(403,582)	(392,923)		10,659		(402,293)
Transfers in390,660390,660440,66050,000373,535Net Change in Fund Balances(12,922)(12,922)47,73760,659(28,758)		(100,002)		(100,002)	(002,020)		10,000		(102,200)
Transfers in390,660390,660440,66050,000373,535Net Change in Fund Balances(12,922)(12,922)47,73760,659(28,758)	Other Financing Sources								
	-	390,660		390,660	440,660		50,000		373,535
Fund Balances, January 1	Net Change in Fund Balances	(12,922)		(12,922)	47,737		60,659		(28,758)
Fund Balances, January 1 - - - 28,758									
	Fund Balances, January 1	 -		-	 -		-		28,758
Fund Balances, December 31 \$ 364,816 \$ 364,816 \$ 47,737 \$ (317,079) \$ -	Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 364,816	\$	364,816	\$ 47,737	\$	(317,079)	\$	-

City of Marshall, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued on the Following Pages) December 31, 2018

		103		260		401		413		423
		Iunicipal State Aid		Marshall Industrial Park	E	Capital quipment		SMASC Ball Parks	Imp	Park provements
Assets	•	= 10,000	•	4 500 440	•	004 000	•	(000 000)	•	404.004
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$	513,062	\$	1,529,442	\$	881,686	\$	(368,682)	\$	134,924
Interest		_		_		707		_		_
Delinquent taxes		_		-		11,006		-		-
Accounts		-		-		30,445		-		-
Special assessments										
Delinquent		-		-		-		-		-
Noncurrent		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		2,485		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		30,000
Total Assets	\$	513,062	\$	1,529,442	\$	926,329	\$	(368,682)	\$	164,924
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,500	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds	•	-	,	-		135,000	,	-	•	-
Due to component unit		-		236		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		-	_	236		142,500		-		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue - taxes		_		_		11,006		_		_
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		-		-		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		11,006		-		-
Fund Balances										
Restricted for										
Capital projects		124,064		-		62,782		-		-
Committed for		,				02,002				
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned for										
Capital projects		388,998		1,529,206		710,041		-		148,355
Park improvements		-		-		-		-		16,569
Unassigned		-		-		-		(368,682)		-
Total Fund Balances		513,062		1,529,206		772,823		(368,682)		164,924
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	513,062	\$	1,529,442	\$	926,329	\$	(368,682)	\$	164,924

428	452	453	454	455	456	457	459	460
Saratoga/ _Highway 2		2011 Improvements	2012 Public Improvements	2013 Merit Center	2013 Amateur Sports Center	2013 Public Improvements	2015 Public Improvements	East Wind Star Street Project
\$ 687,85	1\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,063,412	\$-	\$-	\$-
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$ 687,85	<u>1 \$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ 2,063,412	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	\$ -
\$ 72,45	2\$- 	\$-	\$ - -	\$-	\$-	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -
72,45	<u> </u>							-
72,45					-			
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u> </u>			-				
						·		
615,39	0				1,130,761			
010,09		-	-	-		-	-	-
		-	-	-	897,557	-	-	-
		-	-	-	35,094	-	-	-
					-			
615,39	9 -		-	-	2,063,412			
\$ 687,85	1 \$ -	\$ -	s -	\$-	\$ 2,063,412	\$-	\$ -	\$ -
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>Ψ</u>	<u> </u>	Ψ 2,000,412	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	¥

City of Marshall, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) December 31, 2018

	46	1	493	494	495	4	196
	201 Pub Improve	lic	MERIT Track pansion	 City Hall Building	Public provement Revolving		Public vements
Assets			<i>(</i>)				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	-	\$ (7,974)	\$ 715,610	\$ 1,473,711	\$	-
Receivables							
		-	-	-	-		
Delinquent taxes Accounts		-	-	-	450		-
Special assessments		-	-	-	-		-
Delinquent		_	_	_	1,276		_
Noncurrent		-	-	-	594,141		-
Intergovernmental		_	- 94,124		252		_
Due from other funds		_		_	- 202		_
Total Assets	\$	-	\$ 86,150	\$ 715,610	\$ 2,069,830	\$	-
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 86,150	\$ 2,000	\$ 175	\$	-
Due to other funds		-	-	-	294,028		-
Due to component unit		-	 -	 -	 218		-
Total Liabilities		-	 86,150	 2,000	 294,421		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue - taxes		-	-	-	450		-
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		-	-	-	595,417		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	 -	-	595,867		-
Fund Balances							
Restricted for Capital projects							
Committed for		-	-	-	-		-
Capital projects							
Assigned for		-	-	-	-		-
Capital projects		_	_	713,610	1,179,542		_
Park improvements				- 10,010	1,173,342		
Unassigned		_	_	_	_		_
Total Fund Balances		-	 -	 713,610	 1,179,542		-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of			 		 		
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	_	\$ 86,150	\$ 715,610	\$ 2,069,830	\$	

497	499		
2008			
Public	2010 Public		
Improvements	Improvements		Total
\$-	\$-	\$	7,623,042
-	-		707
-	-		11,456
-	-		30,445
-	-		1,276
-	-		594,141
-	-		96,861
			30,000
\$	<u>\$-</u>	\$	8,387,928
\$-	\$ -	\$	168,277
-	-	Ŧ	429,028
-	-		454
-	-		597,759
-	-		11,456
-	-		595,417
-	-		606,873
-	-		1,933,006
-	-		897,557
-	-		4,704,846
-	-		16,569
			(368,682)
			7,183,296
<u>\$ -</u>	\$-	\$	8,387,928

City of Marshall, Minnesota

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued on Following Pages) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	103	260	401	413	423	428
Deurona	Municipal State Aid	Marshall Industrial Park	Capital Equipment	SMASC Ball Parks	Park Improvements	Saratoga/ Highway 23
Revenues	¢	¢	¢ 246.042	¢	¢	¢
Property taxes	\$-	\$-	\$ 346,042	\$ -	\$-	\$-
Franchise taxes	-	-	40,892	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	01 150		620 627			
State grants Special assessments	21,158	-	630,637	-	-	-
Investment earnings	- 1,668	- 4,664	- 8,910	- 720	- 25	-
Miscellaneous	1,000	4,004	0,910	120	20	-
Rents	-	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions and donations	-	-	15,500	-	63,772	-
Refunds and reimbursements	-	-	10,547	40,020	-	-
Total Revenues	22,826	4,664	1,052,528	40,740	63,797	
Expenditures						
Current						
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	3,658	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	11,505	-
Capital outlay			- /			
General government	-	-	54,530	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	40,128	-	-	-
Public works	9,742	-	1,843	-	-	27,525
Culture and recreation	-	-	177,299	24,785	-	-
Airport	-	-	683,548	-	-	-
Debt service				05 404		
Principal	-	-	-	95,404	-	
Interest and other	-	-	-	825	-	-
Bond issuance costs	9,742	3,658	<u>764</u> 958,112	- 121,014	- 11,505	-
Total Expenditures	9,742	3,030	930,112	121,014	11,505	27,525
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	13,084	1,006	94,416	(80,274)	52,292	(27,525)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Sale of capital assets	-	-	35,000	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	2,640	972,718	46,544	-
Bonds issued	-	-	35,000	-	-	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	2,441	-	-	-
Transfers out	(27,105)		(139,971)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(27,105)		(64,890)	972,718	46,544	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(14,021)	1,006	29,526	892,444	98,836	(27,525)
Fund Balances, January 1	527,083	1,528,200	743,297	(1,261,126)	66,088	642,924
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 513,062	\$ 1,529,206	\$ 772,823	\$ (368,682)	\$ 164,924	\$ 615,399

452	453	454	455	456	457	459 460		461
11 Public rovements	2011 Improvements	2012 Public Improvements	2013 Merit Center	2013 Amateur Sports Center	2013 Public Improvements	2015 Public Improvements	East Wind Star Street Project	2016 Public Improvements
\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	4	-	-	-	3,695	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-								-
 -		4				3,695	-	
-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	- 11,385	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	206,093	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-						-		
 -		-	11,385	206,093		-	-	-
			<i></i>	/				
 		4	(11,385)	(206,093)		3,695		
-	-	-	-	-	- 96,592	- 90,373	-	- 38,669
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
 - (201,181)	- (67,791)	- (222,197)	(972,718)				(18,786)	
 (201,181)	(67,791)	(222,197)	(972,718)		96,592	90,373	(18,786)	38,669
(201,181)	(67,791)	(222,193)	(984,103)	(206,093)	96,592	94,068	(18,786)	38,669
 201,181	67,791	222,193	984,103	2,269,505	(96,592)	(94,068)	18,786	(38,669)
\$ 	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$-</u>	\$ 2,063,412	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$-	<u>\$ -</u>

City of Marshall, Minnesota

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	493	494	495	496
	MERIT Track Expansion	City Hall Building	Public Improvement Revolving	2007 Public Improvements
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$-	\$-	\$ 252	\$-
Franchise taxes	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental				
State grants	94,124	-	-	-
Special assessments	-	-	259,901	-
Investment earnings	-	-	5,101	-
Miscellaneous			0.000	
Rents Contributions and donations	-	-	8,800	-
Refunds and reimbursements	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	94,124		274,054	
Total Novellues	54,124		214,004	
Expenditures Current				
General government	-	_	8,559	-
Public works	-	-	1,889	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay				
General government	-	36,390	40,323	-
Public safety	94,124	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	131	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	8,689	-
Airport	-	-	-	-
Debt service				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest and other	-	-	-	-
Bond issuance costs			-	
Total Expenditures	94,124	36,390	59,591	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	-	(36,390)	214,463	-
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	·
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	750,000	1,239,667	94,017
Bonds issued	-	-	-	-
Premium on bonds issued	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-		(770,552)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		750,000	469,115	94,017
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	713,610	683,578	94,017
Fund Balances, January 1		<u> </u>	495,964	(94,017)
Fund Balances, December 31	<u> </u>	\$ 713,610	\$ 1,179,542	<u>\$ -</u>

497	49	99		
2008 Public rovements	2010 Improve			Total
\$ -	\$	-	\$	346,294 40,892
- -		- - 1,241		745,919 259,901 26,028
 - - -		- - -		8,800 79,272 50,567
 		1,241	1	,557,673
- - -		- - -		8,559 5,547 11,505
		- - 100 -		131,243 145,637 39,341 416,866 683,548
-		- -		95,404 825 764
 -		100	1	,539,239
 -		1,141		18,434
- 90,488 - - -	(1,10	- - - - 07,944)		35,000 3,421,708 35,000 2,441 3,528,245)
 90,488	(1,10)7,944)		(34,096)
90,488	(1,10	06,803)		(15,662)
 (90,488)	1,10	6,803	7	7,198,958
\$ 	\$		\$ 7	7,183,296

City of Marshall, Minnesota General Fund Comparative Balance Sheets December 31, 2018 and 2017

		2018		2017
Assets	•	7 000 000	•	7 005 050
Cash and temporary investments	\$	7,862,622	\$	7,605,258
Receivables		7 460		0.400
Interest Delivery ent taxes		7,463		2,423
Delinquent taxes		123,092		40,940
Accounts		121,417		108,426
Special assessments		1,207		15,035
Intergovernmental		141,968		152,268
Prepaid items		125,393		111,386
Total Assets	\$	8,383,162	\$	8,035,736
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	196,211	\$	133,251
Accrued salaries payable		155,971		136,501
Due to other governments		45,388		22
Due to other funds		153,601		153,601
Due to component unit		68,447		83,697
Unearned revenue		10,072		75,978
Total Liabilities		629,690		583,050
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue - taxes		123,092		40,940
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		1,207		15,035
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		124,299		55,975
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable for				
Prepaid items		125,393		111,386
Assigned for		120,000		111,000
Insurance reserve		119,295		125,280
Carryover expenditures		34,761		75,749
OPEB liability		465,660		311,237
Holiday decorations		-		500
Shelter		13,744		17,409
Operating expenditure contingency		641,733		596,447
Forfeiture program - police department		82,797		74,874
Unallocated health insurance premium		12,218		14,916
Unassigned		6,133,572		6,068,913
Total Fund Balances		7,629,173		7,396,711
Total Liabilitian Deferred Inflows of		_	_	_
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	¢	0 202 462	ሱ	0 025 726
Resources and Fund Balances	<u></u>	8,383,162	\$	8,035,736

		2017				
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts	
Revenues						
Taxes	• • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* 4 400 000	• (17 0 10)	• • - 1 1 • • • • •	
Property taxes	\$ 4,537,041	\$ 4,537,041	\$ 4,489,992	\$ (47,049)	\$ 3,711,223	
Lodging tax	165,000	165,000	173,183	8,183	180,731	
Franchise fees	323,450	323,450	431,230	107,780	371,707	
Total taxes	5,025,491	5,025,491	5,094,405	68,914	4,263,661	
Special assessments			4,521	4,521	1,833	
Licenses and permits						
Business	68,175	68,175	62,908	(5,267)	70,657	
Nonbusiness	206,503	206,503	199,840	(6,663)	178,104	
Total licenses and permits	274,678	274,678	262,748	(11,930)	248,761	
Intergovernmental						
Federal						
Other Federal aid			2,080	2,080	152,898	
State						
Local government aid	2,471,597	2,471,597	2,471,597		2,432,200	
Property tax credits and aids	2,471,597	2,471,597	2,471,597	- 162	2,432,200	
Airport grants	- 88,646	- 88,646	99,768	11,122	67,300	
Other State aids	507,618	507,618	583,208	75,590	455,012	
Total State	3,067,861	3,067,861	3,154,735	86,874	2,954,666	
	0,007,001	0,007,001	0,104,700	00,074	2,004,000	
Local						
Other local grants	68,094	68,094	77,176	9,082	76,344	
Total Intergovernmental	3,135,955	3,135,955	3,233,991	98,036	3,183,908	
Charges for services						
General government	73,185	73,185	126,352	53,167	78,768	
Public safety	83,708	83,708	107,006	23,298	74,295	
Streets and highways	1,333,900	1,333,900	1,324,468	(9,432)	1,382,968	
Culture and recreation	445,731	445,731	475,965	30,234	462,980	
Miscellaneous	236,655	236,655	146,383	(90,272)	122,410	
Total charges for services	2,173,179	2,173,179	2,180,174	6,995	2,121,421	
Fines and forfeits	108,000	108,000	95,764	(12,236)	108,878	
Investment earnings	30,000	30,000	85,294	55,294	25,627	
Miscellaneous						
Contributions and donations	830,669	830,669	853,837	23,168	847,542	
Refunds and reimbursements	157,738	157,738	291,941	134,203	202,997	
Total miscellaneous	988,407	988,407	1,145,778	157,371	1,050,539	
Total Revenues	11,735,710	11,735,710	12,102,675	366,965	11,004,628	

		2017			
	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Expenditures					
Current					
General government					
Other general government					
Personal services	\$ 53,489	\$ 53,489	\$ 51,920	\$ 1,569	\$ 50,007
Supplies	20,000	20,000	69,533	(49,533)	13,623
Other services and charges	724,669	724,669	732,607	(7,938)	160,605
Total other general government	798,158	798,158	854,060	(55,902)	224,235
Cable commission					
Personal services	161,219	161,219	158,420	2,799	125,245
Supplies	8,300	8,300	5,879	2,421	6,780
Other services and charges	11,686	11,686	9,608	2,078	10,961
Total cable commission	181,205	181,205	173,907	7,298	142,986
Administration					
Personal services	524,568	524,568	510,400	14,168	563,608
Supplies	18,250	18,250	11,806	6,444	5,838
Other services and charges	40,923	40,923	38,049	2,874	22,067
Total administration	583,741	583,741	560,255	23,486	591,513
Finance director/clerk/treasurer					
Personal services	291,656	291,656	292,660	(1,004)	267,605
Supplies	3,500	3,500	1,715	1,785	3,263
Other services and charges	11,059	11,059	28,671	(17,612)	21,721
Total finance director/					
clerk/treasurer	306,215	306,215	323,046	(16,831)	292,589
Appraising and assessing					
Personal services	289,823	289,823	290,586	(763)	269,536
Supplies	2,500	2,500	666	1,834	5,667
Other services and charges	15,071	15,071	14,485	586	31,416
Total appraising and assessing	307,394	307,394	305,737	1,657	306,619
Legal					
Supplies	500	500	36	464	448
Other services and charges	125,720	125,720	124,064	1,656	120,177
Total legal	126,220	126,220	124,100	2,120	120,625

			2017		
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Expenditures (Continued)					
Current (continued)					
Community development					
Supplies	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 481
Other services and charges	153,550	153,550	168,651	(15,101)	187,704
Total community development	153,550	153,550	168,651	(15,101)	188,185
Municipal building					
Personal services	199,199	199,199	198,993	206	193,655
Supplies	25,900	25,900	24,751	1,149	19,124
Other services and charges	61,690	61,690	53,711	7,979	54,995
Total municipal building	286,789	286,789	277,455	9,334	267,774
Safety committee					
Supplies	1,200	1,200	584	616	1,287
Other services and charges	18,876	18,876	14,811	4,065	11,865
Total safety committee	20,076	20,076	15,395	4,681	13,152
Data processing					
Supplies	33,100	33,100	26,539	6,561	24,226
Other services and charges	157,655	157,655	101,853	55,802	97,262
Total data processing	190,755	190,755	128,392	62,363	121,488
Duplication					
Supplies	3,072	3,072	1,503	1,569	3,564
Other services and supplies	17,726	17,726	16,936	790	17,023
Total duplication	20,798	20,798	18,439	2,359	20,587
Motor pool					
Supplies	5,250	5,250	2,403	2,847	2,625
Other services and supplies	1,161	1,161	429	732	755
Total motor pool	6,411	6,411	2,832	3,579	3,380
Transit operation					
Other services and charges	32,400	32,400	31,985	415	
Adult community center					
Personal services	132,458	132,458	133,588	(1,130)	125,807
Supplies	22,786	22,786	20,723	2,063	13,466
Other services and charges	16,385	16,385	15,869	516	15,580
Total adult community center	171,629	171,629	170,180	1,449	154,853
Total general government	3,185,341	3,185,341	3,154,434	30,907	2,447,986

		2017			
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Expenditures (Continued)				¥	
Current (continued)					
Public safety					
Police					
Personal services	\$ 2,565,644	\$ 2,565,644	\$ 2,557,077	\$ 8,567	\$ 2,405,876
Supplies	103,282	103,282	111,783	(8,501)	74,893
Other services and charges	279,908	279,908	282,741	(2,833)	274,838
Total police	2,948,834	2,948,834	2,951,601	(2,767)	2,755,607
Chemical assessment					
Personal services	27,891	27,891	30,236	(2,345)	32,345
Supplies	13,139	13,139	14,493	(1,354)	10,690
Other services and charges	18,907	18,907	13,168	5,739	18,790
Total chemical assessment	59,937	59,937	57,897	2,040	61,825
Fire					
Personal services	218,386	218,386	218,078	308	184,126
Supplies	87,565	87,565	105,621	(18,056)	102,928
Other services and charges	317,865	317,865	321,782	(3,917)	356,236
Total fire	623,816	623,816	645,481	(21,665)	643,290
Emergency management					
Supplies	3,000	3,000	1,381	1,619	4,406
Other services and charges	8,575	8,575	5,940	2,635	5,325
Total emergency management	11,575	11,575	7,321	4,254	9,731
Animal control					
Personal services	27,911	27,911	22,522	5,389	24,404
Supplies	2,100	2,100	1,394	706	587
Other services and charges	8,756	8,756	5,557	3,199	5,838
Total animal control	38,767	38,767	29,473	9,294	30,829
Total public safety	3,682,929	3,682,929	3,691,773	(8,844)	3,501,282
Public works					
Street maintenance					
Personal services	175	175	59,752	(59,577)	71,359
Supplies	18,750	18,750	15,626	3,124	11,626
Other services and charges	242,375	242,375	234,219	8,156	242,625
Total street maintenance	261,300	261,300	309,597	(48,297)	325,610

	2018						2017			
		Budgeteo	d An	nounts	Actual		Variance with			Actual
	Original		Final			Amounts		Final Budget		Amounts
Expenditures (Continued)										
Current (continued)										
Public works (continued)										
Engineering										
Personal services	\$	766,255	\$	766,255	\$	792,460	\$	(26,205)	\$	689,736
Supplies		14,800		14,800		11,085		3,715		8,784
Other services and charges		57,865		57,865		33,234		24,631		37,664
Total engineering		838,920	_	838,920		836,779		2,141		736,184
Building inspection and zoning										
Personal services		372,454		372,454		379,008		(6,554)		366,358
Supplies		9,600		9,600		9,422		178		7,415
Other services and charges		28,200		28,200		30,339		(2,139)		27,522
Total building inspection and zoning		410,254	_	410,254		418,769		(8,515)		401,295
Street administration										
Personal services		888,040		888,040		841,430		46,610		758,536
Supplies		463,213		463,213		541,003		(77,790)		401,745
Other services and charges		65,633		65,633		105,994		(40,361)		61,592
Total street administration		1,416,886	_	1,416,886		1,488,427		(71,541)		1,221,873
Total public works		2,927,360		2,927,360		3,053,572		(126,212)		2,684,962
Culture and recreation										
Park maintenance and development										
Personal services		425,218		425,218		426,326		(1,108)		361,292
Supplies		287,225		287,225		249,622		37,603		180,390
Other services		92,163		92,163		74,316		17,847		89,148
Total parks and recreation		804,606	_	804,606		750,264		54,342		630,830
Aquatic center										
Personal services		116,329		116,329		100,607		15,722		92,587
Supplies		77,600		77,600		85,821		(8,221)		66,441
Other services and charges		89,564		89,564		44,413		45,151		58,926
Total aquatic center		283,493		283,493		230,841		52,652		217,954
Municipal band										
Personal services		10,815		10,815		9,285		1,530		10,494
Supplies		400		400		1,586		(1,186)		259
Other services and charges		208		208		201		7		202
Total municipal band		11,423		11,423		11,072		351		10,955
·	-									

	2018					2017				
		Budgeteo	l Amo	ounts	Actual		Variance with			Actual
		Original		Final	/	Amounts	Fin	al Budget		Amounts
Expenditures (Continued)										
Current (continued)										
Culture and recreation (continued)										
Community services administration										
Personal services	\$	295,914	\$	295,914	\$	288,115	\$	7,799	\$	271,921
Supplies		17,995		17,995		7,382		10,613		18,842
Other services and charges		49,662		49,662		39,362		10,300		44,567
Total community services										
administration		363,571		363,571		334,859		28,712		335,330
Youth development										
Personal services		17,465		17,465		8,867		8,598		11,542
Supplies		2,400		2,400		1,300		1,100		1,166
Other services and charges		8,536		8,536		8,526		 10		8,588
Total youth development		28,401		28,401		18,693		9,708		21,296
Community services - general										
Personal services		1,146		1,146		_		1,146		639
Supplies		15,400		15,400		14,068		1,332		13,692
Other services and charges		996		996		715		281		963
Total community services - general		17,542		17,542		14,783		2,759		15,294
						· · · · ·		/		· · · · · ·
Summer education		00.040		00.040		55 000		7 000		00.040
Personal services		63,212		63,212		55,226		7,986		60,818
Supplies		3,200		3,200		1,072		2,128		2,054
Other services and charges		5,670		5,670		2,601		3,069		3,378
Total summer education		72,082		72,082		58,899		13,183		66,250
Fall education										
Personal services		49,286		49,286		36,074		13,212		43,038
Supplies		8,500		8,500		3,875		4,625		4,372
Other services and charges		5,370		5,370		5,838		(468)		7,273
Total fall education		63,156		63,156		45,787		17,369		54,683
Winter education										
Personal services		56,114		56,114		62,421		(6,307)		50,115
Supplies		3,200		3,200		3,268		(68)		4,133
Other services and charges		5,920		5,920		6,718		(798)		4,005
Total winter education		65,234		65,234		72,407		(7,173)		58,253
Summer recreation										
Personal services		64,965		64,965		56,358		8,607		60,853
Supplies		27,500		27,500		21,319		6,181		19,828
Other services and charges		9,895		9,895		18,440		(8,545)		10,220
Total summer recreation		102,360		102,360		96,117		6,243		90,901
		,						0,2.0		

City of Marshall, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	2018								2017		
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Var	iance with		Actual	
	(Driginal		Final	/	Amounts	Fina	al Budget		Amounts	
Expenditures (Continued)											
Current (continued)											
Culture and recreation (continued)											
Fall recreation											
Personal services	\$	47,223	\$	47,223	\$	38,182	\$	9,041	\$	41,632	
Supplies		7,500		7,500		8,568		(1,068)		9,914	
Other services and charges		770		770		5,823		(5,053)		1,283	
Total fall recreation		55,493		55,493		52,573		2,920		52,829	
Winter recreation											
Personal services		49,588		49,588		62,467		(12,879)		54,845	
Supplies		8,700		8,700		8,716		(16)		9,609	
Other services and charges		11,570		11,570		7,724		3,846		9,730	
Total winter recreation		69,858		69,858		78,907		(9,049)		74,184	
Total culture and recreation	·	1,937,219		1,937,219		1,765,202		172,017		1,628,759	
Airport											
Personal services		201,438		201,438		215,592		(14,154)		178,609	
Supplies		69,830		69,830		86,215		(16,385)		58,280	
Other services and charges		158,708		158,708		149,825		8,883		256,202	
Total airport		429,976		429,976		451,632		(21,656)		493,091	
Total current	1;	2,162,825	1	12,162,825	1	12,116,613		46,212		10,756,080	
Capital outlay											
Public safety						80,101		(80,101)			
Culture and recreation		_		-		5,764		(5,764)		-	
Total capital outlay						85,865		(85,865)			
i otal capital outlay						00,000		(00,000)			
Total Expenditures	1;	2,162,825	1	12,162,825	1	12,202,478		(39,653)		10,756,080	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over (Under) Expenditures		(427,115)		(427,115)		(99,803)		327,312		248,548	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Sale of capital assets		30,000		30,000		5,160		(24,840)		29,945	
Transfers in		327,105		327,105		327,105		(_ 1,0 10)		252,105	
Total Other Financing		021,100		021,100		021,100				202,100	
Sources (Uses)		357,105		357,105		332,265		(24,840)		282,050	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(70,010)		(70,010)		232,462		302,472		530,598	
Fund Balances, January 1		7,396,711		7,396,711		7,396,711		-		6,866,113	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	7,326,701	\$	7,326,701	\$	7,629,173	\$	302,472	\$	7,396,711	

City of Marshall, Minnesota Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued on the Following Pages) December 31, 2018

	317 2008 G.O. Equipment Certificates	2 M	322 014B ERIT / MASC	325 2015A Bond	Im	359 2015 Public provement Bonds	,	360 16B G.O. Various bose Bonds	361 2002A Revenue Tax Increment Bonds	Im	362 2017A Public provement Bonds
Assets											
Cash and temporary investments	\$-	\$	14,795	\$ 50,702	\$	88,206	\$	526,439	\$	- \$	147,756
Receivables											
Taxes	-		-	1,408		1,215		5,503	-		1,575
Special assessments						4 007		0.050			
Delinquent	-		-	-		1,887		2,058	-		-
Noncurrent	-		-	-		379,874 490		422,887 4.669	-		-
Intergovernmental				 361		490		4,009			945
Total Assets	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	14,795	\$ 52,471	\$	471,672	\$	961,556	\$	\$	150,276
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 500	\$	-	\$	_	\$	\$	-
		·		 							
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Unavailable revenue - taxes	-		-	1,408		1,215		5,503	-		1,575
Unavailable revenue - special assessments			-	 -		381,761		424,945	-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources			<u> </u>	 1,408		382,976		430,448			1,575
Fund Balances Restricted for											
Debt service	-		14,795	50,563		88,696		531,108	-		148,701
			,. 00	 50,000		00,000					,
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u> -	\$	14,795	\$ 52,471	\$	471,672	\$	961,556	\$	\$	150,276

363 2005A G.O. Various <u>Purpose Bonds</u>	364 2006B G.O. Utility and Improvement Bonds	365 2007 Public Improvement Bonds	366 200 Publ Improve Bond	3 ic ment I	367 2009 Public Improvement Bonds	368 2010 Public Improvement Bonds	Imp	369 2011 Public provement Bonds	Тах	370 11A G.O. Increment Bonds	Тах	371 12A G.O. Increment Bonds
\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ 247	,065	\$-	\$ 1,244,654	\$	144,625	\$	677,879	\$	639,011
-	-	-		256	-	991		2,525		22		3,009
- - -	- - -	- - -	315	476 ,324 287		90 539,864 6,439		1,084 66,062 650		- 26,917 9		3,172 667,460 2,513
<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 563	,408	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,792,038	\$	214,946	\$	704,827	\$ 1	1,315,165
<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$	500	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	\$		\$		\$	<u> </u>
- 	- 	- 		256 ,800 ,056	-	991 539,954 540,945		2,525 67,146 69,671		22 26,917 26,939		3,009 670,632 673,641
<u>-</u>			246	,852		1,251,093		145,275		677,888		641,524
<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 563	,408 _	\$	\$ 1,792,038	\$	214,946	\$	704,827	\$ 1	1,315,165

City of Marshall, Minnesota Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) December 31, 2018

	372 2013 Public			373 2014 Public		374		375 2018A		376 2016		377 2017B
	Improveme Bonds	ent	Imp	brovement Bonds		Pedestrian Bridge	Im		Тах	Abatement Bonds	Im	provement Bonds
Assets												
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 698,04	47	\$	125,820	\$	80,131	\$	471,433	\$	118,146	\$	535,982
Receivables												
Taxes	5,01	18		2,742		2,708		589		3,732		873
Special assessments												
Delinquent	2,00)6		537		-		-		-		-
Noncurrent	417,80)7		283,331		-		317,162		-		-
Intergovernmental	1,80)3		996		717		354		1,345		294
-												
Total Assets	\$ 1,124,68	31	\$	413,426	\$	83,556	\$	789,538	\$	123,223	\$	537,149
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Unavailable revenue - taxes	5,01	18		2,742		2,708		-		3,732		873
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	419,8 ⁻	13		283,868		-		317,751		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	424,83	31		286,610		2,708		317,751		3,732		873
Fund Balances												
Restricted for												
Debt service	699,85	50		126,816		80,848		471,787		119,491		536,276
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 1,124,68	31	\$	413,426	\$	83,556	\$	789,538	\$	123,223	\$	537,149
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	,		,0			<u> </u>	

378 2000B	396 2004C G.O. Tax Incremen	t
Improvement Bonds	Refunding Bonds	Totals
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,810,691
-	-	32,166
-	-	11,310
	-	3,436,688 21,872
<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 9,312,727
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,000
- φ	<u>р</u> -	\$ 1,000
-	-	31,577 3,448,587
-	-	3,480,164
		5,831,563
\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 9,312,727
<u></u>	<u> </u>	<i>↓</i> 0,012,121

City of Marshall, Minnesota Debt Service Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued on the Following Pages) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	317 2008 G.O. Equipment Certificates	322 2014B MERIT / SMASC	325 2015A Bond	359 2015 Public Improvement Bonds	360 2016B G.O. Various Purpose Bonds	361 2002A Revenue Tax Increment Bonds	362 2017A Public Improvement Bonds
Revenues Taxes Property taxes Special assessments Investment earnings	\$ 233 -	\$ <u>-</u> 68	\$ 50,372 - -	\$ 51,967 67,050 396	\$ 264,249 89,912 58	\$ 23 263	\$ 132,122 -
Contributions and donations Total Revenues	233	68	50,372	- 119,413	354,219	286	132,122
Expenditures Debt service Principal Interest and other Total Expenditures	85,000 <u>3,242</u> 88,242	915,000 542,869 1,457,869	40,000 9,979 49,979	110,000 24,389 134,389	325,000 41,314 366,314	- - 	<u> </u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(88,009)	(1,457,801)	393	(14,976)	(12,095)	286	96,156
Other Financing Sources Transfers in Transfers out	(2,640)	1,457,969 	-	-	136,191	(118,965)	3,781
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,640)	1,457,969			136,191	(118,965)	3,781
Net Change in Fund Balances	(90,649)	168	393	(14,976)	124,096	(118,679)	99,937
Fund Balances, January 1	90,649	14,627	50,170	103,672	407,012	118,679	48,764
Fund Balances, December 31	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 14,795</u>	\$ 50,563	\$ 88,696	<u>\$ 531,108</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 148,701</u>

	363	364 2006B G.O.	365 2007	366 2008	367 2009	368 2010	369 2011	370	371
	005A G.O. Various pose Bonds	Utility and Improvement Bonds	Public Improvement Bonds	Public Improvement Bonds	Public Improvement Bonds	Public Improvement Bonds	Public Improvement Bonds	2011A G.O. Tax Increment Bonds	2012A G.O. Tax Increment Bonds
<u>,</u>	45	^	A 05	• • • • •	A (4)	A 00.007	• •• •• •• ••	^	• • • • • • • • •
\$	15 -	\$ 8 -	\$	\$ 14 99,192	\$ (1) 82,754	\$ 39,327 205,783	\$ 88,505 29,775	\$81 8,075	\$ 84,285 178,632
	1,013	80	-	750	1,386	2,424	31	2,781	1,113
	-	- 88		-	-		-	-	-
	1,028	88	345	99,956	84,139	247,534	118,311	10,937	264,030
	-	-	-	180,000	-	315,000	115,000	155,000	265,000
	-			12,390		27,784	26,048	21,057	31,114
	-			192,390		342,784	141,048	176,057	296,114
	1,028	88	345	(92,434)	84,139	(95,250)	(22,737)	(165,120)	(32,084)
	,				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
				39,800		920.864	67,791	386,916	222,197
	(521,604)	(32,145)	(332,387)	39,800 -	(446,978)	920,004	07,791 -	- 300,910	- 222,197
		<u>_</u>	<u>`</u>		······································				
	(521,604)	(32,145)	(332,387)	39,800	(446,978)	920,864	67,791	386,916	222,197
	(520,576)	(32,057)	(332,042)	(52,634)	(362,839)	825,614	45,054	221,796	190,113
	520,576	32,057	332,042	299,486	362,839	425,479	100,221	456,092	451,411
\$		\$	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 246,852	\$	<u>\$ 1,251,093</u>	\$ 145,275	\$ 677,888	\$ 641,524

City of Marshall, Minnesota Debt Service Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	372 2013 Public			373 2014 Public	374 23 Pedestrian Bridge		375 2018A Improvement Bonds		376 2016 Tax Abatement Bonds		377 2017B	
	Im	Improvement Bonds		provement Bonds							Imp	provement Bonds
Revenues Taxes	\$	102 112	\$	26.950	\$	00.500	\$	40.429	\$	400.070	\$	44.024
Property taxes Special assessments	Ф	192,113 93,663	Ф	36,850 63,720	Ф	99,500 -	Ф	49,438 422,404	Ф	188,870 -	Ф	41,021
Investment earnings Contributions and donations		2,138		488		-		141 -		-		1,509 500,000
Total Revenues		287,914		101,058		99,500		471,983		188,870		542,530
Expenditures Debt service												
Principal		365,000		235,000		60,000		-		115,000		-
Interest and other		68,850		37,657		31,770		196		68,700		61,349
Total Expenditures		433,850		272,657		91,770		196		183,700		61,349
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(145,936)		(171,599)		7,730		471,787		5,170		481,181
Other Financing Sources Transfers in Transfers out		205,249		18,786		-		-		-		55,095
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		205,249		18,786				_				55,095
Net Change in Fund Balances		59,313		(152,813)		7,730		471,787		5,170		536,276
Fund Balances, January 1		640,537		279,629		73,118		-		114,321		
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	699,850	\$	126,816	\$	80,848	\$	471,787	\$	119,491	\$	536,276

3	78		96 C G.O.	
	00B		crement	
	vement nds		Inding Inds	Totals
B0	nus	DU	ilus	 TULAIS
\$	3	\$	-	\$ 1,319,020
	-		-	1,341,280
	1		49	14,689
			-	 500,000
	4		49	 3,174,989
	-		-	3,280,000
	-		-	 1,044,674
	-		-	 4,324,674
	4		49	 (1,149,685)
	-		-	3,514,639
	(570)		(19,105)	 (1,474,394)
	(570)		(19,105)	 2,040,245
	(566)		(19,056)	890,560
	566		19,056	 4,941,003
\$		\$		\$ 5,831,563

City of Marshall, Minnesota Economic Development Authority Funds Combining Balance Sheet/Net Position December 31, 2018

	204/208 Economic Development Authority		ED	205/206/207/209 EDA Parkway Housing Fund		212 te EDA CRIF
Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	611,359	\$	342,224	\$	-
Receivables		4				
Interest		1,932		-		-
Delinquent taxes		3,370		-		-
Notes/leases		-		233,714		-
Intergovernmental		904		-		-
Prepaid items Land held for resale		124		-		-
Land held for resale				1,110,455		-
Total Assets	\$	617,689	\$	1,686,393	\$	
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	1,410	\$	43,120	\$	-
Due to primary government				317,090		-
Total Liabilities		1,410		360,210		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue - taxes		3,370		-		-
Fund Balances Nonspendable						
Prepaid items		124		-		-
Land held for resale		-		1,110,455		-
Restricted for						
Economic development		-		-		-
Assigned for Economic development		612,785		215,728		
Total Fund Balances		612,909		1,326,183		
		012,000		1,020,100		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows						
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	617,689	\$	1,686,393	\$	

Amounts reported for EDA activities in the statement of net position are different because

Total Fund Balances - EDA Funds

Capital assets used in EDA activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds.

Long-term assets are not available to pay current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds.

Delinquent property taxes receivable

Total Net Position - EDA Activities

	213		214	
Fe	deral EDA CRIF	R	EDA Revolving	 Total
\$	29,828	\$	255,260	\$ 1,238,671
	- - 143,424 - - -		- - - -	 1,932 3,370 377,138 904 124 1,110,455
\$	173,252	\$	255,260	\$ 2,732,594
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 44,530 317,090 361,620
	<u> </u>			 3,370
	-		-	124 1,110,455
	173,252		255,260	428,512
	- 173,252		- 255,260	 828,513 2,367,604
\$	173,252	\$	255,260	\$ 2,732,594
				\$ 2,367,604

\$ 2,367,604

6,299

3,370

\$ 2,377,273

City of Marshall, Minnesota Economic Development Authority Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances/Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	204/208 Economic Development Authority	205/206/207/209 EDA Parkway Housing	212 State EDA CRIF
Revenues Taxes Property taxes Intergovernmental Investment earnings Miscellaneous Rents Refunds and reimbursements	\$ 118,771 - 13,315 - 2,758	\$ - 21,746 - 10,051	\$ - - 28 -
Total Revenues Expenditures Current Economic development	134,844		28 <u>63,260</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Other Financing Sources	(12,248) 7,730	(63,232)
Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	- - -	- 	- (253,039) (253,039)
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances, January 1	(12,248		(316,271) <u>316,271</u>
Fund Balances, December 31	<u>\$ 612,909</u>	\$ 1,326,183	<u>\$ -</u>

Amounts reported for EDA activities in the statement of activities are different because

Net Change in Fund Balances - EDA Funds

EDA funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense

Delinquent property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are unavailable in the funds. Property taxes

Change in Net Position - EDA Activities

213	214	
Federal EDA CRIF	EDA Revolving	Total
\$ - - 6,044	\$ <u>-</u> 2,229	\$ 118,771 21,746 21,616
6,044	2,229	10,051 <u>2,758</u> 174,942
789,976	8_	1,024,403
(783,932)	2,221	(849,461)
	253,039 	253,039 (253,039)
(783,932)	255,260	(849,461)
957,184		3,217,065
<u>\$ 173,252</u>	<u>\$ 255,260</u>	<u>\$ 2,367,604</u>

\$ (849,461)

(646)

2,008
\$ (848,099)

City of Marshall, Minnesota Economic Development Authority Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	2018									2017
		Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Var	iance with		Actual
		Original		Final	A	Amounts	Final Budget		A	mounts
Revenues										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$	120,000	\$	120,000	\$	118,771	\$	(1,229)	\$	118,143
Investment Earnings		2,500		2,500		13,315		10,815		5,582
Miscellaneous										
Refunds and reimbursements		3,500		3,500		2,758		(742)		4,050
Total Revenues		126,000		126,000		134,844		8,844		127,775
Expenditures Current Economic development Supplies Other services and charges Total Expenditures		4,800 <u>131,977</u> 136,777		4,800 131,977 136,777		3,898 143,194 147,092		902 (11,217) (10,315)		- 198,838 198,838
Net Change in Fund Balances		(10,777)		(10,777)		(12,248)		(1,471)		(71,063)
Fund Balances, January 1		625,157		625,157		625,157				696,220
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	614,380	\$	614,380	\$	612,909	\$	(1,471)	\$	625,157

City of Marshall, Minnesota EDA Parkway Housing Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		2017			
	Budgeteo	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$-	\$-	\$ 21,746	\$ 21,746	\$-
Miscellaneous					
Rents	10,051	10,051	10,051		12,564
Total Revenues	10,051	10,051	31,797	21,746	12,564
Expenditures Current Economic development Other services and charges	256	256	24,067	(23,811)	3,838
Other services and charges	200	200	24,007	(23,011)	3,030
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	9,795	9,795	7,730	(2,065)	8,726
Other Financing Sources Sale of capital assets					10,769
Net Change in Fund Balances	9,795	9,795	7,730	(2,065)	19,495
Fund Balances, January 1	1,318,453	1,318,453	1,318,453		1,298,958
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 1,328,248	\$ 1,328,248	\$ 1,326,183	\$ (2,065)	\$ 1,318,453

City of Marshall, Minnesota Marshall-Lyon County Library Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2018

			321 shall - Lyon		
	Marshall - Lyon County Library		County Library Debt		Totals
Assets	 unty Library		Dept		101815
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 330,148	\$	116,582	\$	446,730
Prepaid item	4,667		-		4,667
Receivables					
Interest	60		-		60
Delinquent taxes	-		1,232		1,232
Intergovernmental	 -		311		311
Due from component unit	 5,936		-		5,936
Total Assets	\$ 340,811	\$	118,125	\$	458,936
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 23,129	\$	-	\$	23,129
Accrued salaries payable	10,341		-		10,341
Due to primary government	3,426		-		3,426
Due to other governments	 547		-		547
Total Liabilities	 37,443		-		37,443
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenue - taxes	 		1,232		1,232
Fund Balances					
Restricted for					
Debt service	-		116,893		116,893
Assigned for					
Unearned revenue	24,494		-		24,494
Staff separation	76,051		-		76,051
Library materials	8,899		-		8,899
Emergency/unanticipated	86,955		-		86,955
Unassigned	 106,969		-		106,969
Total Fund Balances	 303,368		116,893		420,261
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 340,811	\$	118,125	\$	458,936

City of Marshall, Minnesota Marshall-Lyon County Library Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because		
Total Fund Balances from Above	\$	420,261
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds.		5,935,694
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of		
Other postemployment benefits obligation Bonds payable Unamortized bond premiums Compensated absences payable Pension liability		(22,899) (565,000) (7,498) (91,255) (440,624)
Long-term assets are not available to pay current-period expenditures and, therefore, are unavailable in the funds. Delinguent property taxes receivable		1,232
Governmental funds to not report long-term amounts related to pensions and other postemployme Deferred outflows of pension resources Deferred inflows of pension resources Deferred outflows of other postemployment benefits	ent ben	,
Governmental funds to not report a liability for accrued interest until due and payable.		(6,724)
Total Net Position	\$	5,198,438

City of Marshall, Minnesota Marshall-Lyon County Library Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances/Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	211 Marshall - Lyon County Library		321 Marshall - Lyon County Library Debt		Totals
Revenues	 				
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 6,497	\$	40,510	\$	47,007
Intergovernmental					
City of Marshall	612,109		31,806		643,915
Lyon County	318,328		-		318,328
Fines and fees	13,723		-		13,723
Investment earnings	1,154		229		1,383
Miscellaneous					
Contributions and donations	23,439		-		23,439
Refunds and reimbursements	 271		-		271
Total Revenues	 975,521		72,545		1,048,066
Expenditures Current Culture and recreation Debt service Principal Interest and other Total Expenditures	 962,673 - - 962,673		- 60,000 17,638 77,638		962,673 60,000 17,638 1,040,311
Net Change in Fund Balances	12,848		(5,093)		7,755
Fund Balances, January 1	 290,520		121,986		412,506
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 303,368	\$	116,893	\$	420,261

City of Marshall, Minnesota Marshall - Lyon County Library Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Net Change in Fund Balances from Previous Page	\$ 7,755
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation	(262,682)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	
Principal repayments Premium amortization	60,000 937
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental fund because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	500
Long-term pension activity is not reported in governmental funds. Pension expense Direct aid contributions	39,800 3,368
Certain revenues are recognized as soon as they are earned. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting certain revenues cannot be recognized until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.	(5 701)
Property taxes	(5,791)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Other postemployment benefits cost	(499)
Compensated absences	 (8,464)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (165,076)

City of Marshall, Minnesota Marshall - Lyon County Library Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	2018							2017			
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actual Variance with				Actual		
	(Driginal		Final	A	mounts	Fina	Final Budget		mounts	
Revenues						<u> </u>					
Taxes											
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,497	\$	6,497	\$	589,606	
Intergovernmental											
City of Marshall		590,886		590,886		612,109		21,223		-	
Lyon County		318,328		318,328		318,328		-		264,382	
Fines and fees		12,800		12,800		13,723		923		14,491	
Investment earnings		200		200		1,154		954		904	
Miscellaneous											
Contributions and donations		7,000		7,000		23,439		16,439		30,761	
Refunds and reimbursements		-		-		271		271		624	
Total Revenues		929,214		929,214		975,521		46,307		900,768	
Expenditures											
Current											
Culture and recreation											
		578,910		578,910		E72 24E		5,665		536,661	
Salaries				•		573,245					
Insurance and pension		170,695		170,695		152,084		18,611		148,461	
Supplies		7,500		7,500		22,985		(15,485)		16,878	
Telephone		2,225		2,225 100		2,110		115		1,984 406	
Postage		100				1,090		(990)			
Travel, conferences, and workshops		1,500		1,500		1,025		475		1,102	
Professional services		1,000		1,000		2,158		(1,158)		6,139	
Repairs and maintenance		30,581		30,581		33,923		(3,342)		29,042	
Books and periodicals		58,000		58,000		65,448		(7,448)		64,258	
AV materials and circulation supplies		6,000		6,000		6,278		(278)		6,634	
Utilities and refuse hauling		41,325		41,325		35,825		5,500		35,299	
Vehicle maintenance		500		500		661		(161)		394	
Insurance and bonds		6,120		6,120		5,817		303		1,420	
Other services and charges		43,454		43,454		37,760		5,694		39,438	
Expenditures of donations		-		-		22,264		(22,264)		15,251	
Total Expenditures		947,910		947,910		962,673		(14,763)		903,367	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(18,696)		(18,696)		12,848		31,544		(2,599)	
Fund Balances, January 1		290,520		290,520		290,520				293,119	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	271,824	\$	271,824	\$	303,368	\$	31,544	\$	290,520	

City of Marshall, Minnesota Summary Financial Report Revenues and Expenditures For General Operations Governmental Funds For the Years Ended December 31, 2018 and 2017

	Тс	Percent Increase		
	 2018	 2017	(Decrease))
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 9,583,840	\$ 8,473,004	13.11	%
Special assessments	1,605,702	1,095,853	46.53	
Licenses and permits	262,748	248,761	5.62	
Intergovernmental	6,714,137	5,368,128	25.07	
Charges for services	2,435,549	2,314,705	5.22	
Fines and forfeits	95,764	108,878	(12.04)	
Investment earnings	241,317	117,729	104.98	
Miscellaneous	 3,097,424	 2,135,436	45.05	
Total Revenues	\$ 24,036,481	\$ 19,862,494	21.01	%
Per Capita	\$ 1,734	\$ 1,439	20.48	%
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	\$ 3,162,993	\$ 2,518,100	25.61	%
Public safety	3,858,374	3,605,947	7.00	
Public works	3,059,119	2,694,235	13.54	
Culture and recreation	2,456,546	2,271,750	8.13	
Economic development	138,506	92,556	49.65	
Airport	451,632	493,091	(8.41)	
Capital outlay				
General government	131,243	489,868	(73.21)	
Public safety	225,738	492,379	(54.15)	
Public works	6,548,117	5,960,188	9.86	
Culture and recreation	484,392	1,129,700	(57.12)	
Economic development	-	47,089	N/A	
Airport	683,548	63,129	982.78	
Debt service				
Principal	3,375,404	3,942,605	(14.39)	
Interest and other charges	1,045,499	1,092,985	(4.34)	
Bond issuance costs	 79,181	 138,228	(42.72)	
Total Expenditures	\$ 25,700,292	\$ 25,031,850	2.67	%
Per Capita	\$ 1,854	\$ 1,814	2.22	%
Total Long-Term Indebtedness	\$ 33,333,608	\$ 34,380,404	(3.04)	%
Per Capita	2,405	2,492	(3.47)	
General Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 7,629,173	\$ 7,396,711	3.14	
Per Capita	550	536	2.69	

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of financial information concerning the City of Marshall to interested citizens. The complete financial statements may be examined at City Hall, 344 West Main Street. Questions about this report should be directed to Karla Drown, Finance Director at (507) 537-6763.

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OTHER REQUIRED REPORTS

CITY OF MARSHALL MARSHALL, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Marshall, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marshall, Minnesota (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 17, 2019.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minnesota Statute §6.65, contains seven categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and tax increment financing. Our audit considered all of the listed categories.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Cities*. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures; other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

do Eich & Mayro, LLP

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Mankato, Minnesota June 17, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Marshall, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marshall, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 17, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Finding and Response, we identified a certain deficiency that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Finding and Response as item 2018-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City's Response to the Finding

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Finding and Response. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Ido Eich & Mayro, LLP

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Mankato, Minnesota June 17, 2019



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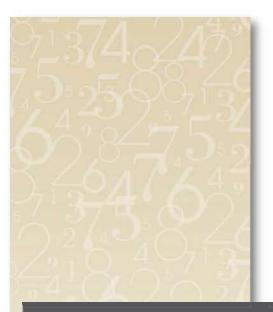
	City of Marshall, Minnesota Schedule of Finding and Response For the Year Ended December 31, 2018
Finding	Description
2018-001	Financial Report Preparation
Condition:	As in prior years, the auditor was requested to draft the audited financial statements and related footnote disclosures as part of our regular audit services. Auditing standards require auditors to communicate this situation to the Council as an internal control deficiency. Ultimately, it is management's responsibility to provide for the preparation of your statements and footnotes, and the responsibility of the auditor to determine the fairness of presentation of those statements. From a practical standpoint we do both for you at the same time in connection with our audit. This is not unusual for us to do with organizations of your size. However, based on auditing standards, it is our responsibility to inform you that this deficiency could result in a material misstatement to the financial statements that could have been prevented or detected by your management. Essentially, the auditors cannot be part of your internal control process.
Criteria:	Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance over financial reporting.
Cause:	From a practical standpoint we do both for you at the same time in connection with our audit. This is not unusual for us to do with organization of your size.
Effect:	The effectiveness of the internal control system relies on enforcement by management. The effect of deficiencies in internal controls can result in undetected errors in financial reporting.
Recommendation:	It is your responsibility to make the ultimate decision to accept this degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations. As in prior years, the auditor has instructed management to review a draft of the auditor prepared financials in detail for their accuracy; we have answered any questions they might have, and have encouraged research of any accounting guidance in connection with the adequacy and appropriateness of classification of disclosure in your statements. We are satisfied that the appropriate steps have been taken to provide you with the completed financial statements. While the City is reviewing the financial statements we recommend a disclosure checklist is utilized to ensure all required disclosures are presented and the City should agree its financial software to the numbers reported in the financial statements.

Management Response:

For now, the City's management accepts the degree of risk associated with this condition and thoroughly reviews a draft of the financial statements.

Updated Progress From Prior Year:

There is no change in this finding.



Management Communication

City of Marshall Marshall, Minnesota

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018





June 17, 2019



Management, Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Marshall, Minnesota

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marshall, Minnesota (the City) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 17, 2019. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated October 25, 2018. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility Under Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*

As stated in our engagement letter, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of financial statements does not relieve you or your management of your responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the City. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control. We are responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures specifically to identify such matters.

Significant Audit Findings

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. As described below, we did not identify a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness, but we did identify a deficiency that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described below as item 2018-001 to be a significant deficiency.

2018-001 Financial Report Preparation

- Condition: As in prior years, the auditor was requested to draft the audited financial statements and related footnote disclosures as part of our regular audit services. Auditing standards require auditors to communicate this situation to the Council as an internal control deficiency. Ultimately, it is management's responsibility to provide for the preparation of your statements and footnotes, and the responsibility of the auditor to determine the fairness of presentation of those statements. From a practical standpoint we do both for you at the same time in connection with our audit. This is not unusual for us to do with organizations of your size. However, based on auditing standards, it is our responsibility to inform you that this deficiency could result in a material misstatement to the financial statements that could have been prevented or detected by your management. Essentially, the auditors cannot be part of your internal control process.
- *Criteria:* Internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance over financial reporting.
- *Cause:* From a practical standpoint we do both for you at the same time in connection with our audit. This is not unusual for us to do with organization of your size.
- *Effect:* The effectiveness of the internal control system relies on enforcement by management. The effect of deficiencies in internal controls can result in undetected errors in financial reporting.
- *Recommendation:* It is your responsibility to make the ultimate decision to accept this degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations. As in prior years, the auditor has instructed management to review a draft of the auditor prepared financials in detail for their accuracy; we have answered any questions they might have, and have encouraged research of any accounting guidance in connection with the adequacy and appropriateness of classification of disclosure in your statements. We are satisfied that the appropriate steps have been taken to provide you with the completed financial statements. While the City is reviewing the financial statements we recommend a disclosure checklist is utilized to ensure all required disclosures are presented and the City should agree its financial software to the numbers reported in the financial statements.

Management Response:

For now, the City's management accepts the degree of risk associated with this condition and thoroughly reviews a draft of the financial statements.

Updated Progress from Prior Year:

There is no change in this finding.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* or Minnesota statutes.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. The City changed accounting policies during 2018 related to accounting and financial reporting for other postemployment benefits (GASB 75). We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period, except for the prior period adjustment described in Note 11.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the City were capital asset basis, depreciation, allowance for doubtful accounts, other postemployment benefits and the liability for the City's pensions.

- Management's estimate of capital asset basis is based on estimated historical cost of the capital assets and depreciation is based on the estimated useful lives of capital assets.
- Allowance for doubtful accounts is based on estimated uncollectible accounts.
- Other postemployment benefits are based on an actuarial calculation.
- Management's estimate of its pension liability is based on several factors including, but not limited to, anticipated investment return rate, retirement age for active employees, life expectancy, salary increases and form of annuity payment upon retirement.

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these accounting estimates in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

We also assisted in preparing a number of year end accounting entries. These were necessary to adjust the City's records at year end to correct ending balances. The City should establish more detailed processes and procedures to reduce the total number of entries in each category. The City will receive better and timelier information if the preparation of year end entries is completed internally.



Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated June 17, 2019.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI) (Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedules of Employer's Share of the Net Pension Liability, the Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios, the Schedules of Employer's Contributions and the Schedule of Changes in the City's OPEB Liability and Related Ratios), which is information that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the supplementary information (combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules), which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

We were not engaged to report on the introductory section, which accompany the financial statements but is not RSI. We did not audit or perform other procedures on this other information and we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.



Future Accounting Standard Changes

The following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements have been issued and may have an impact on future City financial statements: ⁽¹⁾

GASB Statement No. 83 - Certain Asset Retirement Obligations

Summary

This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement.

This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This Statement requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. The determination of when the liability is incurred should be based on the occurrence of external laws, regulations, contracts, or court judgments, together with the occurrence of an internal event that obligates a government to perform asset retirement activities. Laws and regulations may require governments to take specific actions to retire certain tangible capital assets at the end of the useful lives of those capital assets, such as decommissioning nuclear reactors and dismantling and removing sewage treatment plants. Other obligations to retire tangible capital assets may arise from contracts or court judgments. Internal obligating events include the occurrence of contamination, placing into operation a tangible capital asset that is required to be retired, abandoning a tangible capital asset before it is placed into operation, or acquiring a tangible capital asset that has an existing ARO.

This Statement requires the measurement of an ARO to be based on the best estimate of the current value of outlays expected to be incurred. The best estimate should include probability weighting of all potential outcomes, when such information is available or can be obtained at reasonable cost. If probability weighting is not feasible at reasonable cost, the most likely amount should be used. This Statement requires that a deferred outflow of resources associated with an ARO be measured at the amount of the corresponding liability upon initial measurement.

This Statement requires the current value of a government's AROs to be adjusted for the effects of general inflation or deflation at least annually. In addition, it requires a government to evaluate all relevant factors at least annually to determine whether the effects of one or more of the factors are expected to significantly change the estimated asset retirement outlays. A government should remeasure an ARO only when the result of the evaluation indicates there is a significant change in the estimated outlays. The deferred outflows of resources should be reduced and recognized as outflows of resources (for example, as an expense) in a systematic and rational manner over the estimated useful life of the tangible capital asset.

A government may have a minority share (less than 50 percent) of ownership interest in a jointly owned tangible capital asset in which a nongovernmental entity is the majority owner and reports its ARO in accordance with the guidance of another recognized accounting standards setter. Additionally, a government may have a minority share of ownership interest in a jointly owned tangible capital asset in which no joint owner has a majority ownership, and a nongovernmental joint owner that has operational responsibility for the jointly owned tangible capital asset reports the associated ARO in accordance with the guidance of another recognized accounting standards setter. In both situations, the government's minority share of an ARO should be reported using the measurement produced by the nongovernmental majority owner or the nongovernmental minority owner that has operational responsibility, without adjustment to conform to the liability measurement and recognition requirements of this Statement.

In some cases, governments are legally required to provide funding or other financial assurance for their performance of asset retirement activities. This Statement requires disclosure of how those funding and assurance requirements are being met by a government, as well as the amount of any assets restricted for payment of the government's AROs, if not separately displayed in the financial statements.

This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. If an ARO (or portions thereof) has been incurred by a government but is not yet recognized because it is not reasonably estimable, the government is required to disclose that fact and the reasons therefor. This Statement requires similar disclosures for a government's minority shares of AROs.



Future Accounting Standard Changes (Continued)

Effective Date

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged.

How the Changes in This Statement Will Improve Financial Reporting

This Statement will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by establishing uniform criteria for governments to recognize and measure certain AROs, including obligations that may not have been previously reported. This Statement also will enhance the decision-usefulness of the information provided to financial statement users by requiring disclosures related to those AROs.

GASB Statement No. 84 - Fiduciary Activities

Summary

The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported.

This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities.

An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. An exception to that requirement is provided for a business-type activity that normally expects to hold custodial assets for three months or less.

This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria.

A fiduciary component unit, when reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements of a primary government, should combine its information with its component units that are fiduciary component units and aggregate that combined information with the primary government's fiduciary funds.

This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Events that compel a government to disburse fiduciary resources occur when a demand for the resources has been made or when no further action, approval, or condition is required to be taken or met by the beneficiary to release the assets.

Effective Date

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged.

How the Changes in This Statement Will Improve Financial Reporting

The requirements of this Statement will enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Greater consistency and comparability enhances the value provided by the information reported in financial statements for assessing government accountability and stewardship.



Future Accounting Standard Changes (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 87 - Leases

Summary

The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

Effective Date and Transition

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged.

Leases should be recognized and measured using the facts and circumstances that exist at the beginning of the period of implementation (or, if applied to earlier periods, the beginning of the earliest period restated). However, lessors should not restate the assets underlying their existing sales-type or direct financing leases. Any residual assets for those leases become the carrying values of the underlying assets.

How the Changes in This Statement Will Improve Accounting and Financial Reporting

This Statement will increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring reporting of certain lease liabilities that currently are not reported. It will enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring lessees and lessors to report leases under a single model. This Statement also will enhance the decision-usefulness of the information provided to financial statement users by requiring notes to financial statements related to the timing, significance, and purpose of a government's leasing arrangements.

GASB Statement No. 88 - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

Summary

The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established.

This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

Effective Date and Transition

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged.



Future Accounting Standard Changes (Continued)

How the Changes in This Statement Will Improve Accounting and Financial Reporting

The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information that currently is not consistently provided. In addition, information about resources to liquidate debt and the risks associated with changes in terms associated with debt will be disclosed. As a result, users will have better information to understand the effects of debt on a government's future resource flows.

GASB Statement No. 89 - Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period

Summary

The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period.

This Statement establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5–22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this Statement. This Statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund.

This Statement also reiterates that in financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure on a basis consistent with governmental fund accounting principles.

Effective Date and Transition

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged. The requirements of this Statement should be applied prospectively.

How the Changes in This Statement Will Improve Accounting and Financial Reporting

The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with more relevant information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. The resulting information also will enhance the comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period for both governmental activities and business-type activities.

GASB Statement No. 90 - Majority Equity Interests

Summary

The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method, unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund, or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value.

For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit, and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. This Statement establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and, results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit.



Future Accounting Standard Changes (Continued)

This Statement also requires that a component unit in which a government has a 100 percent equity interest account for its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at acquisition value at the date the government acquired a 100 percent equity interest in the component unit. Transactions presented in flows statements of the component unit in that circumstance should include only transactions that occurred subsequent to the acquisition.

Effective Date and Transition

The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged. The requirements should be applied retroactively, except for the provisions related to (1) reporting a majority equity interest in a component unit and (2) reporting a component unit if the government acquires a 100 percent equity interest. Those provisions should be applied on a prospective basis.

How the Changes in This Statement Will Improve Accounting and Financial Reporting

The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information related to presentation of majority equity interests in legally separate organizations that previously was reported inconsistently. In addition, requiring reporting of information about component units if the government acquires a 100 percent equity interest provides information about the cost of services to be provided by the component unit in relation to the consideration provided to acquire the component unit.

⁽¹⁾ *Note*. From GASB Pronouncements Summaries. Copyright 2018 by the Financial Accounting Foundation, 401 Merritt 7, Norwalk, CT 06856, USA, and is reproduced with permission.

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This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the City Council, others within the City, and the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

The comments and recommendations in this report are purely constructive in nature, and should be read in this context. Our audit would not necessarily disclose all weaknesses in the system because it was based on selected tests of the accounting records and related data.

If you have any questions or wish to discuss any of the items contained in this letter, please feel free to contact us at your convenience. We wish to thank you for the continued opportunity to be of service, and for the courtesy and cooperation extended to us by your staff.

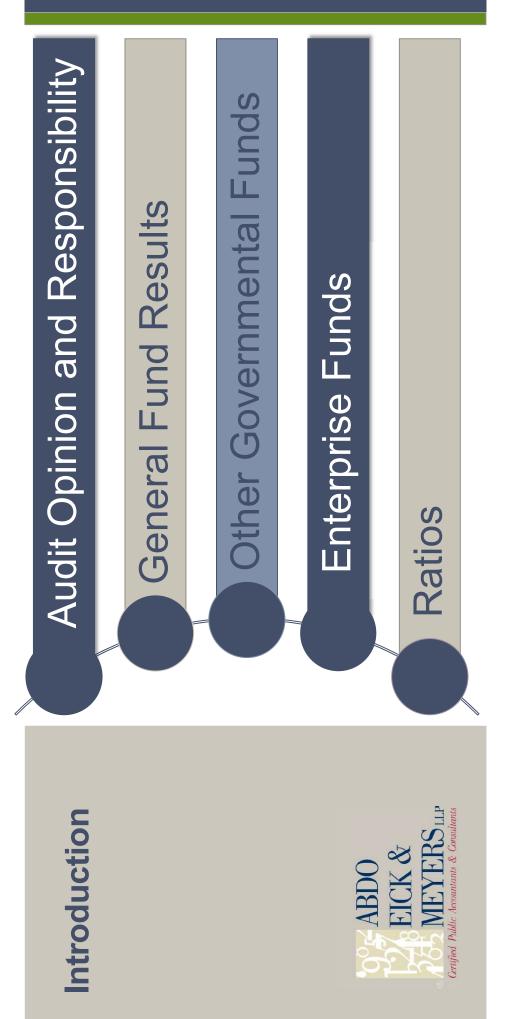
Undo Eich & Mayro, LLP

ABDO, EICK & MEYERS, LLP Mankato, Minnesota June 17, 2019



City of Marshall 2018 Financial Statement Audit

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants



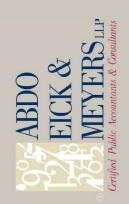


Audit Results

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Audit Results

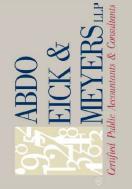
2018 Audit Findings



Preparation of Financial Statements

Internal Control Finding

Results from Prior Year



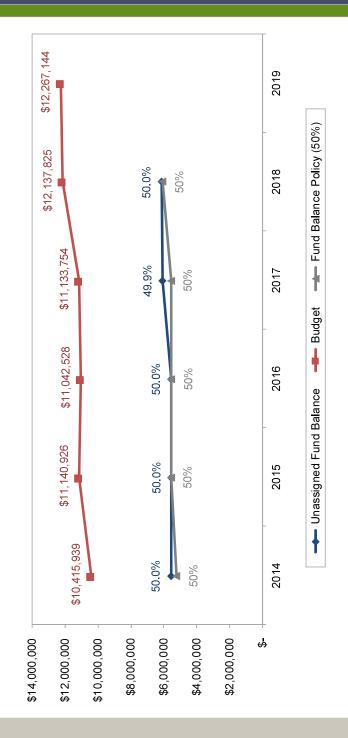
Prior Year Finding

Material Audit and Accounting Adjustments

Update: During our 2018 audit, no material adjustments were needed to be made.

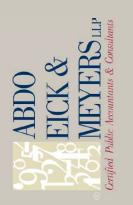
General Fund -Fund Balances





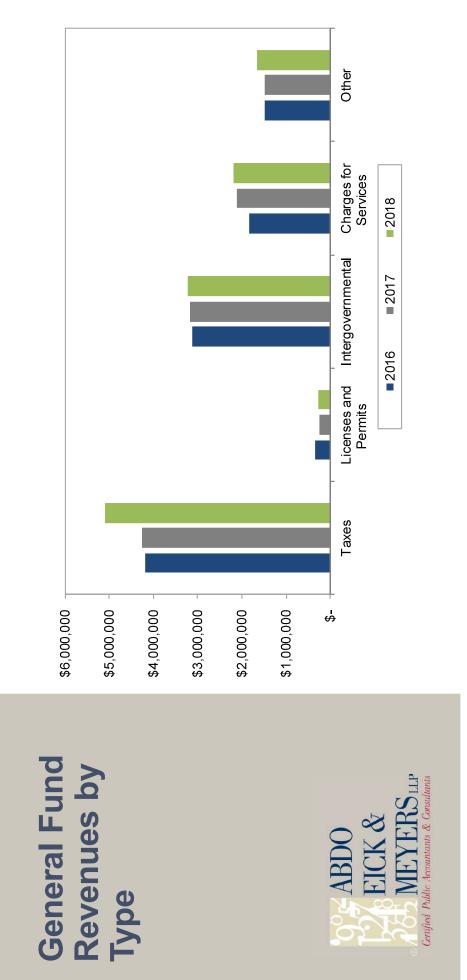
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General Fund Budget to Actual

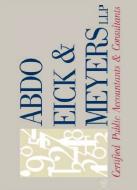


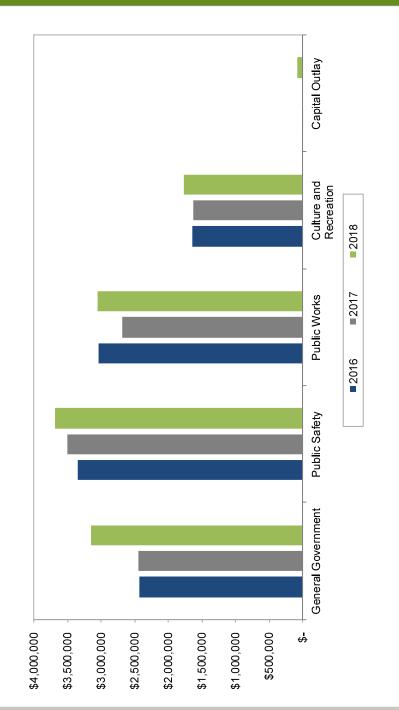
Revenues Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers i	Balances, December 31	Balances, December 31	l Balances, January 1	Change in Fund Balances	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	r Financing Sources (Uses) le of capital assets	cess of Revenues Over Expenditures	nues enditures	
---	-----------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	-------------------------	--------------------------------------	--	------------------------------------	-------------------	--

Variance with Final Budget	\$ 366,965 (39,653)	327,312	(24,840) - (24,840)	302,472	'	\$ 302,472
Actual Amounts	12,102,675 12,202,478	(99,803)	5,160 327,105 332,265	232,462	7,396,711	7,629,173
Ac	\$ 12, 12,				7,	\$ 7,
Final Budgeted Amounts	11,735,710 12,162,825	(427,115)	30,000 327,105 357,105	(70,010)	7,396,711	7,326,701
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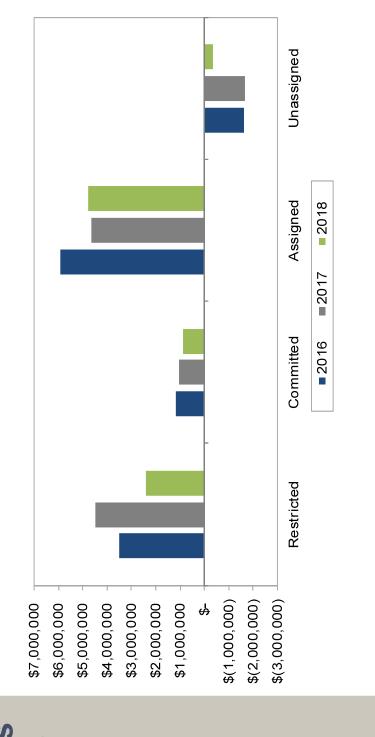


	Fund Balances	lances	000000
Fund	2018	2017	(Decrease)
2017 Public Improvements	\$ 292,344	\$ 1,323,654	\$ (1,031,310)
al State Aid	513,062	527,083	(14,021)
Industrial Park	1,529,206	1,528,200	1,006
mprovement Fund	772,823	743,297	29,526
SMASC Ball Parks	(368,682)	(1,261,126)	892,444
ark Improvements	164,924	66,088	98,836
Saratoga/Highway 23	615,399	642,924	(27,525)
blic Improvements		201,181	(201, 181)
provements		67,791	(67,791)
blic Improvements	I	222, 193	(222, 193)
erit Center	1	984,103	(984,103)
2013 Amateur Sports Center	2,063,412	2,269,505	(206,093)
blic Improvements	ı	(96,592)	96,592
blic Improvements	1	(94,068)	94,068
nd Star Street Project	ı	18,786	(18,786)
blic Improvements	1	(38,669)	38,669
l Building	713,610	I	713,610
Public Improvement Revolving	1,179,542	495,964	683,578
2007 Public Improvements	1	(94,017)	94,017
iblic Improvements	I	(90,488)	90,488
2010 Public Improvements		1,106,803	(1,106,803)
	¢ 7 775 640	¢ 8 507 610	\$ /1 046 070)
	Å /,4/5,640	\$ 8,522,012	\$ (1,040,972)

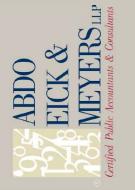
Capital Projects Fund Balances

Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

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Capital Projects Fund Balances



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Spec	Reve	Fund

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alances ber 31, 2017	- 04	\$ 4,816,902	1,478,315		18,259	21,486	I	112,463	67,328	I	60,707	2,033,094	16,539	φ δ,020,093
Fund Balances December 31, 2018	0	\$ 5,153,917	1,496,083		18,259	15,053	539,290	124,523	79,601	47,737	61,565	2,002,316		a 9, 538, 344
Tur L	Maior	Tax Increment Financing	Sales/Lodging Tax	Nonmajor	Marshall Celebrations	Small Cities Development Program	2018 Small Cities Development Program	Program Income SCDP - Local	Community Education Drivers Training	ASC Arena	Emergency Response and Industrial Training Center	Endowment - Avera / WMMC	Park and Recreation Donations	 lotal

(6,433) 539,290 12,060 12,273 47,737 858 (30,778) (16,539)

913,251

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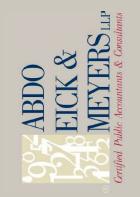
337,015 17,768

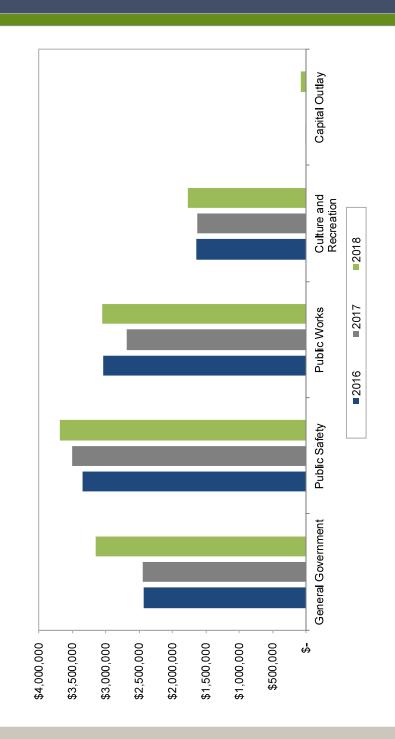
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Increase (Decrease)

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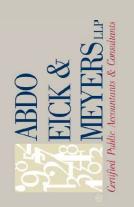




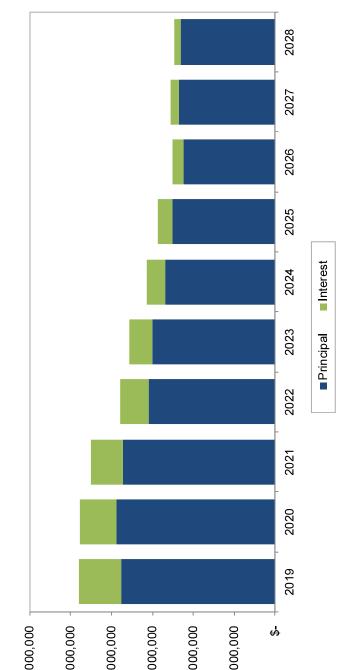


Debt Description	Total Cash and Investments	Total Assets	Outstanding Debt	Maturity Date
General Obligation Bonds				
G.O. Equipment Certificates of 2013A	\$ • \$	•	\$ 495,000	02/01/23
G.O. Bonds of 2015A	130,833	136,027	1,510,000	02/01/31
G.O. Bonds of 2016B		'	570,000	02/01/25
G.O. Bonds of 2017A		'	170,000	02/01/23
G.O. Tax Increment Bonds				
G.O. Tax Increment Bonds of 2011A	677,879	704,827	830,000	02/01/23
G.O. Tax Increment Bonds of 2017B	•	'	2,930,000	02/01/33
G.O. Tax Abatement Bonds				
G.O. Tax Abatement Bonds of 2016C	118,146	123,223	2,695,000	02/01/37
G.O. Special Assessment Bonds				
G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2008B	247,065	563,408	175,000	02/01/19
G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2010B	1,244,654	1,792,038	920,000	02/01/21
G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2011B	144,625	214,946	835,000	02/01/27
G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2012A	639,011	1,315,165	1,240,000	02/01/28
G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2013A	698,047	1,124,681	1,855,000	02/01/25
G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2014C	125,820	413,426	1,390,000	02/01/26
G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2014B	14,795	14,795	12,020,000	02/01/28
G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2015B	88,206	471,672	665,000	02/01/24
G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2016B	526,439	961,556	1,310,000	02/01/25
G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2017A	147,756	150,276	1,035,000	02/01/28
G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2017B	535,982	537,149	360,000	02/01/28
G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2018B	471,433	789,538	2,328,608	
Total All Deht Service Funds	ዱ 5,810,691 ይ	9 312 727	\$ 33 333 608	
Future Interest on Debt			\$ 5,838,324	

Debt Service Funds

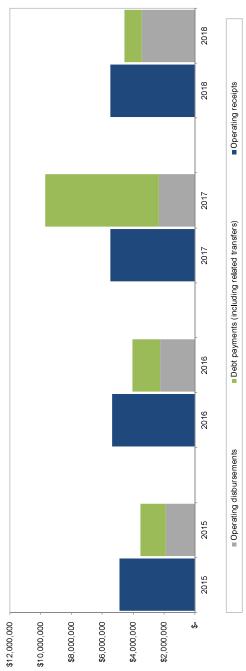


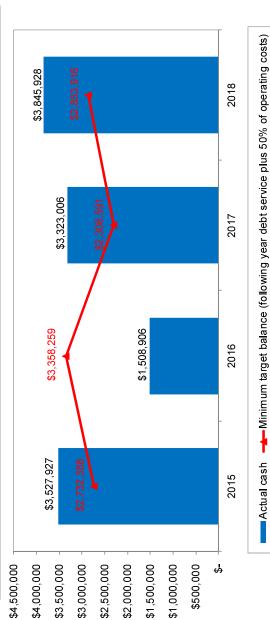




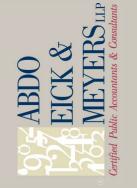


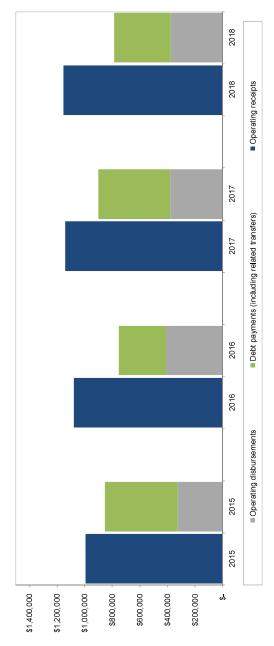


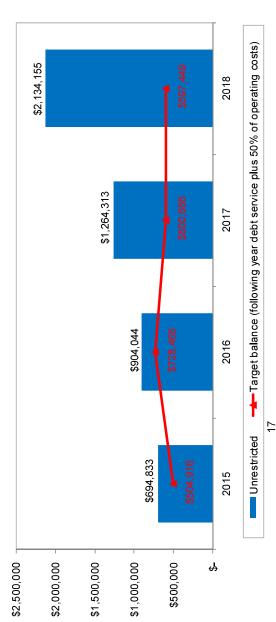


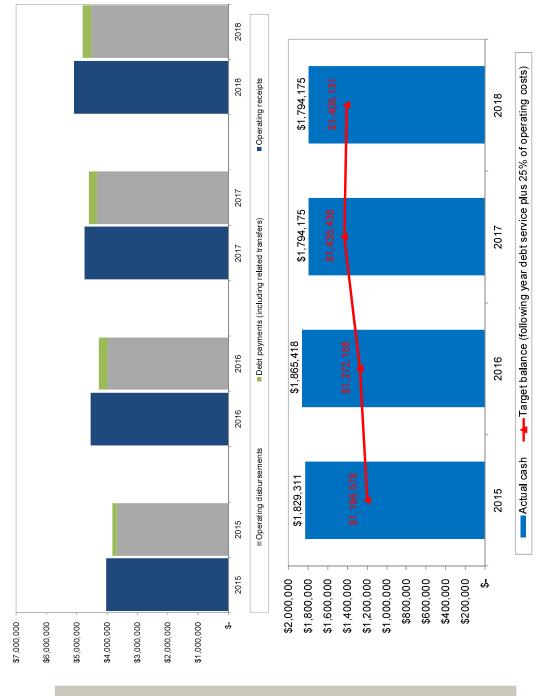


Surface Water Fund -Cash Flows from Operations and Cash Balances

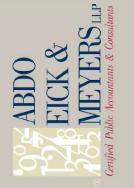


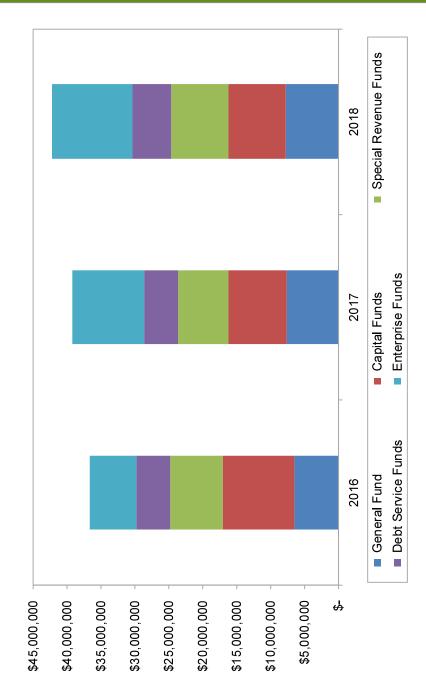




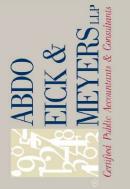


Liquor Fund -Cash Flows from Operations and Cash Balances

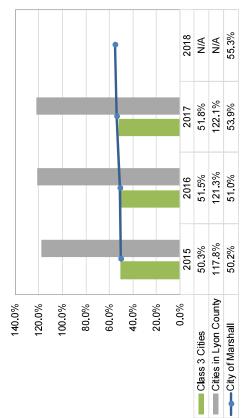




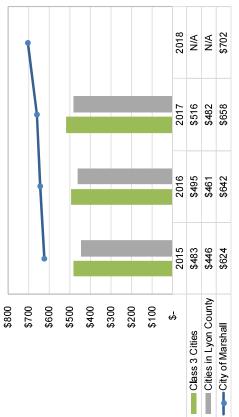
Cash and Investments Balances by Fund Type



Tax Rates

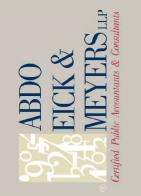


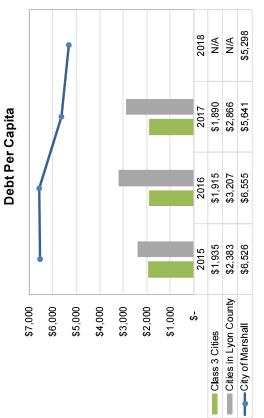
Taxes Per Capita



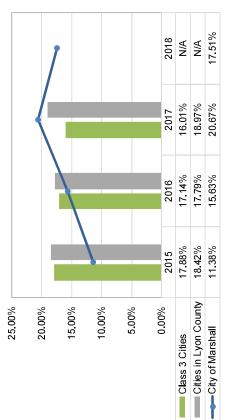


Key Ratios



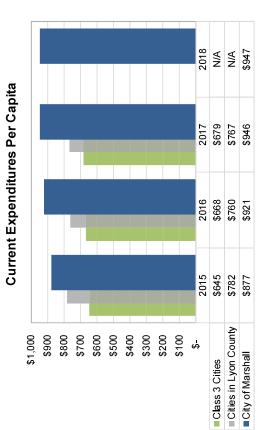




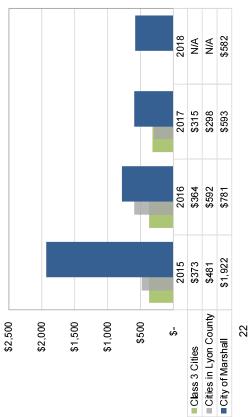


Key Ratios

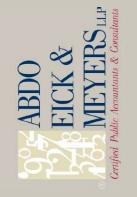
ERS Certified Public Accountants & Consultants CK& ABDO

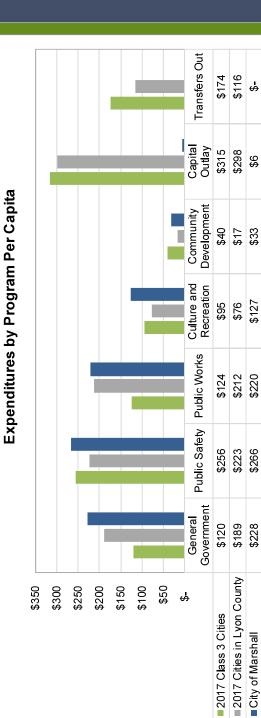




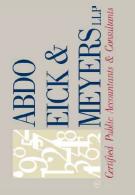


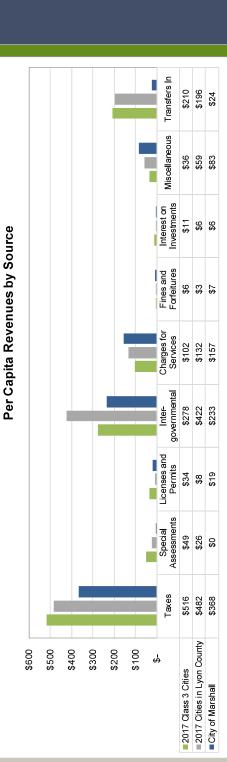






Key Ratios







Questions?

Audit Team Kyle Meyers Tom Olinger Erin Enstad Chad Hess Cliff Crimmins Zach Valentin Hunter/Lindsay